

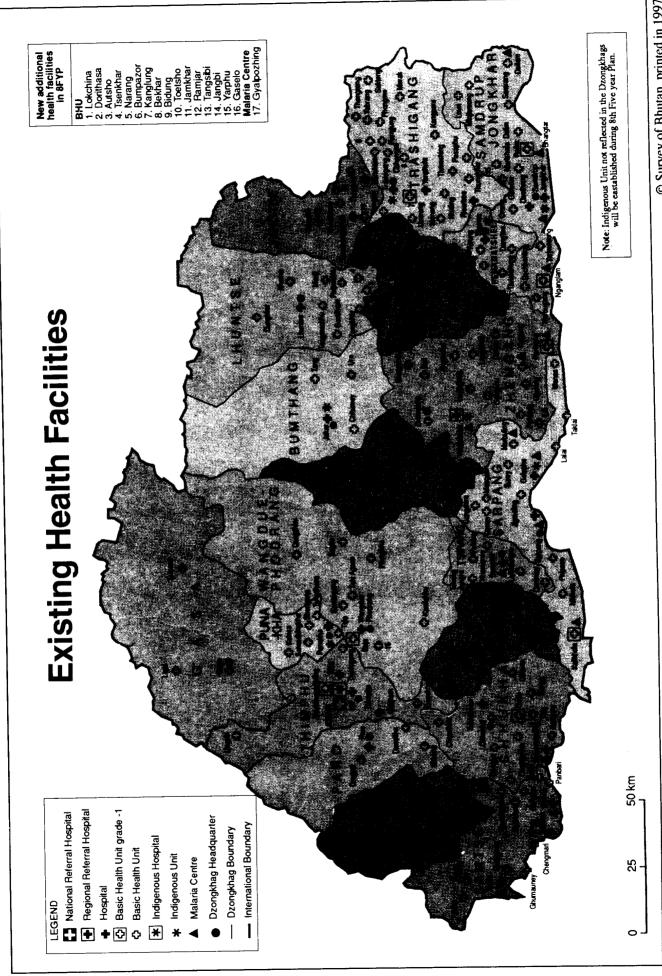
# ANNUAL HEALTH BULLETIN 2001



DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH SERVICES
MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND EDUCATION
THIMPU: BHUTAN

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Thimphu



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Section - A

General Information

#### **Foreword**

The Annual Health Bulletin was published in 1986 for the first time and since then it has become an annual feature of information dissemination on health services delivered through various programmes and projects. This report mainly contains health data collected through routine reporting system including some survey results and research works carried out from time to time.

While the focus of this report is mainly to serve as feedback for health workers at all levels of health services in particular, there has been increasing interest shown by other sectors as a single most important information and data source on the overall impact of socio-economic development in general. This report, though not free from various limitations in terms of data quality, coverage and the contents as a whole, is intended to provide useful information to a wide range of societies at different levels and facilitate those who are interested in health related research projects.

The Health Information Unit (HIU), mainly responsible for bringing out this report, has been undergoing major changes with intensive efforts of enhancing the system to make it an efficient management tool for health services through optimum use of data/information gathered at different levels with the ultimate aim of meeting the crucial need for an effective tool for planning purposes. Thus, the Health Management Information System (HMIS), in its wider perspective, encompasses the gigantic task of help managing health system based on evidence. The HIU is still striving to fulfill this pivotal role as a central resource for not only the health information but also to take care of the whole gamut of almost all aspect of socioeconomic indicators in the country despite its various difficulties and challenges.

It is through this booklet that we would like to caution all concerned that the information furnished in this bulletin is purely based on the data compiled by health facilities and does not cover the whole population of Bhutan. Therefore, it can not be taken to conform to a real and true country situation.

Looking back at the progress made in the past one year, major improvement and significant developments have been visible. The year 2001 was the last year of the 8FYP and presented an opportunity to review our progress & achievements and problems faced. The year has been particularly important for Health Department as the *global year for Mental Health*. In line with this thome, various activities have been initiated, among others, training of peripheral health workers besides advocacy and awareness creation. Consultative meetings were held involving community participation and exploration of traditional approaches to mental health problems.

In view of the constant problem of morbidity and mortality due to communicable diseases and the increasing risk of non-communicable diseases, the Department has undertaken number of activities. Various studies and surveys such as, Mental Health Survey, IEC impact study, alcohol and tobacco survey, Anaemia survey, EPI review, STD/Aids review, maternal health investigation, conducted pregnancy safer and infection control and hospital waste management studies. Other important initiatives were the preparation of the Breast Feeding policy and a Medical Health Council Act. An appropriate HIV surveillance system has been put in place. As usual, sero- surveillance and behavioral surveillance on ad-hoc basis were carried out as and when required to curb further spread of the disease. Multisectoral Task

Force for Health has been established in all the districts.

As we step into the 9<sup>th</sup> Five Year Plan, with its unique characteristic of geogbased planning & development, we foresee even greater achievement in reaching the health services to the grass roots level. Therefore, time has come for us to be well prepared to support this. Nevertheless, I am sure that with the wide-ranging experience gained so far and the sincere & dedicated support of all health workers from the field, we have no doubt that our wish would be fulfilled towards the goals and objectives set before us.

I, on behalf of this Ministry and my own behalf, would like to extend our sincere gratitude and appreciation to all collaborating agencies for their continuous support to Health. Further, we would like to appreciate our health workers placed throughout the length and breadth of the country for their tireless efforts in implementing health programmes successfully. It is our collective effort that progress & achievements are made. The same united spirit and cooperation is important to take us further forward and face the challenges ahead.

Secretary
Ministry of Health and Education

#### Introduction

The socio-economic development in Bhutan started by launching of the First Five Year Plan during the reign of the third monarch in 1961. Ever since, modern health care delivery system has also been gradually expanded throughout Bhutan. The health infrastructure has improved both in number and quality through successive Five Year Plans and by now a well-established infrastructure and service delivery network is in place.

The Department of Health Services under the Ministry of Health & Education has seen tremendous progress in the past 4 decades. It has also undergone rapid changes both in terms of organisation structure and the health services delivery system, making the overall health system an effective and efficient social sector in the development efforts of the country. The District health system in the primary level of health plays an important role in implementing the Department plans directly and this will further be integrated into a decentralised system extending further down from district to block level planning and implementation. This implies that the DMO/DHSO is solely responsible for the overall guidance, planning, implementation, monitoring and supervision of all health activities at local level. The decentralisation of health system, having gained enough experience in the integrated system of health services, is expected to be most effective in the implementation of 9FYP.

The national policy of health services is Primary Health Care (PHC) system approach whereby an integrated health delivery system is pursued ever since Bhutan became signatory to the Alma Ata Declaration for HFA strategy in 1978. All elements of Health Services are now delivered through 163 Basic Health Units spread all over the country. More than 445 Out Reach Clinics (ORCs) run by staff of the BHUs and Hospitals as routine service delivery outlets provide easy access to the prevailing PHC in the communities even to the most difficult areas. This network system is further facilitated by over one thousand Village Health Workers (VHWs) trained so far in the preventive aspects of health services. VHWs are constantly devoted to the spreading of Health messages to the community, treating simple illnesses and conducting out reach clinics.

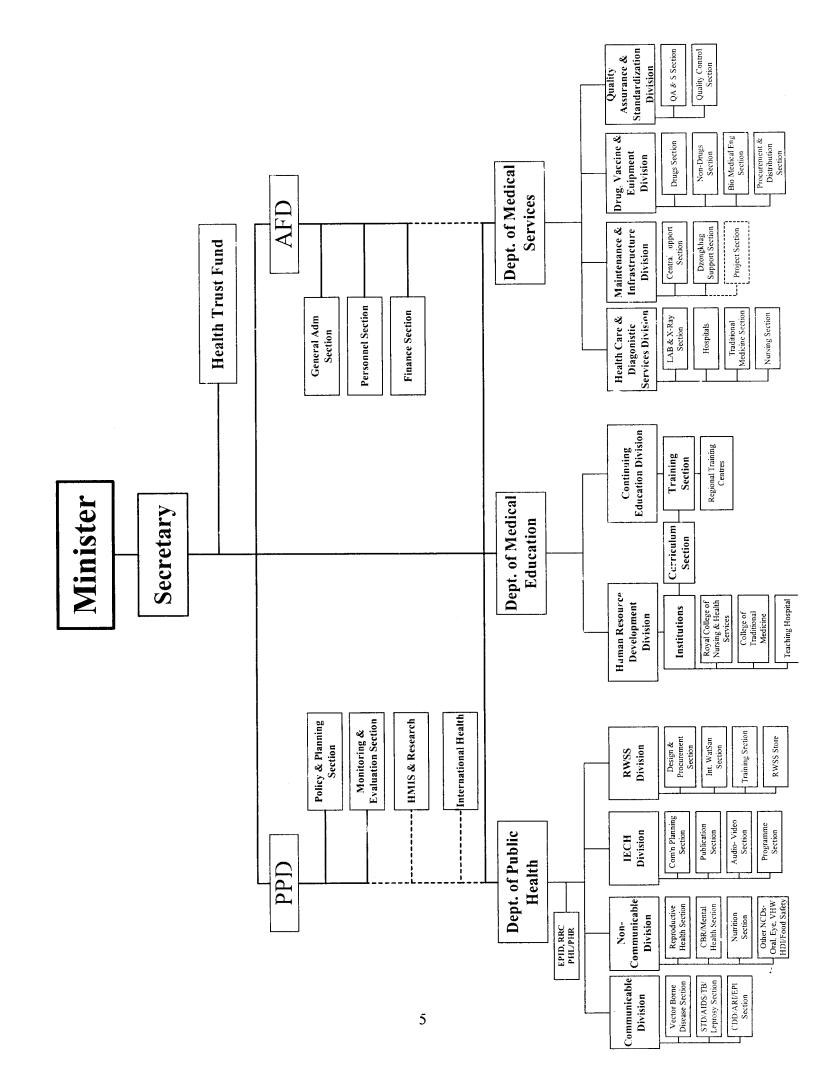
One National Referral Hospital located at Thimphu, two Regional Referral Hospitals and 26 other District or regional level hospitals provide modern Medical care as well as referral services for the PHC network. Indigenous method of medical care is provided through 1 hospital in the capital and 19 other Indigenous Units attached to the district hospitals. The indigenous system, however, does not cater for in-patients i.e., these units deal mostly with OPD cases only. Efforts are also being made to enforce Health Education through simple practice of personal hygiene even in religious institutions. In fact, there is already a representative from the Central Monk body who is solely responsible for coordination of health activities between religion and health as a partnership effort towards better health. Another extensive area of health services is the School Health Programme looked after by the IECH as a major role of disseminating health information for intervention, creating awareness and mass education for the community.

In spite of acute scarcity of human resource, Health Department manages with adequate manpower of different categories who are well trained in various fields such as, clinical, managerial and administrative fields both within and outside country. The Royal Institute of Health Sciences (RIHS) and the Institute of Traditional Medicine Services (ITMS) are the two main institutes where Nurses, Paramedical Workers, Technicians,

Dungtshos and sMenpas are trained. Although only pre-service training is imparted by these institutes, both on-the-job and refresher trainings as well as up-gradation courses have been given priority by the Department in recent years. The RIHS recently has been able to conduct even a BSc. Level Degree courses for Nurses in collaboration with the Australian Affiliation. Established in 1974, RIHS has been the nation's premier institute in the production of various categories of health manpower forming the backbone of the PHC system and bridge the gap between community and the modern Health Care facilities. The indigenous system is also committed to the production of required manpower, besides its efforts in the field of research on traditional medicine systems.

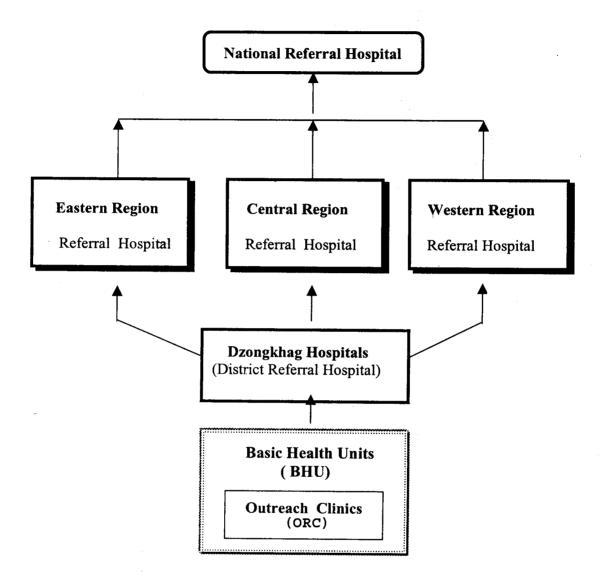
However, challenges are inevitable with regard to the numerous emerging diseases and risk for health being brought in as a result of changes in social and economic life of the general population. There are also already pressing issues on adolescent health that call for priority attention of the Government that need different policies for appropriate health interventions. Still there are other problem areas and issues that may have to be looked into carefully for a better future.

Director of Health Services

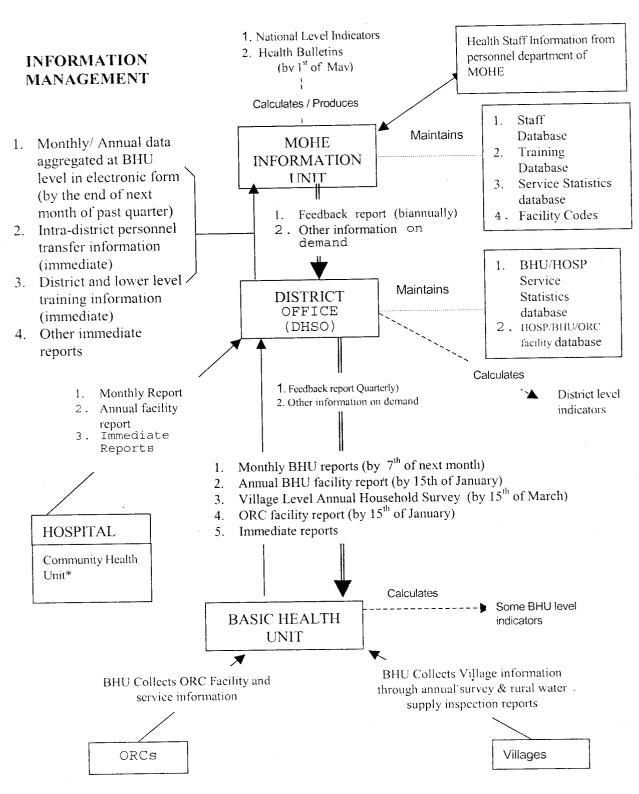


#### **MEDICAL STRUCTURE**

#### The Health Care Referral System



#### Flow of Information



**Note**: Some vertical programs (e.g. TB and Leprosy) reports are directly sent to respective program head quarters.

<sup>\*</sup> Community Health Unit (CHU)sends same information to DHSO as sent by BHUs. Morbidity data from CHU/ORCS managed by hospitals are added to the hospital OPD morbidity data."

Comparative Demographic indicators, 2001

Indicator		Rates	
	1984	1994	2000
Area (Sq. km)	46,500	46,500	46,500
Population	56,205	63,890	68847
Male	27,747	30,440	33489
Female	28,458	33,450	35358
Population under 15 years (%)*	NA	42.1	42.1
Life Expectancy at birth (years)	NA	66.1	66.1
Urban population (%)*	NA NA	21	66.1
Population density (%)*	NA NA	14.6	21
Sex ratio (Males per 100 females)	102.8	-	14
Dependency ratio		105.1	106.6
is opendency fatto	80.0	91.7	77.4
General Fertility Rate	169.6	172.7	142.7
Total Fertility Rate	NA	5.6	4.7
Crude Birth Rate (per 1000 population)	39.1	39.9	34.1
Crude Death Rate (per 1000 population)	13.4	9	8.6
Population Growth Rate	2.6	3.1	2.5
Infant Mortality Rate (per 1000 live births)	102.8	70.7	60.5
Under-5 Mortality Rate (per 1000 live borths)	162.4	96.9	84.0
Maternal mortality ratio (per 1000 live births)	7.7	3.8	2.6
Trained Birth attendance (%)	NA	10.9	23.6

Source: National Health/Demographic Surveys

<sup>\*</sup> Statistical Yearbook (2001), Central Statistical Organisation, Planning Commission, Thimphu

#### Health indicators 2001

#### A. Human Resource

Type of manpower	Indicator
Number of doctors	114
Doctors per 10,000 population	1.7
Ratio of doctors to hospital bed	1:9
No. of Drungtshos (Indigenous physicians)	31
No. of sMenpas (Indigenous compounders)	23
District Health Supervisory Officers (DHSO)	23
General Nurse Midwife/Staff Nurses (GNM)	255
Health Assistants (HA)	163
Auxiliary Nurse Midwife (ANM)	133
Basic Health Workers (BHW)	176
Assistant Nurses	181
Ratio of nurses to hospital bed	1:5
Nurses per 10,000 population	6.9
Lab. Technicians	75
Dental Technicians	38
X-Ray Technicians	21
Pharmacy Technicians	62
O.T. Technicians	14
Eye Technicians	19
Other Technicians	10
Compounders/Para medical workers	20
Malaria workers	59

#### B. Health Facilities

Type of facility	Indicator
Number of hospitals*	29
Number of Basic Health Units (BHUs)*	163
Indigenous hopsital	1
Indigenous Units	19
Training institutes (including NIFH, Gaylegphug)	3
Outreach Clinics (ORC)*	445
Total hospital beds	1023
Population per hospital bed	662
Hospital bed per 10,000 population	15

Note: \* Please see annexure.

## Section - B

## Annual Report on Health Programmes

## ROYAL INSTITUTE OF HEALTH SCIENCES Brief Report of the year 2001

#### Introduction

The Royal Institute of Health Sciences (RIHS) was established in January 1974 with UNICEF and WHO assistance as the Health School. It was upgraded as a Royal Institute of Health Sciences on 25<sup>th</sup> September 1989. The Institute is committed to train health human resources with adequate skills, motivation and competencies to provide comprehensive health care services to the people of Bhutan. The Institute also strives for the all round development of each student by forming in them habits of discipline, virtue, dedication and loyalty, and to make them useful citizens of the country.

It also provides continuing education for trained health personnel to ensure that the skills and quality of human resources keep pace with advancement in science and technology. This will enable the health workers to update their knowledge and skills to meet the demands of the changing health needs of the people.

#### Aims and Objectives

The main aims and objectives of the Institute is to prepare and develop human resource for health in different disciplines required by the Department of Health Services for providing comprehensive health care services to the people of Bhutan.

#### **Training Programme**

The current training program includes Diploma in General Nursing and Midwifery, Certificate in Health Sciences for Health Assistant and Auxiliary Nurse Midwife, and Certificate courses for Hospital Technicians. At any given point in time, there are more than 150 students. The Institute is also conducting Bachelor of Nursing conversion course for senior staff nurses in collaboration with LaTrobe University of Australia and Diploma in District Health Management and Supervision for senior Health Assistants and Auxiliary Nurse Midwives.

#### **Targets**

The Institute strives to produce required number of health workers in different discipline based on the human resource master plan for the health sector.

#### **Progress**

The following are the major activities carried out during the year.

- 1. A study on training need analysis and workload of health workers.
- 2. A KAP study on HIV/AIDS among students of Punakha High school
- 3. A study on micronutrients problem in Punakha Dzongkhag.
- 4. Enhanced GNM entry qualification to class 12 pass
- 5. Taking over and shifting of the trainees to new hostel complex
- 6. 92 trainees of different categories graduated and 72 more were recruited.
- 7. Introduction of weekly staff seminars
- 8. Staffing pattern approved by the RCSC
- 9. Published manual on Epidemiology for health workers

- 10. Published and circulated the 6 monthly issue of "The MIRROR
- 11. Strengthened the computer lab. with addition of 10 more computers.
- 12. Received teaching models from Japan Government

#### Future plans

To conduct study on Training Need Assessment of training of Assistant clinical Officers

- 1. To conduct study on Training Need Analysis of health workers
- 2. To conduct second batch Bachelor of Nursing conversion
- 3. To conduct in-service and up-gradation courses
- 4. To focus on strengthening and improving the quality of training programmes.
- 5. To up-grade to a full-fledged degree college during 9<sup>th</sup> Plan

Table showing enrolment status of trainees by category of profession

Coto	TRAINEES	STATUS (	of 2001	Graduated	
Category	Recruited	Current	Total	in 2001	
General Nurse Midwife	10	18	28	14	
Health Assistant	15	13	28	13	
Auxiliary Nurse Midwife	15	17	32	15	
Technicians:	0	0	0	0	
Laboratory	10	6	16	7	
X-ray	4	. 4	. 8	2	
Pharmacy	4	3	7	6	
Dental	4	3	7	3	
Eye	4	3	7	2	
Physiotherapy	4	3	7	3	
Operation Theatre	3	3	6	5	
Basic Health Workers	0	0	0	11	
Assistant Nurses	0	0	0	11	
	73	73	146	92	

#### **Problems**

No major problems were faced in executing the training programmes during the year. However, there is need to recruit and appoint requisite and appropriate teaching staff in view of the enhanced GNM entry qualification and introduction of B.Sc. Nursing programme.

#### Conclusion

The RIHS takes great pride in being able to contribute significantly towards the overall development of health services by producing requisite numbers of health workers, nurses and technicians for the health care delivery systems in the country. We will sustain our efforts in producing more qualified and better skilled professional according to human resource master plan for health. We also thank all the stakeholders for their continued support, guidance and cooperation in the development of Institute.

#### TRADITIONAL MEDICINE SERVICES

The Traditional Medicine Services (TMS) have three main functions - medical services for out patients; collection and manufacturing of indigenous medicines and research; and training of Physicians and Compounders (Drungtshos & sMenpas) as a continuous process. As of now, there are 19 district-level Indigenous Units attached to the district hospitals each run by a Drungtsho and sMenpa. The medicine services function parallel to the general hospital services. In total there are 31 Physicians and 23 Compounders. Service coverage has been presented below.

The institute trains and certifies Drungtshos after a 5 years training in traditional medical sciences whereas, for sMenpas (compounders) the duration is for 3 years. This is equally applicable to other categories of technicians such as, Pharmacy Technician, etc. Training is conducted strictly according to the revised programme of the training curriculum.

OPD treated by Indigenous Hospital & Units in 2001

Hospital/Unit	Number of out-	Man	Manpower		
	patients treated	Drungtsho	sMenpa		
1. Indigenous Hospital	98018	13	8		
Indigenous Units :					
1. Trashigang	4584	1	1		
2. Trongsa	2053	1	1		
3. Bumthang	6752	1	1		
4 Punakha	3542	1	1		
5. Haa	6986	1	1		
6. Mongar	3358	1	2		
7. Gaylegphug	2921	1	1		
8. Samdrub Jongakhar	4194	1	1		
9. Pemagatshel	2881	1	1		
10. Yebilabtsa	2008	1	1		
11. Paro	10212	1	0		
12. Trashiyangtse	1518	1	0		
13. Lhuntse	3353	1	0		
14. Dagana	1188	0	1		
15. Tsirang	1383	1	1		
16. Samtse	3415	1	1		
17. Wangdi Phodrang	. 3669	1	0		
18. Chhukha	•	1	1		
19. Gasa	262	1	0		
Total :	96569	31	23		

During 2001, 8 Drungtshos have undergone 3 weeks tour to identify and study the herbal medicinal plants in the country. A team of 5 Drungtsho trainees were also sent for an orientation study tour to 3 Dzongkhags for 10 days. A total of 6 sMenpas have successfully completed and joined their regular service in traditional medical profession.

#### REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH AND POPULATION

#### latroduction

Over the ages the Reproductive Health activities in Bhutan has made satisfactory progress in all aspects. This is indicated by the improvement in the major programme indicators. In the field of Maternal health, Maternal Mortality ratio (MMR) has been brought down from 7.7/1000 live birth (1984) to 2.55 death / 1000 live birth (2000) in the span of less than 2 (two) decades. Antenatal attendance and trained deliveries are similarly improving. Maternal death investigation has been introduced through out the country since June 2001.

Above 90% infant immunisation is maintained throughout the last decade. Regular growth monitoring is being expanded to include all children under 5 years of age. In the family planning side the contraceptive prevalence rate (CPR) has increased from 18.8 (1994) to more than 30% (2000) within a span of 5 years. Contraceptive usage rate shows a uniform distribution of all methods throughout the country. IUD insertion facilities are being expanded to almost 90% of Health facilities by training of health workers in IUD insertion and supplying IUD insertion kits.

Uniform Cervical Cancer screening prevention programme is expanded to Paro dzongkhag. Advocacy and IEC addressing adolescent Reproductive Health issues are being introduced through different methods and media.

#### The immediate objectives for the year 2000 were as follows.

- 1. To increase access to Reproductive Health Services.
- 2. To procure and supply adequate equipment/ instruments and contraceptives.
- 3. To improve skill and knowledge of Health workers.
- 4. To generate communities support to the programme and increase knowledge about Reproductive Health.
- 5. Conduct field studies and research on issue related to reproductive Health.
- 6. To improve supervision and monitoring at all level.

#### ACHIEVEMENTS AND CURRENT STATUS OF PROGRAMME ACTIVITIES.

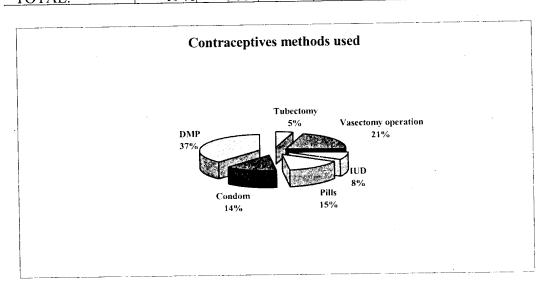
#### FAMILY PLANNING:-

It is not possible to come to any definite inference regarding the trends and progress of the Family Planning activities as the report from Dzongkhágs are not uniform. The following are some of the observation

- New users of IUD shows a slight increase from 2601 in the year 2000 to 2796 in the year 2001.
- Current user in DMPA shows an increasing trend, while it has decreased in OCP from 7379 to 6216.

Table 1: Contraceptive use

District	то	VO	IUD	Pills_	Condom	<b>DMPA</b>	Total
Bumthang	22	197	103	83	39	409	853
Chhukha	547	1442	653	1205	1081	1961	6889
Daga	13	282	26	680	640	673	2314
Gasa	0	0	0	92	51	234	1
Наа	30	64	8	183	150		
Lhuntse	23	309	96	106	71	560	
Mongar	31	430	180	292	328	Į.	1
Paro	110	249	186	664	521	1	1
Pemagatshel	4	291	52	29	162		
Punakha	171	331	61	108	94		
S'Jongkhar	116	1285	127	260	338	1	1
Samtse	239	1883	122	308	379	i	1
Sarpang	282	1022	402	509	239	852	1
Thimphu	133	305	5 124	413	220	i	1
Trashigang	4	330	6	9 170	485	1450	1
Trashiyangtse	13	3 44:	5 25	9 2	8 23:	l.	
Trongsa	80	170	0 7	0 62	2 82	2 340	
Tsirang	4.	4 10	0 4	1 21	0 130	0 350	Į.
W'Phodrang		6 15	1 3	9 33	9 44	8 57	1
Zhemgang	6	6 35	6 22	5 22	0 12	5 78	
TOTAL:	194	1 988	4 288	1 612	6 601	6 1474	0 41586



#### **Maternal Care services**

#### 1. Antenatal Care:-

Slight increase was observed in Antenatal registration (new cases), however, average no of visit / women remains almost static (2.4 visits). In some Dzongkhags only about 90% of the registered women are coming back for a second visits.

#### **Antenatal Attendance**

Table II

		Antenatal cases	
District	New	Old	Average time attended/woman
1. Bumthang	225	756	3.36
2. Chhukha	1813	5270	2.91
3. Daga	293	256	0.87
4. Garsa	26	55	2.12
-5. Haa	127	168	1.32
6. Lhuntse	346	509	1.47
7. Mongar	856	1082	1.26
8. Paro	734	1708	2.33
9. Pemagatshel	271	261	0.96
10. Punakha	518	1144	2.21
11. S'Jongkhar	889	1847	2.08
12. Samtse	1175	3257	2.77
13. Sarpang	942	2426	2.58
14. Thimphu	2423	8970	3.70
15. Trashigang	867	1522	1.76
16. T'Yangtse	338	480	1.42
17. Trongsar	301	554	1.84
18. Tsirang	318	697	2.19
19. W'Phodrang	959	1402	1.46
20. Zhemgang	489	1077	2.20
Total :	13910	33441	2.40

The report shows that 60.5% of women have attended antenatal clinic at least once during their pregnancy.

#### **Postnatal Attendance**

Though no remarkable increase has been observed in new registration but the new repeat visits are encouraging. A proportion of 117% of the women are visiting PNC 2 times or more during postnatal period.

#### **Postnatal Attendance**

Table III

Sl.No	Dzongkhag	Clinic Atte	ndance
		New	Old
1	Bumthang	300	256
2	Chhuka	1212	1796
3	Dagana	351	248
4	Gasa	4	5
5	Наа	168	13
6	Lhuntse	357	370
7	Mongar	888	2744
8	Pemagatshel	324	284
9	Punakha	395	314
10	Paro	356	547
11	Samdrub Jongkhar	791	855
12	Sarpang	667	310
13	Samtse	821	818
14	Tashigang	668	301
15	Thimphu	802	353
16	Tsirang	148	135
17	Trongsa	258	332
18	Tashiyangtse	255	236
29	Wangdi Phodrang	698	1413
20	Zhemgang	396	188
	TOTAL	9832*	11536

\* 42.7% of total deliveries

#### Trained deliveries:-

There is substantial increase in trained birth attendance in the year 2001(4257 in the year 2000). Among the attended deliveries 92.94% were normal deliveries and 1.5% had still births.

S.No	Dzongkhag		Clinic At	tendance	
		Normal Deliveries	Still Birth	Referred in /out	Average time attended/ women
1	Bumthang	205	3	11	219
2	Chunka	632	14	82	728
3	Dagana	60	3	4	67
4	Gasa	21	1	0	22
5	Haa	58	0	0	58
6	Lhuntse	246	4	28	278
7	Mongar	700	7	13	720
8	Pemagatshel	298	3	0	30'
9	Punakha	255	8	23	286
10	Paro	243	6	38	287
11	S/Jongkhar	434	9	28	471
12	Sarpang	174	1	24	199
13	Samtse	420	8	30	458
14	Tashigang	556	7	21	584
15	Thimphu	346	1	11	358
16	Trongsa	37	0	0	37
17	Tsirang	234	6	13	253
18	Tashiyangtse	132	2	15	149
19	W/phodrang	655	0	12	667
20	Zhemgang	322	14	8	344
	TOTAL	6028 (92.94%)	97 (1.5%)	361	6486

Percentage of deliveries attended by trained health personnel = 28.2

#### Complication of mother:-

Aneamia (88.15%), Abortion (5.43%) and Hypertension (4.533%) are the commonest complication encountered during pergnancy. During, obstructed labour, breech deliveries are encountered frequently. Post partum haemorrage and Retained placenta are the commonest complication after delivery of the baby.

#### Complication of mother:-

Table V

Pregnancy		Labour/ Delivery			Post partum			
Complication	Total	%	Complication	Total	%	Complication	Total	%
Abortion	125	5.4%	Obstructed Labour	41	21.8%	P.P.H	49	28.3%
A.P.H	18	0.8%	Transverse lie	7	3.7%	Retained Placenta	81	46.8%
P.I.D	102	4.5%	Breech	52	27.7%	Pyrexia	10	5.8%
Aneamia	1983	88.2%	Ruptured Uterus	2	1.1%	P.P.H / retained placenta	22	12.7%
Hepatitis	1	0.1%	Hypertension	11	9.9%	others	11	6.4%
Malaria	6	0.3%	Prematurity	34	18.1%			
Others	17	0.8%	others	41	21.8%			
TOTAL	2249	100%		188	100%		173	100%

### Maternal Death Investigation:-

Maternal death Investigation was initiated through out the country from June 2001. Till December 2001 21 Maternal Death were reported by the Dzongkhags, of these 14 deaths were investigated (7 home deaths and 7 hospital deaths). Septicemia, Postpartum haemorrhage, severe Aneamia and prolonged labour are the commonest causes of Maternal death.

S.No.	AL DEATH REPORTED THE Dzongkhag	Maternal Deaths	Investigated Maternal Dealths			
		Reported	Home	Hospital	Total	
1	Bumthang	3	0	0	0	
2	Chukha	0	0	0	0	
3	Dagana	0	0	0	0	
4	Gasa	2	1	0	1	
5	Наа	0	0	0	0	
6	Lhuntse	1	0	0	0	
7	Monggar	1	0	0	0	
8	Pemagatshel	0	0	0	0	
9	Punakha	2	0	0	0	
10	Paro	1	1	0	1	
11	Samdrup jongkhar	3	0	0	0	
12	Sarpang	1	1	0	1	
13	Samtse	1	1	0	1	
14	Tashigang	2	0	0	0	
15	Thimphu	0	0	7	7	
16	Trongsa	0	0	0	0	
17	Tsirang	2	0	0	0	
18	Tashiyangtse	0	0	0	0	
19	Wangdiphodrang	1	0	0	0	
20	Zhemgang	1	3	0	3	
	TOTAL	21	7	7	14	

Maternal Mortality Ratio = 91.3 per 100,000 live births

#### Child Health Care:-

There is slight increase in total child clinic attendance. In an average a child under 1 year of age visits clinic approximately five (5) times. Clinic attendance of children more than one year of age also shows an increasing trend.

86% of the weighted children are normal in nutritional status, severe degre of malnutrition (Gr.III) encountered among the weighted children is 0.6%

Child Health Care (2001)

Table VII

	Health Care	-				1		<u>Table V</u>	11			
SI.	Dzongkhag	Child A	lttendand	:e		Nutrition	nal Statu:	d Status				
No.		Infant		Chile 1-5		Normal	Malnutrition					
		New	Old	Ne w	Old		Gr.I	Gr.II	Gr.III	Total		
1	Bumthang	300	2248	0	1276	286	8	5	1	14		
2	Chunka	2250	10050	6	3760	8875	501	81	82	664		
3	Dagana	444	1561	116	766	538	36	8	0	44		
4	Gasa	36	129	11	26	24	0	0	0	0		
5	Haa	247	844	0	100	194	15	0	0	15		
6	Lhuntse	374	2361	37	1037	420	53	17	5	75		
7	Mongar	948	6438	53	4687	2193	222	33	8	263		
8	Pemagatshel	334	1752	42	1007	318	44	3	0	47		
9	Punakha	417	1997	0	389	1899	72	17	0	89		
10	Paro	521	2904	4	568	496	28	1	0	29		
11	S/Jongkhar	970	5198	34	1311	839	92	26	5	123		
_12	Sarpang	1026	5832	65	2066	949	177	29	4	210		
13	Samtse	1669	6019	93	422	1092	149	24	1	174		
14	Tashigang	1120	5643	32	3432	2402	165	47	44	256		
15	Thimphu	2217	8959	43	2192	2021	189	71	17	277		
16	Trongsa	322	1559	0	196	328	44	14	2	60		
17	<u>Tsirang</u>	300	2748	5	2134	876	23	6	3	32		
18	Tashiyangtse	437	2341	33	1590	967	45	12	8	65		
19	W/Phodrang	748	3250	13	1960	689	49	18	0	67		
20	Zhemgang	504	3148	5	3207	1662	349	47	9	405		
	TOTAL	15184	75085	592	32126	27068	2261	1746	185	4192		
			L		L.,	(86.5%)	(7.2%)	<u> </u>	(0.7%)			

#### CERVICAL CANCER SCREENING AND PREVENTION.

Cervical cancer screening and prevention programme was also extended to Paro Dzongkhag towards the end of the year. Out of 4903 Pap smears collected and examined, pre cancerous lesions were detected is approximately 9% of the slides. Abnormal smears are being managed appropriately.

Note: Please refer Table VIII and IX

#### OTHER ACHIEVEMENTS

#### 1. Construction:

- a RIHS hostel construction for boys and girls is completed and occupied by the students
- b Construction of 30 ORCs were initiated in various Dzonkhags.
- C Renovation of OT and Labour room with attached toilet carried out in four dzongkhags.

#### 2. Supplies and equipment:

- a. Essential equipment for 30 ORCs procured and distributed to all newly constructed ORCs.
- b. Procured and supplied of Anaesthetic machine in JDWNRH and blood reagent for all the BHUs and 8 nos of labour bed procured and distributed in districts.

#### 3. In-service training

Training of all categories of health workers on Midwifery Standards, HA and ANM on Blood grouping, 10 medical doctors on assisted delivery conducted at JDWNRH,

#### 4. Training outside country.

Training of two lab technician in Thailand for three months on Cytology, 1 Gynaecologist on Colposcopy for six months in Thailand and study tour for five health workers on EmOC for 10 days in Bangladesh and training of EmOC team in Pakistan but have to return back without completion.

#### 5. Development and printing

EmOC protocol developed, printed and distributed to all the health centers, Menstrual health booklet in English and Dzongkhag version printed and distributed.

#### 6. Others.

Active Cervical cancer screening programme launched in Paro as pilot study Revitalization of Maternal Death Investigation initiated and briefed all DMOs in June.

#### **Expanded Programme on Immunization (EPI)**

#### Background

Coinciding with International Year of the Child celebrated on 15th Nov.1979, the EPI Programme for Bhutan was launched with the objective of reducing the seven vaccine preventable diseases viz., TB, Diphtheria, Pertussis, Tetanus, Polio, Measles & Hep.B. In December 1994, the Tetanus Toxoid vaccine for pregnant woman was also introduced into the programme followed by Hep.B Vaccine in mid 1966 for children under one year of age.

The EPI services have been fully integrated into the general health services delivered through the existing hospitals, BHUs and ORCs. Overall Immunization services are provided for effective coverage with all seven antigens aimed for infants under one year of age and to all pregnant women as well as women of child bearing age between 15 – 49 years.

#### **Objectives**

- To reduce the seven vaccine preventable diseases to a level at which they are longer a public health problem.

To procure and supply cold chain, vaccination equipments and vaccines as per country requirement.

To maintain the quality of EPI covererage above 90%

To achieve polio eradication by 2005

To achieve elimination of neonatal tetanus by 2005

To reduce Measles cases by 90% and control Measles by 2005

To increase the safety of injection used for all EPI vaccines.

Surveillance for Adverse Events Following Immunization (AEFI)

#### Achievement so far

Since 1986 there is has been no case of polio reported so far. In a total of 13 AFP cases reviewed by the expert committee, two of them died. The specimen were tested by WHO accredited reference laboratories in Bangkok. All of the specimen were found negative.

#### Activities in the last fiscal year

:

In 2001 SNIDs was carried out as a nation wide activity. In the six High Risk Dzongkhags including one Dungkhag, coverage was as follows -

1st round

97.50%

2nd round

97.47%

In high risk population under 14 Dzongkhags, coverage was as follows -

1st round

98.45%

2nd round

95.12%

Besides the administration of Polio to the under-5 population in the designated areas, the health services also administered vitamin A to the same population, with age ranging from 6 months during the first round of the SNIDs. These were done based on the findings of a study carried out by the health services that revealed evidence of a wider

prevalence of sub-clinical vitamin A deficiency among our children. Vitamin A deficiency also predisposes children to infections that are life threatening.

#### **EPI Survey**

A nation wide EPI coverage evaluation survey was conducted with the following objectives --

To evaluate immunization coverage of children
To assess drop out rates
To define specific reasons for incomplete immunization
To assess TT coverage of mothers of 0-11 months of age.

#### Methodology:

A random sample of 30 clusters were selected from 16 Dzongkhags out of 20 districts in total. Each cluster sample required at least 7 children in the age group of 12-23 months and a minimum of 7 mothers of infants in the age group of 0-11 months to evaluate TT coverage. The information was gathered either through verification of immunization card or by history or by both the sources. The survey took almost one month to complete. The following table shows reported coverage evaluation.

Antigens	Reported coverage (routine)	Evaluated Coverage (EPI survey)		
		By Card only	History + Card	
BCG	93%	94.9%	99.5%	
DPT3	94%	93.5%	98.6%	
OPV3	94%	94.9%	98.6%	
Нер-В3	92%	91.6%	96.3%	
Measles	81%	91.0%	96.3%	
772	66%	46.1%	86.3%	
Fully vaccinated*	-	89.7%		
Valid coverage**	<b>.</b>	64.5%	_	

<sup>\*</sup> Fully vaccinated children before their first birthday.

#### Reasons for incomplete immunization or no immunization

Sl. No.	Reasons	Percentage
1	Unaware of need for immunization	25.0
2	Vaccine not available/inadequate	16.7
3	Family problem including mothers' illness	8.3
4	Children not brought because of illness	8.3
5	Other reasons	41.7

<sup>\*\*</sup> Fully vaccinated children by valid doses before their first birthday.

#### Maternal TT Immunization

TT coverage in 212 mothers of children 0-11 months of age

Antigen	Card		111	History		Card+History		Not immunized	
	No.	%	No.	No. %		%	No.	%	
TT1	73	34.4	122	57.55	195	91.98	17	8.02	
TT2	66	31.1	117	55.19	183	86.32	29	13.7	
TT3	42	19.8	75	35.38	117	55.19	95	44.8	
TT4	24	11.3	47	22.17	71	33.49	141	66.5	
TT5	22	10.4	17	8.02	39	18.4	173	81.6	

- Only 40 (18.7%) of mothers had vaccination cards.
- 13.7% mothers never received any dose of TT vaccine.
- TT received during injuries not taken into consideration.
- NIDs/SNID doses of TT not included

#### Vaccination validity and drop out rates

The survey covered a total of 214 children in the age group of 12-23 months in all the 30 sample clusters selected from 16 Dzongkhags. It was found that 203 children or 94.9% possessed immunization cards. Among these card holders only 64.5% had valid coverage by 1 year of age. Invalid doses for DPT were: 6.9% for 1<sup>st</sup> dose, 3.0% for 2nd dose and 2.5% for 3rd dose.

The cards revealed that 94.4% children were fully vaccinated for all antigens within correct schedule. However, 5.1% of the sample children were only partially immunized and 0.5% not vaccinated at all. The drop out rates between DPT1 – DPT3 was 0.9% whereas DPT1-Measles was 3.3%.

#### **ARI PROGRAMME:**

#### 1. Brief background

The Acute Respiratory Infection (ARI) Control activities were initially carried out since 1987 after the introduction of training of health workers on Mid-level Management Course. A Programme Manager was identified in November 1992 as the ARI was contributing the highest over all morbidity in early 1990s. The ARI Programme activities are being intensified since 1993 and prime focus of the program is to reduce under 5 deaths due to pneumonia. Implementation of IMCI/ECCD during 9 FYP is expected to address effectively infant and under five mortality rates due to respiratory infections.

#### 2. Present status:

#### a) ARI morbidity/mortality report from BHUs:

ARI cases	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
1. Total morbidity cases	495068	524328	559377	569489	616729
2. Cough & Cold	121195	123233	135872	134724	132940
3. Pneumonia	14050	12054	12420	11459	10372
4. < 5 Morbidity cases	80454	82048	87072	82300	93140
5. < 5 Cough & Cold	18689	19845	24504	22426	24438
6. < 5 Pneumonia	4369	4198	5429	4810	5365
7. < 5 death due to pneumonia	8	21	23	21	10

b) ARI morbidity report from Hospitals:

ARI cases	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
1. Total morbidity cases	491813	530694	488287	510490	498679
2. Cough & Cold	73592	74400	76405	82513	74409
3. Pneumonia	30322	36224	37241	35459	34429
4. < 5 Morbidity cases	84024	81198	79200	79516	77594
5. < 5 Cough & Cold	17090	16637	19441	19995	18587
6. < Pneumonia	7807	8900	10197	8687	8843
7. < 5 death due to pneumonia	0	0	0	0	7

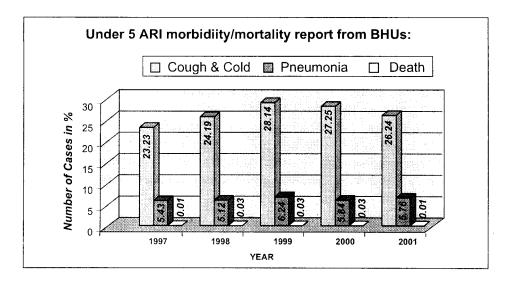
#### c) ARI Morbidity reported from BHUs in %

	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
Cough and Cold	24.48	23.50	24.29	23.66	21.56
Pneumonia	2.84	2.30	2.22	2.01	1.68

#### d) ARI Morbidity reported from Hospitals in %

	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
Cough and Cold	14.96	14.02	15.65	16.16	14.92
Pneumonia	6.17	6.83	7.63	6.95	6.90

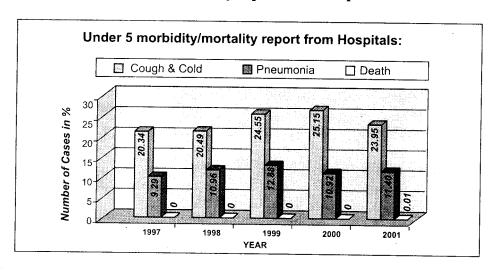
#### e) Trend of under 5 ARI morbidity/mortality report from BHUs:



#### Note:

According to BHUs under 5 morbidity report, pneumonia cases seems to be under control. However, it needs further study to keep track of the trend of mortality as according to the national health survey report of 2000, 21 % of deaths are due to ARI, which is a very high contribution to IMR. The program's concern is for the prevention and management of ARI at the household level which to a great extent depend on the effectiveness of district health services.

#### f) Trend of under 5 ARI morbidity report from Hospitals:



#### Note:

According to under five hospital morbidity report, they are dealing with more pneumonia cases in the hospitals. That means people are more aware of ARI and referrals from the periphery seems to be increasing. However, program is more concerned for the prevention of pneumonia and mortality due to pneumonia.

#### 3. Programme Policy/objective for 9 FYP:

Programme policy is to bring down ARI morbidity/mortality at a manageable level by implementing IMCI/ECCD strategies.

#### 4. Indicator:

To reduce under 5 deaths due to pneumonia from 21% to below 15% by the year 2007.

#### 5. Program Strategies:

- Strengthening capacity building to improve the skills of health workers.
- Provision of supplies of drugs and equipment.
- Community participation to help diagnose and refer pneumonia cases and hence decrease mortality due to pneumonia.
- Close supervision and monitoring to help achieve objective/indicator.

#### **National Control of Diarrhoeal Diseases Programme**

#### **Background**

National Control of Diarrhoeal Diseases Program was initiated in 1982 in the Head Quarters & Program became operational in the district in 1984. The main reason for initiating Program was to coordinate with Dzongkhags, because of the high morbidity & mortality in the country.

The report submitted by the Hospitals & BHUs in 2001 indicates that the diarrhoeal diseases still ranks 2<sup>nd</sup> in morbidity patterns indicating 10.76 % of the total morbidity reported. However, mortality had been drastically declined indicating 3.53% of the total deaths reported from 12 districts.

#### **Objectives:-**

- To reduce case fatality rate due to diarrhoea in children under the age of five years from 13 to 6% during the 9<sup>th</sup> Five Year Plan.
- To reduce diarrhoea incidence amongst five years of age by 21 to 10%.
- To enable mothers & care takers on management of diarrhoeal diseases at home.

#### Progress during the year 2001:-

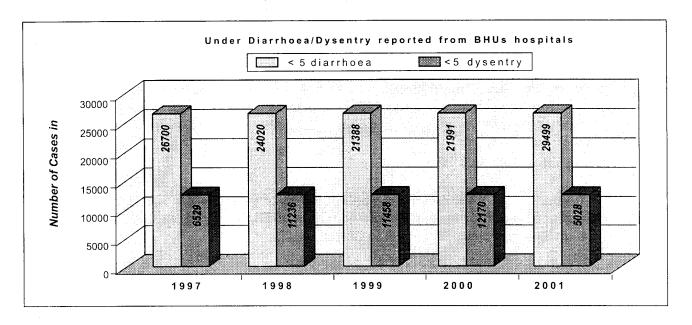
The Health Department had adapted a new strategy ie Integrated Management of Childhood Illness (IMCI) under which 5 PHD Programs are under the umbrella of this strategy. viz ARI, CDD, Nutrition, EPI and Malaria. As of now most of the IMCI related Programs were functioning discreetly, integrated work plan preparation & execution will be difficult at the initial phase. Only CDD & ARI have initiated this. The IMCI strategy addresses major child health problems, respond to demand, likely to have a major impact on child health status, promotes prevention & curative, is cost effective and improves equity.

In 2001, the program had initiated the IMCI strategy & trained 13 Health workers of various categories, Paediatricians, DMOs, GDMOs, Program people & DHSOs as training of trainers & 30 Health workers from 3 pilot districts on IMCI management during 2001. The program has a plan to expand this training to other Dzongkhag in a phased manner. Training of mothers, caregivers, & VHWs, on ORT through promotion of proper case management & awareness on IMCI/ECCD is a continued process aiming to the reduction of morbidity & mortality due to diarrhoeal diaseases in the country.

During 2001 one ACO & one Health Assistant was sent for training on "Clinical Management of Diarrhoeal Diseases" for a period of two weeks at the International Centre for Diarrhoeal Diseases Research, Bangladesh to improve their knowledge & skills on diarrhoea management, thereby to benefit the children through their proper case management practices & imparting the knowledge & skills to their friends. Two Laboratory Technicians were also trained on "Laboratory Diagnosis of Common Diarrhoeal Diseases Agents" at the same Institute for a duration of two weeks to assist CDD Program to conduct Operational Research on diarrhoeal diseases at their hospital.

Cases of diarrhoea & dysentery/reported from hospitals & BHUs 1997 - 2001

Year	Diarrhoea cases < 5 years	Diarrhoea cases > 5 years	Dysentery cases < 5 years	Dysentery cases > 5 years	Total cases reported
1997	26,700	61,140	6,529	14,311	108,680
1998	24,020	56,783	11,236	32,609	124,648
1999	21.388	49,474	11,458	32,168	114,488
2000	21,991	50,812	12,170	34,967	119,940
2001	29,499	65,551	5028	13,765	113,843



With regards to diarrhoea deaths, 38 deaths had been reported from 12 Dzongkhags which accounted 4.53% of 1075 total deaths mostly occurred above > 5 years of age & only 2 deaths were reported < 5 years showing 0.18% of the total deaths which seems to be declined, though the reports from the district is incomplete.

#### NATIONAL TUBERCULOSIS CONTROL PROGRAMME (NTCP)

#### I. Introduction:

National TB control Programme is an important public health Programme in Bhutan. It has been a fully integrated activity since its inception in 1976. Many review missions had been fielded as a result of which this programme has been strengthened in terms of introduction of standardized short course chemotherapy in 1994, standard reporting and recording system and DOTS since 1997. As far as feasible, all positive patients are admitted for two months and injections streptomycin is still being administered as one of the main bactericidal drugs. The concept of ambulatory DOTS is clear and is being followed wherever there are constraints with in-door admissions. During the continuation phase, family – based DOTS is being practised due to the scattered population and other geographical limitations. There are TB In-charges designated for patient recording, reporting and follow up in all the 25 reporting centers (Dzongkhags/Hospitals) in the country. Coordination activities in terms of Lab Technicians and TB In-charges in a hospital and between TB In-charges between Dzongkhags have been streamlined to facilitate patient follow up.

#### II. Objectives for the 9th FYP

1) Overall - The overriding single objective or goal of NTCP is to prevent deaths from TB and to reduce the pool of infection of TB to such an extent that it ceases to be a public health problem in Bhutan.

#### 2. Specific Objectives:

By the year 2007:

- i. 100% access to DOTS by more patient friendly and easily accessible treatment observation services through enhanced IEC and increased focus to community participation.
- ii. Improvement in the quality of services with focus on capacity building to ensure -
- a. Gradual reduction of mortality on account of TB to such an extent that by the end of 9<sup>th</sup> FYP patient dying of TB will be less than 2.5% or so (from 5% now).
- b. Detect at least 75% of estimated new smear positive TB cases and cure at least 85% of those detected.
- c. Ensure that TB in HIV positive patients is diagnosed early, all such cases are promptly put on DOTS, their cure/completion of treatment ensured so that they can lead a productive life.
- d. Multi-drug TB does not rise in the country.

#### III. Strategies of NTCP to fulfill above objectives:

1. Nation-wide short course chemotherapy for all TB patients including name-patient drugs for chronic/drug resistant cases.

- 2. Strengthening diagnostic capabilities through establishment of laboratory facilities in health centers and appropriate training of relevant health personnel for early detection of cases through appropriate case detection methods.
- 3. Improved information, reporting, recording and monitoring system with enhanced patient follow up mechanisms.
- 4. Enhanced IEC activities in TB control to raise the awareness of the disease in all sections of society.
- 5. Community participation in TB control activities with wider spectrum of DOTS providers.

In nutshell, the main focus of activities in the 9<sup>th</sup> FYP will be strengthening diagnostic services, expanding the range of DOTS providers, enhanced community participation and improved monitoring and supervision of the Dzongkhags.

#### IV. 2001 in Retrospect

The work plan and activit es for NTCP in 2001 progressed as planned. Some of t he highlights are as follows.

- 1. A comprehensive and strategic 9<sup>th</sup> five year plan has been prepared for the programme with technical assistance from WHO.
- 2. 15 Dzongkhags were given financial and technical support for training of all relevant Health Workers in TB/DOTS. The rest of the Dzongkhags will be supported in 2002.
- 3. Financial support was given to all Dzongkhags/Hospitals (30) for observing World TB Day 2001 with the theme "STOP TB, FIGHT POVERTY". This, as usual, was an important occasion for creating awareness and reviewing the District/Hospital TB control activities.
- 4. A comprehensive TB control manual was developed and distributed to all Health centers and relevant institutions in the country. It is being widely followed and used as reference and training material.
- 5. WHO standard reference and IEC materials in TB including overheads, some posters and leaflets have been distributed to all the Dzongkhags/ Hospitals. Clinical Tuberculosis, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition by John Crofton, Norman Horne and Fred Miller has been procured and distributed to all Health Centers in the country as another standard reference material.
- 6. Seven Health Workers underwent short trainings and attended some workshops/seminars in the region on TB/DOTS. They will be accessed in future training activities in TB control as resource persons.
- 7. About 30 TB In-charges underwent an annual meeting cum workshop in Punakha. All relevant and senior resource persons facilitated this 3 days workshop which discussed all aspects of TB control activities in the country.

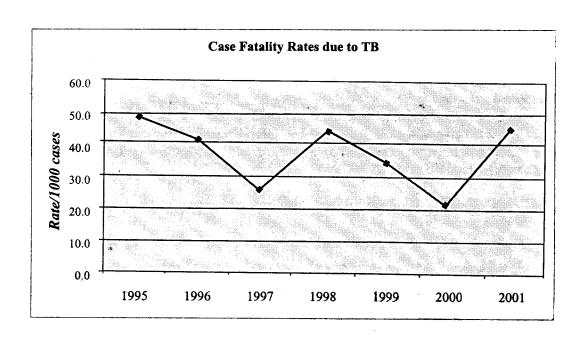
8. A 6 days training of lab technicians from all over the country was conducted on sputum microscopy including quality assurance, DOTS strategy and co-ordination between TB In-charges and lab technicians. A total of about 40 lab technicians attended this.

#### V .Epidemiology of TB in Bhutan

Year		Cases diagnosed and	d treated	
	Pulmonary	Extra Pulmonary	Total cases	Deaths
1995	1014	257	1271	62
				(48.8)
1996	942	329	1271	51
				(40.1)
1997	N/A	N/A	1211	`33
				(27.3)
1998	924	368	1292	55
				(42.6)
1999	778	396	1174	40
	·			(34.1)
2000	777	363	1140	25
				(21.9)
2001	719	312	1031	47
				(45.6)

Note: Figures within brackets show Case Fatality Rate per 1000 cases.

- (1) Case detection rate -- 77%.
- (2) Treatment success rate -->90%.
- (3) Cases in 15 -44 years age 73% (only sputum +ve cases)
- (4) Male: Female ratio = 54:46.
- (4) Sputum conversion rate at second month- 71%.



#### STD/AIDS CONTROL PROGRAMME

#### I. Introduction:

Bhutan initiated National STD/AIDS Control Programme in 1988. Prior to this, Sexually Transmitted Diseases (STDs), though managed through the various health facilities, were not targeted with active prevention measures. The Short Term Plan (STP) developed in 1989 to counter the spread of the global AIDS pandemic had brought STDs under attention. This led to the formulation and implementation of a three year Medium Term Plan (MTP-I) in 1990. And again in 1995, Strategic Medium Term Plan was developed to address the prevention of sexual transmission of HIV.

#### II. Situation Analysis

#### Current Situation Assessment

Although only a few HIV infections have so far been detected, but given the HIV/AIDS epidemic situation in the neighbouring countries, the Government as well as private sector in Bhutan are concerned about the future infection from HIV. So far, 29 HIV positive cases have been diagnosed.

Despite low prevalence of HIV infection at the moment, the country is at a significant risk of a widespread epidemic if timely interventions are not made. The major factors responsible for this may be liberal sexual mores that is prevalent in most parts of the country. A recent survey has shown that the HBs AG prevalence in a study population (ANC attendants & hospital outpatients) is to the tune of about 20%. These factors are compounded by the increased mobility of the people both within and outside the country. A nagging concern is that commercial sex workers are today not only limited to the bordering areas but also is becoming evident in some other major townships in the country.

The problem of intravenous drug use is not a major concern at present. However, emergency of this problem needs to be kept under surveillance as a few stray cases have been reported.

#### III. Program objectives/policy objectives

- 1. Reduce risk of STD and HIV transmission
- 2. Reduce the morbidity & mortality associated with HIV/AIDS & STI
- 3. Reduce the social and economic impact of HIV infection & AIDS
- 4. VCT services and HIV surveillance system established in All Dzongkhags by 2007

#### IV. Strategies

- 1. Prevent sexual transmission through multi-sectoral approach and IECH
- 2. Prevent transmission through blood and blood products
- 3. Prevent vertical transmission
- 4. Counselling and care facilities established
- 5. Program Strengthening and management

#### V. Implementation Strategy

The programme will be coordinated and implemented by the Health Department. The programme will develop strategies, plan of activities, and monitor and evaluate the programme implementation. The programme will mainly focus on technical and operational support to the multi-sectoral response. Various units of the Department will involve in implementing the STD/AIDS programme activities. And activities will be decentralised at the Dzongkhags and geog levels. Further, relevant ministries, private sector and community-based organizations will identify focal points and develop workplans in collaboration with programme.

#### VI. Monitoring and evaluation mechanism

Trends in HIV infection will be monitored through surveillance such as reporting of syndromes, analysis of sentinel data and monitoring of RPR prevalence among antenatal clinic attendees. Further, the programme will monitor through:

- Behavioural survey
- Progress Reports
- Internal and external reviews of the program

At the national level, the National AIDS Committee, which is multi-sectoral in nature, will be expanded to include a representative of the private sector. The AIDS Committees will continue to coordinate AIDS prevention efforts at the district level.

#### Condoms and Their Use in Preventing HIV Infection and Others STDs

With nearly 29 people infected with HIV, most of them through sexual transmission, and an estimated 1084 cases of other sexually transmitted diseases occurring each year in the country (Bhutan), effective strategies for preventing these diseases are critical. Refraining from having sexual intercourse with an infected partner is the best way to prevent transmission of HIV and other STIs. But for those who have sexual intercourse, latex condoms are highly effective when used consistently and correctly.

#### Condoms are effective in preventing HIV and other STDs

The correct and consistent use of condoms during sexual intercourse can greatly reduce a person's risk of acquiring or transmitting most STIs, including HIV infection, Gonnorrhea, Chlamydia, Trichomonas, human papilloma virus infection (HPV), and hepatitis B. Protecting yourself and others against STIs is important because it is life threatening and has no cure especially HIV/AIDS.

Laboratory studies show that condoms are very effective barriers to HIV and other STIs. In addition, several studies provide compelling evidence that condoms are highly effective in protecting against HIV infection when used for every act of intercourse. This protection is most evident from studies of couples in which one member is infected with HIV and the other is not, i.e., "discordant couples." In a 2-year study of discordant couples in Europe, among 124 couples that has reported consistent use of condoms, none of the uninfected partners became infected. In contrast, among the 121 couples who used condoms inconsistently, 12 (10%) of the uninfected partners became infected.

Table showing HIV positive cases by age and sex

Year	Total Positive		Age		Sex		Remarks
		15-24	25-34	35-44	M	F	
1993	2	1	1	0	1	1	Died due to malaria
1994	1	0	1	0	1	0	Healthy
1995	0	0	0	0	0_	0	No case
1996	4	0	4	0	3	1	3 living
1997	2	1	1	0	1	1	1 died
1998	0	0	0	0	0	0	No case
1999	0	0	0	0	0	0	No case
2000	9	5	3	1	3	6	1 died
2001	7	1	3	5	6	1	1 died
2002	4*	0	2	1	2	2	All living

Note:\* Minor under 15 months.

#### Public Health Laboratory Report for 2001

The PHL continued its Programme Support activities through trainings, surveys and diagnostic support. The final survey of five dzongkhags in the current cycle of IDDCP Cyclic monitoring was conducted and all the salt and urine samples collected for the survey analysed in-house. The analysis of samples gave the following results;

No. of Households consuming adequately iodised salt - 372 (95.2%) No. of children(6-12yrs) with urinary iodine excretionlevel above 100  $\mu$ g/L - 308 (88.3%)

Seven new cases of HIV infection were diagnosed, far more than in any other year. Regular activities like water analysis, TB microscopy & culture, STD/HIV diagnosis and IDD control activities were conducted.

#### TESTS CARRIED OUT IN THE PUBLIC HEALTH LABORATORY, 2001

Sl.	Test Description	Total samples tested	No of tests	Positive	Remarks
Α	Iodine Deficiency Disorders Con	trol	·		
1	Salt analysis report for the country	11433	11433	N/A	10449 samples (91.39%) with acceptable jodine content, results for whole country
2	Salt analysis for IDDCP Cyclic Monitoring	391	391	N/A	372 samples (95.2%) of samples with acceptable iodine content
3	Urinary Iodine estimation for Cyclic Monitoring	349	349	N/A	308 samples(88.3%) with adequate urinary iodine
4	Monitoring of Salt Plant at Phuntsholing	1278	1278	N/A	49 samples had inadequate iodine, tested by P/ling hospital
5	Salt samples	1	11	N/A	1 sample had inadequate iodine
В	STDs & HIV/AIDS				
4	RPR test for syphilis	5884	5884	251	screening test for T. pallidum
5	TPHA test	1434	1434	261	confirmatory test for RPR positives
6	HBsAg test for Hepatitis B	7678	7678	349	
7	ELISA test for Hepatitis C	3502	3502	7	
8	ELISA test for HIV	8012	8012	7·	Screening test for HIV
.9	HIV Western Blot test		27	22	Confirmatory test for HIV positives
C	Tuberculosis diagnosis				
10	Sputum microscopy	1848	4919	201	
	Extra-pulmonary TB				· 
	microscopy	374	374	16	
	Sputum culture	1124	1124	295	
	Culture other than sputum	275	275	40	
	Water analysis	200	700		
	Bacteriological	200	200		136 samples with bacterial growth
15	Chemical	22 43805	229	0	No samples with unacceptable levels
	Total	43805	47110		<u> </u>

# Rural water supply and sanitation Programme (RWSS)

The objective of the programme is to reduce morbidity and mortality due to water borne and water related diseases through provision of universal access to safe drinking water and adequate sanitation facilities. In line with the Health for All Goals, an intensified effort has been put in place since the beginning of the 8<sup>th</sup> Five Year Plan (1997-2002).

While there has been improvement in rural water supply, smokeless ovens and garbage disposal in the previous year, a slight decrease is observed in the coverage of sanitary latrines and animal sheds. However, there is not much difference. Further, since the percentage coverage is based on the physical count of the existing structures, the actual use and its impact on the general health of the population cannot be ascertained.

#### Water and Sanitation coverage by district - 2001

		Percentage	Coverage		*
- District	Sanitary Latrine	Piped Water	Animal Sheds	Garbage. Pits	Smokeless Stoves
1. Bumthang	94	94	63	86	94
2. Chhukha	76	59	24	39	42
3. Daga	79	38	70	56	. 4
4. Gasa	89	43	89	82	10
5. Haa	94	93	39	42	77
6. Lhuntse	88	84	63	45	6
7. Mongar	87	68	62	51	7
8. Paro	81	73	33	55	59
9. Pemagatshel	81	89	67	36	0
10. Punakha	85	76	62	68	39
11. S/Jongkhar	89	69	63	51	14
12. Samtse	82	53	60	52	19
13. Sarpang	82	52	59	58	26
14. Thimphu	92	96	55	53	67
15. Trashigang	90	71	54	43	8
16. Trashiyangtse	90	76	74	44	2
17. Trongsa	87	82	85	64	27
18. Tsirang	80	67	85	45	2.7
19. W/Phodrang	95	77	57	85	19
20. Zhemgang	79	62	39	55	9
National	85	68	55	52	24

## **National Leprosy Control Programme of Bhutan**

#### Introduction

Gidakom Hospital is a general hospital serving in L. community as a district hospital under in Thimphu Dzongkhag. This hospital also functions as the National Referral Centre for Leprosy as well as TB thus catering a wider range of services including rehabilitative services.

The number of leprosy cases came down from 51 in 2000 to 40 case in 2001. The hospital has seen new registered cases more for the Western region (13 cases) as compared to the East (6 cases). All these 19 cases were detected through routine surveillance system and were higher compared to only 16 in the previous year. However, there was not a single new case found by regular contact surveys. Both the surveillance and contact surveys were carried out in all the districts, as usual, except Gasa.

The prevalence rate stands at 0.61 per 10,000 population and case detection rate found to be at 0.29/10,000. The deformity rate however was 38.9%, which is not satisfactory. There were 2 smear positive relapse after full MDT course, 1 each in the Central and the Northern regions. As in the past, no reconstructive surgery was offered due to negligible number of cases that came forward.

#### Case management of patients, 2001

Type of patients	Number
Number of patients at the beginning of year	51
Number of new cases detected	19
Number of relapse	2
Regained to control	0
Transferred out etc.	4
Released from treatment	19
Number of patients at the end of the year	40
Death	1

#### Surveys

Survey type	Enumera ted	Examined	%	New patients founa
Contact survey	2564	1027	40.0	0
Mass surveys	_	_	-	_
Focal (village) survey	5301	3608	68.0	0
Others (School)	1037	1017	98.7	0

## MALARIA SITUATION IN BHUTAN

#### 1. Country profile

The Kingdom of Bhutan has three distinct climatic zones with alpine to temperate climate in the northern and central zones to hot and humid tropical climate in the southern zone.

Administratively, the country is divided into 20 Districts of which Samdrup Jongkhar, Sarpang, Samchi Dzongkhags and southern parts of Shemgang and Chukha Dzongkhags, sharing porous borders with India, are hyperendemic for malaria. There is perennial malaria transmission in this entire southern belt. The seasonality of malaria is well marked in Bhutan with peak caseload during pre and post monsoon seasons. The open border with India allows heavy migration of population across the border thus raising challenging cross border malaria problems.

#### 2. Background Profile

Since many years malaria was known to be a dreaded disease in Bhutan. In the absence of modern medical treatment facilities many had succumbed to death from malaria. In order to mitigate this problem Royal Government conducted the first ever malaria survey by a consultant team from the National Malaria Eradication Program (NMEP), India. As a direct outcome of this survey, the NMEP in Bhutan was launched in 1964.

Initially the program was geared to eradication approach, but subsequently it was reoriented to the concept of control strategy. The change in the approach was necessitated by the realization of the fact that it was not possible to eradicate malaria. Accordingly the program was re-named as National Malaria Control Program (NMCP) in keeping with the global control strategy, and integrated into the general health services delivery system. While encouraging results were achieved in the early phase of the intervention program, there was however, a resurgence of malaria culminating into a worsening situation in 1984.

For all practical purposes, comparative analysis of malaria data has been worked out taking 1994 as the base year. This is done because NMCP changed its control strategy from Indoor Residual Spraying (IRS) with DDT to Synthetic Pyrethroid from 1995. With the introduction of the new insecticide, there has been a marked reduction of malaria morbidity and mortality over the years since 1995.

#### 3. Prevention & Control Strategies

In the process of continuing change and development, the program strategy was re-aligned to new government policies and departmental directions both in terms of organizational structure and operational mechanisms. However, the modality of the control strategy remained the same through the decades.

#### 4. Revised Program Strategy.

The major deviation from the existing strategy was the phasing out of DDT with substitution by Indoor Residual Spray (IRS) with Deltramethrin. The new Action Plan was implemented with effect from 1995, initially covering all the malaria endemic

Dzongkhags as determined by the available paradigms. However, IRS was discontinued and Plan of Action for implementation of Insecticide Treated Bed Net Program (ITBN) was launched in 1997 as recommended by WHO..

The new ITBN program was introduced in Bhutan in the context of the global Roll Back Malaria initiative (RBM). The main objective of the ITBN program is to ensure prevention of malaria infection and thereby reduce its morbidity and mortality through emphasis on personal protection by using insecticide treated bed nets. In the long run the program is planned to be sustained through community involvement and participation.

#### 5. Epidemiological trend

Over the past 10 year period from 1990 to 2001, the ABER was maintained way above the 10% minimum prescribed level between 16.6 and 27.8 indicating consistency in case detection mechanism. The point of concern to the program, however, is the increase in Pf rate observation over the same period from 31.5% to 59.3% with the lowest trend at 31.5% recorded in 1995.

The malaria situation started to get worse again from 1990 onwards with API increasing from 53.6 and reaching its peak rise at 111.1 in 1994. Following this spurt the API showed marked improvement between 1995 and 2000 with a declining trend from 66.2 to 16.9, but with a sudden increase to 35.9 in 1999 (see table 1).

Malaria	Incidence	in	Rhutan	from	1000 to 2	2001
MIGIALIA	Including	111	Duutan	HUIII	177U LU 2	

YEAR	BSC	T.+VE	T.PF	ABER	API	SPR	Pf%
1990	33973	9497	4126	19.2	53.6	27.9	43.5
1991	67699	22126	12966	19.3	63.2	32.7	59.3
1992	73986	28900	13910	21.1	82.6	39.0	48.7
1993	80980	28392	12779	23.1	81.1	35.0	45.9
1994	97425	38901	15998	27.8	111.1	39.9	42.3
. 1995	83899	23195	7326	23.9	66.2	27.6	31.5
1996	76019	15696	6026	21.7	44.8	20.0	38.3
1997	68153	9029	3614	19.4	25.8	13.2	40.0
1998	58086	6995	3403	16.6	19.9	12.0	49.0
1999	79589	12591	6380	22.7	35.9	15.8	51.0
2000	76445	5935	2507	21.8	16.9	8	46
2001	65974	5982	3177	18	17	9	53

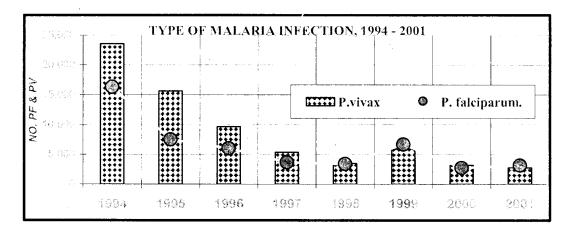
#### 6. Malaria caseload trend

Taking 1994 as the base year, the overall case reduction rate over the years has seen consistent decline from 41% in 1995 to 85% in 2001.

#### 7. Type of malaria infection trend:

Plasmodium falciparum and Plasmodium vivax are prevalent in Bhutan. P. vivax was seen the most predominant infection all through the decade from 1990. However, P

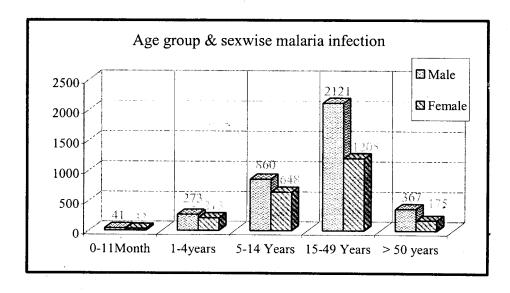
falciparum positive cases malaria showed a sudden increase to 12966 in 1991 compared to P. vivax positive cases of 9160.



The falciparum again showed a rising trend from 1998 and overtook vivax in 1999 with the positive caseload of 6665 compared to 5937 positive cases for vivax. But in 2000, it declined to 2738 cases compared to 3197 positive for P. Vivax.

#### 8. Malaria infection in different age groups

The malaria infection among different age groups in 1938 and 1999 stands out clearly to show that the population of 15 to 49 year age group is the most vulnerable group. This age group is at highest risk of malaria infection followed by 5 to 14 year age group, which is about 50% less at risk of malaria than the 15 to 49 age group.

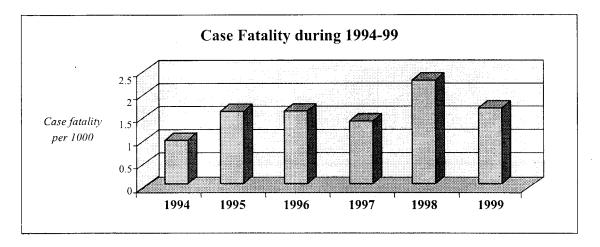


## 9. Comparative malaria caseload in five endemic Dzongkhags from 1994 to 2000

The malaria disease burden is well marked in five endemic Dzongkhags, viz. Sarpang, Samdrubjongkhar, Samtse, Chhukha and Zhemgang. The unhealthy competition among these Dzongkhags in the total annual caseload record is distinct with Sarpang leading the race. Samdrubjongkhar is a close second while Samtse, Chukha and Zhemgang hold third, fourth and fifth positions respectively. This trend is consistent throughout the 5 years period from 1997 to 2001.

#### 10. Mortality due to malaria

There has been a marked reduction in the mortality due to malaria over the period from 1993 to 1997. However, a deteriorating trend was observed from 1998 which coincided with the withdrawal of IRS and launching of ITBN program (see graph below).



#### 11. Malaria epidemics/outbreaks

No major outbreaks were reported in the recent past. Occasionally increased caseloads over few days do occur in focal transmission areas, and are usually reported by the reporting health centers as malaria outbreaks, but otherwise managed by the local health authorities. The recent outbreaks in Nunai village, Samdrup Jongkhar District with 109 case and 4 dead (19 Pv and 90 Pf) and Chuzagang village, Sarpang District with 55 cases and four dead (12 Pv and 43 Pf), overwhelmed the capacity of local health team to control and contain the outbreak. Necessary help had to be extended from the central program to bring the situation under control. But the potential for epidemics do exist considering the rapid growth of industrial and commercial activities in the country that has caused increasing population movement both within and across the border with India.

#### 12. Population at risk of malaria

Over half country's population, about 170,000 to 180,000 who are resident in malaria areas with varying degree of transmission intensity are at risk of malaria. But the population living in the non-malaria areas is also exposed to malaria infection due to increasing mobility of these population groups into the high malaria transmission localities. They are therefore, at high risk of developing serious disease, and is a major factor for high malaria mortality. Of late, the health centers in non-malaria areas report sporadic cases on a regular basis.

#### 13. Surveillance System

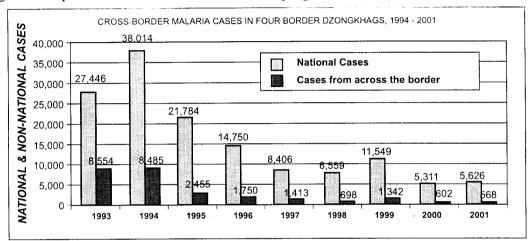
With the remarkable improvement of health service delivery system in the country, active surveillance was no longer necessary. It was also felt that people at risk of malaria were aware of malaria infection, and at the same time program achieved near control level in 1992. The program now relies entirely on passive surveillance system except during outbreak situations when active fever surveillance is resorted to.

#### 14. Diagnostic Tools

The main stay of malaria diagnosis is the peripheral blood film examination by simple microscopy using Giemsa's stain. All health centers in malaria endemic areas have at least one functioning microscope. Since 2000 Rapid Diagnostic Test (RDT) kits as additional diagnostic tool have also been supplied to all health centers in the country for use during emergency situations. It may be emphasized here that RDT **does not substitute** for microscopy. The **GOLD STANDARD** for malaria diagnosis is still the microscopy.

#### 15. Cross Border Malaria:

Mosquitoes know no boundaries. Bhutan's southern Dzongkhags share border with Assam and West Bengal. The porous nature of this border puts malaria control rogram in a predicament situation. The control programs on both sides of the border need



to implement their control activities in a synchronized manner. It is also important to adopt a standardized vector control strategy and treatment protocol by both health authorities so as to minimize the risk of development of resistance to insecticides and drugs.

As health care is provided free in Bhutan, non-national across the border seek medical treatment in Bhutan on daily basis. Annual statistics indicate that the total non-national malaria cases is proportionate to the total national malaria cases. This frend clearly speaks of the similar epidemiology of malaria disease in the vicinity of the border areas. Therefore, the cross-border malaria transmission is an accepted phenomenon requiring concerted and collaborative efforts from both sides of the border to combat the malaria menace.

#### 16.Conclusion

Malaria control program is currently in transition period. The IRS program has been completely phased out, and with the introduction of ITBN program in 1999, there has been an upsurge in malaria cases in the same year. This was a serious concern to the government. Consequently, in-depth review of the program was conducted in April 2001. Pending the review recommendations, current parasitic and vector control measures have been stepped up. It is hoped that with the implementation of the renewed control strategy, malaria situation would no longer pose a major public health problem.

## COMMUNITY BASED REHABILATATION PROGRAMME

#### Introduction

The CBR Programme was started as a pilot project in one district in 1997, and expanded to another district in 2000. The pilot project focussed on training of some of the personnel, identification of persons with disabilities in two blocks each of the two districts, and initiation of some rehabilitation services for those identified as in need of services. Since the Programme is still at an initial stage, the review emphasised suggestions for improvements in the future, to be considered when formulating strategies for the 9<sup>th</sup> Five Year Plan.

The major achievements of the CBR Programme to date are summarised below.

#### 1. Coverage

- The CBR programme was initiated in two Geogs namely Khaling in Trashigang District and Mewang in Thimphu District.
- Identification of people with disabilities was carried out using a questionnaire to estimate the prevalence of disability. A training course was conducted for Health Assistants (HAs), Auxiliary Nurse Midwives (ANMs), Basic Health Workers (BHWs) and Physiotherapy Technicians (PTTs) in identification of people with disabilities. A door-to-door survey was then carried out in both the pilot programme areas. The prevalence of disability established from these two Geogs is about 3.5 %. The figures below give the estimated prevalence of disability, the age and gender distribution of the identified persons with disability.

Speech and hearing disabilities and visual disabilities constitute the largest group as identified in the pilot survey, pointing to the direction of emphasis for interventions in the next phase. The surveys have identified more disabled persons in the age group of 15 years and above. The gender distribution is almost equal, as brought out in the survey, hence equal emphasis would need to be placed on the needs of girls and women with disabilities.

- Identification of children with speech and hearing disabilities has been initiated in all schools.
- The BHU staff collected disability information from all districts. The updated data as on January 2002 are presented in the tables below. This information confirms the data from the pilot survey, that speech and hearing and visual disabilities constitute the largest group of persons with disabilities. The age distribution is also the same as in the earlier survey. These findings are only indicative and will need to be backed up by additional prevalence surveys in the next Five Year Plan.

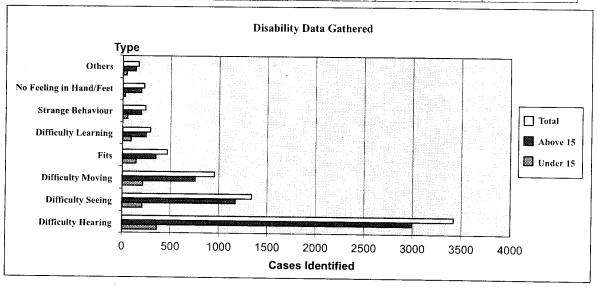
# DZONGKHAG WISE DISABILITY INFORMATION

Sl.N o	Dzongkhag	Diffic Seeins	-	Speec Hearin		Diffic Movin	-	Other	S	Total
U		C	A	С	A	C	A	С	A	
1.	S/Jongkhar	0	6	10	36	2	12	0	0	75
2.	Trongsa	7	32	8	46	2	12	2	0	124
3.	Punakha	1	28	9	79	3	27	0	8	170
·4.	Chukha	9	103	52	667	19	92	0	5	1146
5.	Sarpang	4	70	30	221	21	42	1	1	473
6.	Bumthang	3	76	10	91	3	37	0	0	246
7.	Thimphu	4	22	5	4,5	3	18	1	6	141
8.	Haa	2	42	2	55	1	25	1	23	167
9.	Mongar	12	155	46	305	15	75	2	4	759
10.	Pema Gatshel	1	35	8	58	1	15	0	0	131
11.	Zhemgang	10	44	19	99	10	28	0	0	257
12.	Trashiyangtse	13	82	31	94	13	37	0	0	316
13.	Gasa	0	25	2	14	2	27	0	0	78
14.	Lhuentse	0	0	0	0	0	5	0	0	10
15.	Paro	7	54	11	92	3	43	0	6	228
16.	Tsirang	10	15	5	50	0	14	15	15	141
17.	Samtse	17	121	43	551	28	131	0	2	1070
18.	Trashigang	30	209	66	394	13	125	8	18	1026
19.	W/Phodrang	20	34	40	110	25	50	0	0	323
20.	Dagana									
	Total	150	1153	397	3007	164	815	30	88	6,881

 $C = Children \le 15 \text{ years}$   $A = Adult \ge 15 \text{ years}$ 

# CATEGORIES OF DISABILITIES IDENTIFIED

Sl No	Type of disability	Under 15	Above 15	Total
1.	Difficulty Speech/Hearing	397	3,007	3,404
2.	Difficulty Seeing	150	1,153	1,303
3.	Difficulty Moying	164	815	979
4.	Fits	103	359	462
5.	Difficulty Learning	47	214	261
6.	Strange Behaviour	24	162	186
7.	No Feeling in Hand/Feet	18	150	168
8.	Others	30	88	118



# POLICY AND PROGRAMME OBJECTIVES FOR THE 9<sup>th</sup> FIVE YEAR PLAN

#### Programme objectives

- 1. To introduce community-oriented disability prevention and rehabilitation services as an integral part of the comprehensive primary health care delivery system in all Dzongkhags.
- 2. To undertake human resource development in rehabilitation disciplines and community rehabilitation at all levels.
- 3. To develop a National Rehabilitation Resource Centre for the country.
- 4. To diminish the overall impact of disability through awareness and provision of other appropriate rehabilitation interventions.
- 5. To facilitate the involvement of other sectors in disability prevention and rehabilitation programmes through the multi-sectoral approach.

#### **STRATEGIES**

The overall guiding strategy for support to programmes for/with people with disabilities is the *community-based model* with the principle of grass-root participation in development. Disability prevention and rehabilitation programmes will be *integrated* in the planning, service delivery, and evaluation in the health care delivery system. The programmes will *mobilise* traditional family units and social structures, along with available supportive traditional practices to create a *sustainable network* to improve the quality of life of people with disabilities.

Complementary programmes and strategies will be developed and implemented to meet the goals. Views of persons with disabilities and their families will be taken into account in addressing their needs. Systems will be put in place to ensure quality of services to meet the needs of people with disabilities and their families. Cost-effectiveness will be promoted through efficient and effective use of resources available to increase access for people with disabilities. Monitoring, assessment and evaluation will be incorporated in the Programme from the start but occurring at several levels.

#### **EXPANSION OF COVERAGE TO ALL 20 DZONGKHAGS**

During the first year of the 9<sup>th</sup> Five Year Plan, the services will be initiated in the 6 dzongkhags where physiotherapy units are already established in the hospitals. The other districts will be covered over the subsequent years, as trained personnel become available. Since the absolute numbers of persons with disabilities who would require interventions are likely to be low and since the health infrastructure from the district downwards is already in place and functioning, it is considered feasible to initiate coverage of services for all those identified as in need of interventions, during the 9<sup>th</sup> Five Year Plan.

# Community Mental Health Programme, Bhutan

The 8th five-year Plan Development Program of Bhutan [1997-2002] has identified Mental Health as a priority area for development in the health sector and launched the Community Mental Health Program in 1997 with the objective to:

- Sensitise health personnel at all levels to be able to provide mental health care along with general health services.
- Reduce problems related to alcohol, drug dependence, and mental and neurological disorders.

The World Health Organization Played a key role in it's development by providing both financial and technical assistance. Since than a series of ground work activities has been carried out by the programme.

#### Strategies:

Some of the strategies and approaches for community mental health are: identification of mental health activities at different level of health system. Accordingly appropriate training and activities in mental health care identified for different categories of health workers and other significant people in the community such as the village health workers, monks, police, teachers etc.

#### Programme Management:

The programme will be totally integrated into the general health services with only a central programme which will be co-ordinated by a programme officer who will be responsible to plan, supervise, monitor and co-ordinate mental health activities. The program would emphasize on community based mental health care strategy and at the same time a specialised mental facility will also be developed to provide back-up support for [preventive and curative requirements.

#### Plan of action:

The plan of action can be considered in two phases:

#### Phase 1, 1997-2001

Activities implemented during the phase 1 plan of action.

- 1. Advocacy awareness activities.
- 2. Development of IEC materials
- 3. Establishment of regular psychiatric OPD clinic at JDWNRH.
- 4. Training of Medical Officers and Nurses.
- 5. Initiated to work on exploring traditional approach to mental health care.
- 6. A two-week clinical attachment for trainees of RIHS with the psychiatric unit

- in JDWNRH has been established.
- 7. Collaboration with the education sector for student counselling service including parents awareness and education program.
- 8. Pilot Mental Health Survey is being conducted during April and May 2002 in Paro, Bumthang and Trashigang Dzongkhags.
- 9. Essential indicator on mental disorders has been incorporated in the new HMIS recording and reporting system.

# The phase 2 of the program will coincide with the $9^{th}$ five-year plan of development (2002 – 2007):

During this phase, we would like to consolidate on the activities we have already embarked now. In addition, we will be establishing mental health care services in the community i.e. at the village and BHU levels. We will also introduce community-based rehabilitation at the village and the family level. In order to successfully implement all theses activities at the grass roots level and sustain them, we will need to establish a national resource centre for supporting the program.

# Programme Indicator in the 9<sup>th</sup> Five Year Plan.

- 1. Determine the prevalence of mental disorders in the country.
- 2. Provision of basic mental health care covering all Dzongkhags by the end of 2007.

# Pilot Mental Health Survey in Bhutan. Occurrence, attitudes, treatment practices and cultural influence.

The prevalence of most mental disorders is remarkably the small all over the world, and there is no evidence to expect that it should be different for Bhutan. However, with the unique culture and development history of Bhutan, the challenging question is if people with mental disorders have enhanced opportunities for better life if modern allopathic treatment can be complemented by indigenous and traditional practises, which are abound in Bhutan.

The main purpose of the project is to describe how the most severe mental disorders such as schizophrenia, epilepsy, severe depression, mental retardation, psychosis and suicide are managed today in Bhutan; to get a firm knowledge of the attitudes towards mental disorders; and of what should be done in the future to provide basic psychiatric care and rehabilitation services at the community level as specified in the 9<sup>th</sup> Five year Plan (FYP). The other important objective if the study as to assess the impact of mental health education to the community and to determine the reliability of the community in reporting mental disorder cases.

To increase project efficiency, this project tested a more comprehensive research strategy combining qualitative and quantitative methodology. The survey took place in Paro, Bumthang, and Trashigang district from 22<sup>nd</sup> April to 30<sup>th</sup> May 2002. The first stage involved a primary identification of potential cases with severe

mental disorder through a workshop with community representatives, religious and traditional healers and health workers. Based upon their information, 378 cases-families were identified for a survey interview and confirmatory diagnostic test. Another 244 control-families who did not have cases and who were randomly selected were also interview.

The focal point of the reject is the Public Health Department with technical support from the Psychiatry Department, JDWNR Hospital, Health research and Epidemiology Unit, and The District Health Officials. The project is funded by Danida and WHO.

#### Preliminary Findings.

The community representatives reported a total of 378 cases during the workshop out of which about 260 cases were confirmed to have a diagnosable mental disorder (this figure also includes a few cases who are confirmed during the field survey but who were not reported during the workshop). The diagnostic break-up of the cases is as follows (see table 1, figure in parenthesis are the actual number of cases confirmed); 104 (83) cases of alcohol dependency syndrome; 110 (69) cases of epilepsy; 61(36) cases of depression;41(39)cases of mental retardation;44(17) cases of psychosis; 18(16) cases of suicide. More than 60% of the cases reported were confirmed to have a diagnosable psychiatric disorder except psychosis, which is 39%.

Disorder	Pa	Paro		Bı	ımth	ang	Tra	shigang	ζ.		
	To	Total HH:225			tal H	H Visisted:	Tota	I HH visit	ed: 287 622		
	1 -		lo. of cases	1	al Norted	o. of cases	Tota	l No. of ca	ases reported:182	378	
	М	F	Total	М	F	Total	М	F	Total	-	
ADS	34	4	38 (24)	4	1	5 (4)	33	28	61 (55)	104 (83)	
Epilepsy	16	16	32 (21)	6	6	12 (9)	42	24	61 (55)	110 (69)	
Depression	11	17	28 (28)	4	15	19 (11)	6	8	66 (39)	61 (49)	
Mental Retardation	5	9	14 (9)	5	3	8 (10)	8	11	14 (10)	41 (39)	
Psychosis	9	10	19 (10)	3	9	12 (5)	7	6	19 (20)	44 (17)	
Suicide	1	7	8 (9)	1	0	1 (1)	4	5	13 (2)	18 (16)	
Total	76	63	139 (88)	23	34	57 (40)	100	82	182 (132)	378 (273)	

A general screening questionnaire to asses the knowledge, attitude and practices regarding sever psychiatric cases was applied to all the 378 case-families interview as well as to another 244 control-families which were not reported to have cases to see if there is significant differences between them. The result are being analysed now which would be able to present in the next Annual Health Bulletin.

# Consultant Meeting with the Community Representatives of Paro, Bumthang and Trashigang Dzongkhag on Mental health.

As part of a pilot study to determine the prevalence of serious mental disorders and treatment practices in the country, a consultative meeting was organized with the community representatives of Paro, Bumthang and Trashigang Dzongkhags from 4th to 19<sup>th</sup> April 2002. More than a 300 people participated in the meeting. A number of issues related to mental health of the people were discussed. One of the significant highlights of the meeting was the participation from the religious community (representatives from the Dratshang and Rabdey), traditional medicine (Dungtshos from the Institute of Traditional Medicine and from Dzongkhag hospitals) and doctors and health workers from Thimphu and from the district.

While inaugurating and chairing a few sessions of the meeting with chimis, gups, mangup,tshopas, chupens and village health workers of Dzongkhags, the Dzongdas of respective Dzongkhags highlighted the importance of mental health in our day-to-day life and addressed measures to prevent mental disorders. They stressed that the Royal Government of Bhutan is taking an enormous burden by giving free treatment to all its citizens and that the government is further considering to provide basic mental health care at the community level. They discussed the importance of people's participation in looking after their own health, especially in mental health.

Dr. Chencho Dorji, psychiatrist and resource person in the workshop stressed the need to understand mental disorder as a spectrum of psychological symptoms and that psychosis (madness) should be understood as an end result of a severe psychological problem. He informed the gathering that nearly 70 percent of the patients who came to seek help in the hospitals around the country had depression and anxiety and that psychosis constituted only about 6 percent of all mental disorders. Other serious mental retardation constituted about 25 percent of the disorders. He also pointed out that mentally ill people are the most disabled and neglected lot in the population due to lack of adequate knowledge about mental disorders and stigma attached to mental disorders in the community. He informed that there is now effective treatment available for the mentally disorderd persons and that such patients need not be kept for long duration in hospitals. But he cautioned that due to the lack of insight in some patients with psychosis, relapses are common unless the family and relatives supervise the medication. Therefore, he stressed on the importance of community and family support in treating and looking after mentally disordered persons.

The Dratshang representative, explained the role of religion and Buddhism in particular, which can play a mitigating role ion everyday stress and the prevention of discontent, reed, dissatisfaction and mental stress among the believers. Dungtsho Wangchuk and other Drungtshos form Dzongkhag Hospital informed that mental disorders and their treatment were described in the Buddhist and Sowa Righpa literature and that few cases are taking treatment from them.

Tandin Chogyel, Program Officer for mental health Program said that considering that for perhaps the first time in the country, all relevant sectors in the treatment of patients were able to participate and discuss issues and thus it has paved a way for the relevant sectors to work together.

The participants, expressed the appreciation of the Community to the Royal Government for providing them with not only free health care services, but also in providing information and educate them about various health matters. They said that this meeting was especially fruitful because of the presence the clergy, the drungtshos and the doctors from the district and from Thimphu. The community representatives could clarify doubts and beliefs from both modern and traditional; medicine perspectives. They pledged on behalf of the community that they would provide their full support and cooperation in looking after their mentally ill people on the district.

Dr. Chencho Dorji pointed out that this is only a pilot project to see if this method of survey is feasible in Bhutan and to see common grounds under which the traditional; and modern treatment services can be integrated or giving in tandem. One of the advantages of this type of consultative meeting and survey is that the community can be effectively informed about mental disorders and that cases can be identified more quickly. The program has plans to conduct similar surveys in the rest of the country of the methodology is found effective.

One of the direct outcomes of the meeting was the collection of the date pertaining to severe mental disorders such as psychosis, epilepsy, mental retardation, suicide, depression and alcohol dependence in Paro, Bumthang and Trashigang Dzongkhags Those identified persons were visited during the field survey April and May to confirm the diagnosis and offer appropriate treatment. The districts were selected based upon the maximum number of cases reported to the program in 2001; easy accessibility by road transport and due to the geographical distribution of the districts.

# Brief overview of deaths reported during 2001

Considering the country's mortality data as a most important and crucial information required for developing the future plan of action, the Department of Health introduced very informative Death Certificate system from the beginning of the year 2000 at two levels i.e. Hospital and BHU levels. It is mandatory to certify all the deaths that occur in the health facilities or at home by the respective health staff in their operational area and submit the carbon copy of the death certificate to the Health Department for health planning. Though the inception of the system has attained more than two years, the system has not shown any significant momentum for timely reporting, completeness of information, accuracy in specifying cause of death.

Presently the deaths are under reported. As of now only 12 Dzongkhags have reported 1075 deaths - 639 from BHUs and 436 from Hospital Level Form in the year 2001 and 8 districts have not at all submitted the death reports. Among the reported cases, the major causes of death beside Unknown, Old Age and Others are Cardiovascular disease which tops the rank with 16% and followed by Cirrhosis of liver 9%, Malignancies 9%, COPD/Br. Asthma 8%, Injuries 7%, Diarrhoea & Dysentery 4%, and Renal failure 4%. (Note: Unknown and Old Age are excluded from the denominator).

Level Wise reported deaths for the year 2001

Level Wise reported deaths for the year 2001									
Cause of Death	Hospital Level	BHU Level	Total						
Others	67	78	145						
Cardiovascular disorder	50	93	143						
Unknown	4 .	137	141						
Cirrhosis of liver	43	37	80						
Malignancies	44	32	76						
Corpulmonary disease/Bronchitis Asthma	21	49	70						
Injuries	29	29	58						
Old Age	3	49	52						
Diarrhoea and Dysentry	15	23	38						
Renal failure	19	18	37						
Encephalopathy/Epilepsy	17	19	36						
Lower Respiratory Tract Infection	15	17	32						
Nutritional Deficiency	20	10	30						
Road Traffic Accidents (RTA)	21	9	30						
Tuberculosis	15	13	28						
Prematurity	20	2	22						
Septicemia	20	0	20						
Suicide	2	12	14						
Malaria	6	3	9						
Maternal Death	2	6	8						
PUO .	1	3	4						
Perinatal Condition	2	0	2						
Total	436	639	1075						

Cause specific Deaths Report for selected districts, 2001

Cause of death	Chukha	Mongar	Paro	Punakha	S/ Jongkhar	Samtse	Sarpang	Thimphu	Trashigang	Trongsa	Tsirang	Yangtse	Total	Percentage
Others	10	12	16	0	4	10	1	43	33	0	7	9	145	16
Cardiovascular disorder	4	27	20		10	3	8	36	22	4	5	4_	143	16
Cirrhosis of liver	0	12	6	0	3	1	4	34	19	0	0	1	80	9
Malignancies	11	5	14	1	3	11	6_	37	5	1	0	2	76	9
COPD/Br. Asthma	2	10	5	2	3	3	5	14	19	2	2	3_	70	8
Injuries	14	9	5	0_	2	1	5	13	7	2	0	0	58	7
Diarrhoea and Dysentry	0	8	1	1	3	2	3	5	11	1	11	2	38	4
Renal failure	0	10	5	0_	0	0	0	12	7	0	11	2	37	4
Encephalopathy/Epilepsy	1_1_	3.	4	0_	4	1	2	12	5	0.	1	3	36	4
Lower Respiratory Tract Infection	2	4	6	0	2	2	2	8	1	0	4	1	32	4
Nutritional Deficiency	1	8	1	0	1	0	1	11	4	0	0	3	30	3
Road Traffic Accidents	8	6	4	2_	1	0.	0	6	11	2	0	0	30	3
Tuberculosis	0	2_	2	0_	5	1	2	9	2	0_	5	0	28	3
Prematurity	0	2	0	0	0	0	1	19	0	0	0	0	22	2
Septicemia	0	2	0	0_	1	0_	0	16	0	0	0	1	20	2
Sucide	1	11	5	0	0	1	1	0	4	0	0	1	14	2
Malaria	2	0	0	0_	0	0	3_	2	0	0	2	0	9	1
Maternal Death	0	1_1_	0	0	1	1	1	1	2	0	1	0	8	1
PUO	0	0	0	0	11	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	4_	0
Perinatal Condition	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2.	0	0	0	0	2	0
Total	46	122	94	6	44	27	48	280	142	12	29	32	882	100

In BHU level reporting particularly, it is observed that the cause of death is frequently written as "old age", which comprises of 8% of the 639 reported cases. Other common feature of cause of death in BHU Level Form is "Unknown" which comprises 22 % of the 639 reported cases. It may be because that the health worker may not be in a position to precisely define the cause of death if the death occurred in homes. In such cases the underlying causes of death could at least be arrived at if the history describing some signs and symptoms or the nature of illness are taken from the relatives and reflected in the death certificate.

In order to ensure timely flow of mortality data from the periphery, reports should be reviewed at the Dzongkhag level either through quarterly/biannual/annual

reviews or during routine supervisory visits. This will enable them to make use of the data for health planning at their own local levels thus improving the quality of data. While going through the entire exercise of compilation of the records it is observed that the individual who issued the death certificate has taken so lightly that many of the important information asked in the format are not filled. The mortality report from 8 districts (those not in the list) were not available for compilation.

#### Deaths due to road traffic accidents (RTA)/Injuries in selected districts.

When deaths due RTA and injuries are clubbed together it occupies the third rank of total death and it is found more common in Chhukha Dzongkhag. This may be due to more vehicular traffic on the highway risking for increasing accidents. Besides, this district has the major construction works under different projects.

	RTA	Injuries	Total	%
Chhukha	. 8	14	22	25
Thimphu	6	13	19	22
Mongar	6	9	1,5	17
Paro	4	5	9	10
Trashigang	1	7	8	9.1
Sarpang	0	5	5	5.7
Trongsa	2	2	4	4.5
Samdrub Jongkhar	1	2	3	3.4
Punakha	2	0	22	2.3
Samtse	0	1	1	1.1
Tsirang	0	0	0	0
Yangtse	0	0	0	0
Total	30	58	88	100

#### Deaths due to Malignancies

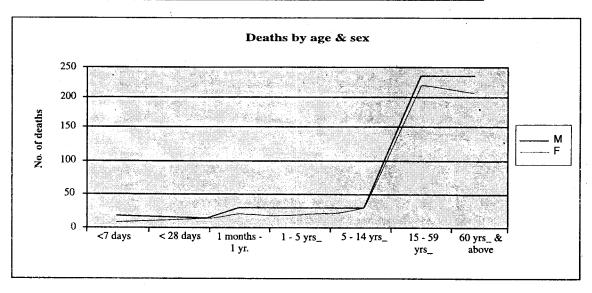
Among the dzongkhags, Thimphu has highest deaths due to malignancies, which is of course, referred cases from the periphery. Comparatively, Paro dzongkhag stands second with large differences from other dzongkhags. On assumption, either Paro has very good health awareness and most accessible to hospital services for better treatment and diagnosis or the actual prevalence rate itself is higher than the other dzongkhags due to some of the underlying factors which influences malignancies like socio-behavioral practices which may not be common in other dzongkhags. The other reason could be that, other dzongkhags might have the prevalence rate as high as Paro, but the diagnosis is missed as the people do not come to health facilities due to ignorance, not having the easy access to health facilities or the competency of health workers is not enough to the extent of diagnosing malignancy. It will only be clear if some sort of study is carried out.

Deaths due to Malignancies in selected districts

Dzongkhag	No. of cases	Dzongkhag	No. of cases
Thimphu	37	Yangtse	2
Paro	14	Trongsa	1
Sarpang	6	Punakha	1
Mongar	5	Chukha	1
Trashigang	. 5	Samtse	1
S/ Jongkhar	3	Tsirang	0
Total	70	Total	6

Age group & Disease wise death 2001

Age group	Male	Female	Total
<7days	16	9	25
< 28 days	14	13	27
1 months - 1 yr.	28	19	47
1 - 5 yrs	25	15	40
5 - 14 yrs	27	24	51
15 - 59 yrs_	230	213	443
60 yrs_& above	232	206	438
Age unknown	0	0	4
Total	572	499	1075



# Section - C Annexures

# HOSPITAL ACTIVITIES REPORT (Bhutan - 2001)

2 Available Beds       951         3 Admission       32367         4 Patient days       197040         5 Bed Occupancy       56.8         6 Average length of stay       6.1         Out patients         1 New       554923         2 Old       199291         Total       754214         X-Ray         1 Chest       15146         2 B/meal       198         3 Others       15557         Total       30901         Laboratory         1 Blood       74727         2 Stool       4258         3 Urine       33514         4 Skin       178         5 Sputum       7161         6 MP       9333         7 Others       20802         Total       150573         Dental         1 Prophylaxis       1426         2 Filling       12111         3 Extractions       17663         4 Others       25112	Sl. No.	Type of activity	Number
3 Admission 32367 4 Patient days 197040 5 Bed Occupancy 56.8 6 Average length of stay 6.1  Out patients  1 New 554923 2 Old 199291 Total 754214  X-Ray 1 Chest 15146 2 B/meal 198 3 Others 15557 Total 30901  Laboratory 1 Blood 74727 2 Stool 4258 3 Urine 33514 4 Skin 178 5 Sputum 7161 6 MP 9933 7 Others 20802 Total 150573  Dental  1 Prophylaxis 1426 2 Filling 12111 3 Extractions 17663 4 Others 255112			1023
4 Patient days 197040 5 Bed Occupancy 56.8 6 Average length of stay 6.1  Out patients  1 New 554923 2 Old 199291 Total 754214  X-Ray 1 Chest 15146 2 B/meal 198 3 Others 15557 Total 30901  Laboratory 1 Blood 74727 2 Stool 4258 3 Urine 33514 4 Skin 178 5 Sputum 7761 6 MP 9933 7 Others 20802 Total 150573  Dental 1 Prophylaxis 1426 2 Filling 12111 3 Extractions 17663 4 Others 25112	2	Available Beds	
5 Bed Occupancy       56.8         6 Average length of stay       6.1         Out patients         1 New       554923         2 Old       199291         Total       754214         X-Ray         1 Chest       15146         2 B/meal       198         3 Others       15557         Total       30901         Laboratory         1 Blood       74727         2 Stool       4258         3 Urine       33514         4 Skin       178         5 Sputum       7161         6 MP       9933         7 Others       20802         Total       150573         Dental         1 Prophylaxis       1426         2 Filling       12111         3 Extractions       17663         4 Others       25112			1
Out patients         1 New       554923         2 Old       199291         Total       754214         X-Ray         1 Chest       15146         2 B/meal       198         3 Others       15557         Total       30901         Laboratory         1 Blood       74727         2 Stool       4258         3 Urine       33514         4 Skin       178         5 Sputum       7161         6 MP       9933         7 Others       20802         Total       150573         Dental       1         1 Prophylaxis       1426         2 Filling       12111         3 Extractions       17663         4 Others       25112	4	Patient days	
Out patients         1 New       554923         2 Old       199291         Total       754214         X-Ray         1 Chest       15146         2 B/meal       198         3 Others       15557         Total       30901         Laboratory         1 Blood       74727         2 Stool       4258         3 Urine       33514         4 Skin       178         5 Sputum       7161         6 MP       9933         7 Others       20802         Total       150573         Dental         1 Prophylaxis       1426         2 Filling       12111         3 Extractions       17663         4 Others       25112			56.8
New   554923   2 Old   199291   Total   754214     Total   754214     Total   754214     Total   754214     Total   198   3 Others   15557   Total   30901     Total   30901   Total   30901   Total   30901     Total   30901	6	Average length of stay	6.1
New   554923   2 Old   199291   Total   754214     Total   754214     Total   754214     Total   754214     Total   198   3 Others   15557   Total   30901     Total   30901   Total   30901   Total   30901     Total   30901		Out patients	
Total   754214	1		554923
X-Ray   1   Chest   15146   2   B/meal   198   3   Others   15557   Total   30901	2	Old	199291
1 Chest       15146         2 B/meal       198         3 Others       15557         Total       30901         Laboratory         1 Blood       74727         2 Stool       4258         3 Urine       33514         4 Skin       178         5 Sputum       7161         6 MP       9933         7 Others       20802         Total       150573         Dental         1 Prophylaxis       1426         2 Filling       12111         3 Extractions       17663         4 Others       25112		Total	754214
2 B/meal       198         3 Others       15557         Total       30901         Laboratory         1 Blood       74727         2 Stool       4258         3 Urine       33514         4 Skin       178         5 Sputum       7161         6 MP       9933         7 Others       20802         Total       150573         Dental         1 Prophylaxis       1426         2 Filling       12111         3 Extractions       17663         4 Others       25112			
Total   30901			
Total       30901         Laboratory       1       Blood       74727         2       Stool       4258         3       Urine       33514         4       Skin       178         5       Sputum       7161         6       MP       9933         7       Others       20802         Total       150573         Dental         1       Prophylaxis       1426         2       Filling       12111         3       Extractions       17663         4       Others       25112	L	I	198
Laboratory         1 Blood       74727         2 Stool       4258         3 Urine       33514         4 Skin       178         5 Sputum       7161         6 MP       9933         7 Others       20802         Total       150573         Dental       12111         1 Prophylaxis       1426         2 Filling       12111         3 Extractions       17663         4 Others       25112	3	Others	15557
1 Blood       74727         2 Stool       4258         3 Urine       33514         4 Skin       178         5 Sputum       7161         6 MP       9933         7 Others       20802         Total       150573         Dental         1 Prophylaxis       1426         2 Filling       12111         3 Extractions       17663         4 Others       25112		Total	30901
2 Stool       4258         3 Urine       33514         4 Skin       178         5 Sputum       7161         6 MP       9933         7 Others       20802         Total       150573         Dental         1 Prophylaxis       1426         2 Filling       12111         3 Extractions       17663         4 Others       25112		Laboratory	
3 Urine       33514         4 Skin       178         5 Sputum       7161         6 MP       9933         7 Others       20802         Total       150573         Dental         1 Prophylaxis       1426         2 Filling       12111         3 Extractions       17663         4 Others       25112	1	Blood	74727
4 Skin       178         5 Sputum       7161         6 MP       9933         7 Others       20802         Total       150573         Dental         1 Prophylaxis       1426         2 Filling       12111         3 Extractions       17663         4 Others       25112	2	Stool	4258
5 Sputum       7161         6 MP       9933         7 Others       20802         Total       150573         Dental         1 Prophylaxis       1426         2 Filling       12111         3 Extractions       17663         4 Others       25112	3	Urine	33514
6 MP       9933         7 Others       20802         Total         Dental         1 Prophylaxis       1426         2 Filling       12111         3 Extractions       17663         4 Others       25112	4	Skin	178
7 Others       20802         Total       150573         Dental       1 Prophylaxis       1426         2 Filling       12111         3 Extractions       17663         4 Others       25112	5	Sputum	7161
Dental         150573           1 Prophylaxis         1426           2 Filling         12111           3 Extractions         17663           4 Others         25112	6	MP	9933
Dental           1 Prophylaxis         1426           2 Filling         12111           3 Extractions         17663           4 Others         25112	7	Others	20802
1 Prophylaxis       1426         2 Filling       12111         3 Extractions       17663         4 Others       25112		Total	150573
2 Filling       12111         3 Extractions       17663         4 Others       25112		Dental	
3 Extractions 17663 4 Others 25112	1	Prophylaxis	1426
4 Others 25112	2	Filling	12111
	3	Extractions	17663
Total 56312	4	Others	25112
		Total	56312

# **HOSPITAL ACTIVITIES REPORT**

(Bhutan - 2001)

	Surgical	The state of the s
1	Major	693
2	Minor	5006
3	Others	4932
	Total	10631
	Gynaecological	
	Major	576
	Minor	1173
3	Others	319
	Total	2068
	Obstretric	
	Total number of births	4035
2	Normal deliveries	3279
	Prolonged labour	173
	Breech	111
5	Twins (sets)	48
	Still birth	53
	Premature	105
	Caesarean section	444
	Forceps delivery	44
	Vacuum delivery	97
11	Antepartum Haemorrhage	61
	Post-partum Haemorrhage	88
	Inversion of uterus	3
	Retained Placenta	153
	Pre-eclampsia	108
	Eclampsia	14
	Ruptured uterus	11
	Sepsis	46
	Severe Anaemia	133
20	Abortion	250

# HOSPITAL ACTIVITIES REPORT

(Bhutan -	2001)
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	Orthopaedic	
1	Major	288
	Minor	917
3	Others	437
	Total	1642
	ENT	
	Major	233
	Minor	440
3	Others	105
	Total	778
	Eye	
	Major	392
	Minor	1694
3	Others	5355
	Total	7441
	Ultra sound	
	Pelvis	3194
	Abdomen	6881
3	Foetus	3318
4	Enchocardigraphy	4
5	Endoscopy	1443
6	Other	211
	Total	15051
	Urology	
1	Major	26
2	Minor	51
	Total	77

# **HOSPITAL ACTIVITIES REPORT FOR 2001**

Sl.	Department	t Hospital			
No.	2 <b>- P</b>	Bumthang	Damphu	Tshimalakha	
1	Sanctioned Beds	40	20	20	
2	Available Beds	33	20	28	
3	Admission	423	788	1061	
4	Patient days	2130	3164	4471	
5	Bed Occupancy	17.7	43.3	43.7	
6	Average length of stay	5.0	4.0	4.2	
1	Out patients New	7996	23810	17694	
	Old	4474	4203	3736	
	Total	12470	28013	21430	
	X-Ray	114	202	557	
	Chest	114	302	557	
	B/meal Others	77	229	854	
3				1	
<u> </u>	Total	191	531	1413	
	Laboratory				
	Blood	1158	2911	3280	
	Stool	62	514	228	
	Urine	637	381	1673	
	Skin			35	
	Sputum	37	186	227	
	MP			215	
7	Others		188	265	
	Total	1894	4180	5923	
	  Dental				
1	Prophylaxis	16	19	90	
	Filling	257	455	649	
	Extractions	356	610	597	
4	Others	349	454		
	Total	978	1538	1931	
	Sil				
1	Surgical Major		•	6	
	Minor	71	114	<del></del>	
			471	5	
	Total	71	585		

Sl.	Department	Hospital					
No.	•	Bumthang	Damphu	Tshimalakha			
	Gynaecological						
1	Major			3			
2	Minor		13	9			
3	Others		69	2			
	Total		82	14			
	Obstretric						
1	Total number of births	44	82	80			
2	Normal deliveries	41	73	70			
3	Prolonged labour	2	3	4			
4	Breech	1	3	1			
5	Twins (sets)			3			
6	Still birth	1	3	2			
7	Premature		1	2			
8	Caesarean section			3			
9	Forceps delivery		4	1			
	Vacuum delivery			3			
11	Antepartum Haemorrhage	1		4			
12	Post-partum Haemorrhage	1	4	<del> </del>			
13	Retained Placenta	2	3	8			
14	Pre-eclampsia			2			
	Sepsis		1	5			
16	Severe Anaemia		3	<u> </u>			
17	Abortion	3	10	13			
	Orthopaedic						
1	Major			15			
2	Minor	4	10	130			
3	Others		57	5			
	Total	4	67	150			
	ENT						
1	Minor			6			
2	Others		3				
	Total		3	6			
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
	Eye						
1	Major	25		1			
	Minor	48		596			
	Others	973	6	315			
	Total	1046	6	912			

# **HOSPITAL ACTIVITIES REPORT FOR 2001**

SI.	Department		Hospital	
No.	•	Phuntsholing	Sarpang	Gelephu
1	Sanctioned Beds	20	20	40
2	Available Beds	25	12	. 40
3	Admission	1644	502	1648
4	Patient days	5836	2909	5446
5	Bed Occupancy	64.0	66.4	37.3
6	Average length of stay	3.5	5.8	3.3
	Out patients			
1	New	54614	21503	44556
2	Old	5345	6304	15265
	Total	59959	27807	59821
	X-Ray			
1	Chest			951
2	B/meal			29
3	Others			1071
	Total			2051
	Laboratory			
	Blood	4887	819	6956
	Stool	170	145	207
	Urine	3496	287	4036
	Sputum	920	178	585
	MP	3489		
6	Others	7506	940	2229
	Total	20468	2369	14013
	Dental Section 1985			
1	Prophylaxis	102	1	25
	Filling	1171		755
	Extractions	1759		1300
_	Others	2236		1963
	Total	5268		4043
	Surgical			
	Major	66		45
	Minor	1049	3	1929
	Others	4111	-	86
	Total	5226	3	2060

Sl.	Department	Department Hospital		
No.	•	Phuntsholing	Sarpang	Gelephu
	Gynaecological			
1	Major			6
2	Minor			217
3	Others			8
	Total			231
	Obstretric			
1	Total number of births	288	47	171
2	Normal deliveries	282	44	154
3	Prolonged labour	22	3	18
	Breech	5	3	4
5	Twins (sets)	1	1	
	Still birth	3		2
7	Premature	8	1	2
8	Caesarean section			11
	Forceps delivery	2		
	Vacuum delivery	2		
	Antepartum Haemorrhage	6		1
	Post-partum Haemorrhage	16		4
	Inversion of uterus	1		
14	Retained Placenta	7	3	9
15	Pre-eclampsia	10	2	2
	Eclampsia	2		
17	Ruptured uterus	4		
	Sepsis	5	1	2
	Severe Anaemia	8	3	32
20	Abortion	37	8	14
	Orthopaedic			
1	Minor	106		
	Others	235		
	Total	341		
	ENT			
	Major			4
	Minor	166		27
$\overline{}$	Others	9		21
	Total	175		31
		173		31
	Eye		-	
	Minor	26		

Sl.	Department	Hospital			
No.	<b>F</b>	Lhuntse	Mongar	Paro	
1	Sanctioned Beds	20	80	40	
	Available Beds	20	80	40	
3	Admission	812	2066	1613	
4	Patient days	4732	18256	7994	
_	Bed Occupancy	64.8	62.5	54.8	
	Average length of stay	5.8	8.8	5.0	
	Out patients				
1	New	8250	18975	21967	
2	Old	2017	4273	3846	
	Total	10267	23248	25813	
	X-Ray				
1	l		748	616	
2	B/meal		20	27	
	Others		602	689	
	Total		1370	1332	
	_				
	Laboratory	1879	16043	1924	
	Blood	92	548	315	
	Stool	605	4820	1032	
	Urine	6	18	7032	
	Skin	64	964	232	
	Sputum Others	159	505	29	
-0	Total	2805	22898	3539	
	Total	2003	22070	3337	
	Dental				
	Prophylaxis	15	63	36	
	Filling	180	716	800	
	Extractions	227	733	497	
4	Others	219	1387	1448	
	Total	641	2899	2781	
	Surgical				
1	Major	. 4	19	55	
2	2 Minor	137	105	241	
3	Others	39	12	41	
	Total	180	136	337	

Sl.	Department		Hospital	
No.		Lhuntse	Mongar	Paro
	Gynaecological			
	Major	8	24	3
	Minor	61	25	38
3	Others	28		
	Total	97	49	41
	Obstretric			
	Total number of births	41	118	231
	Normal deliveries	40	53	220
	Prolonged labour	1	11	12
	Breech	3	7	4
	Twins (sets)		1	
6	Still birth	2	3	4
7.	Premature	1	3	6
8	Caesarean section		22	
9	Forceps delivery		5	1
10	Vacuum delivery			7
11	Antepartum Haemorrhage		2	2
12	Post-partum Haemorrhage	1	2	3
13	Retained Placenta	2	5	9
14	Pre-eclampsia		2	6
15	Sepsis	2	2	3
16	Severe Anaemia	3	7	7
17	Abortion	2	11	32
	Orthopaedic	1		
1	Major	15	27	8
2	Minor	41	96	59
3	Others	23		
	Total	79	123	67
	ENT			
1	Major	12		2
	Minor	88	1	5
3	Others	47		
	Total	147	1	7
				•
	Eye			
	Major	128	42	3
	Minor	457	9	2
	Others	235		
	Total	820	51	5

No.         Pemagatshel         Punakha         Samtse           1 Sanctioned Beds         20         20         60           2 Available Beds         30         30         48           3 Admission         850         1608         1629           4 Patient days         4287         5924         9378           5 Bed Occupancy         39.2         54.1         53.5           6 Average length of stay         5.0         3.7         5.8           Out patients           1 New         13260         30182         21220           2 Old         2297         13485         14709           Total         15557         43667         35929           X-Ray         1         Chest         137         499         410           2 Others         123         398         472           Total         260         897         882           Laboratory         1         Blood         348         7709         3532           2 Stool         25         323         427           3 Urine         401         5765         2563           4 Skin         3         3         216         2	Sl.	Department		Hospital		
Available Beds		_	Pemagatshel		Samtse	
3 Admission	1	Sanctioned Beds	20	20	60	
4   Patient days   4287   5924   9378     5   Bed Occupancy   39.2   54.1   53.5     6   Average length of stay   5.0   3.7   5.8     Out patients	2	Available Beds	30	30	48	
Sed Occupancy   39.2   54.1   53.5	3	Admission	850	1608	1629	
6 Average length of stay         5.0         3.7         5.8           Out patients         1 New         13260         30182         21220           2 Old         2297         13485         14709           Total         15557         43667         35929           X-Ray         1 Chest         137         499         410           2 Others         123         398         472           Total         260         897         882           Laboratory         1 Blood         348         7709         3532           2 Stool         25         323         427           3 Urine         401         5765         2563           4 Skin         3         3         5         5 putum         103         216         265           6 MP         799         1580         7         Others         479         135         5810           Total         1356         14950         14177         Dental         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1	4	Patient days	4287	5924	9378	
Out patients           1 New         13260         30182         21220           2 Old         2297         13485         14709           Total         15557         43667         35929           X-Ray         1         Chest         137         499         410           2 Others         123         398         472           Total         260         897         882           Laboratory         1         Blood         348         7709         3532           2 Stool         25         323         427           3 Urine         401         5765         2563           4 Skin         3         3         5           5 Sputum         103         216         265           6 MP         799         1580           7 Others         479         135         5810           Total         1356         14950         14177           Dental         1         Prophylaxis         25         616         53           2 Filling         55         459         150           3 Extractions         384         286         329           4 Others			39.2	54.1	53.5	
1   New	6	Average length of stay	5.0	3.7	5.8	
Total   15557   13485   14709     Total   15557   43667   35929     X-Ray   1 Chest   137   499   410   2 Others   123   398   472     Total   260   897   882     Laboratory   1 Blood   348   7709   3532   2 Stool   25   323   427   3 Urine   401   5765   2563   4 Skin   3     3   5 Sputum   103   216   265   6 MP   799   1580   7 Others   479   135   5810     Total   1356   14950   14177     Dental   1 Prophylaxis   25   616   53   5 Sputum   55   459   150   3 Extractions   384   286   329   4 Others   360   842   380   Total   824   2203   912   Surgical   1 Major   19   7   7   2 Minor   58   130   54   3 Others   3 Others   3 52   14		ł <del>"</del>				
Total   15557   43667   35929		I				
X-Ray   1   Chest   137   499   410   2   Others   123   398   472       Total   260   897   882       Laboratory   1   Blood   348   7709   3532   2   Stool   25   323   427       3   Urine   401   5765   2563   4   Skin   3       5   Sputum   103   216   265       6   MP   799   1580       7   Others   479   135   5810       Total   1356   14950   14177       Dental   1   Prophylaxis   25   616   53       2   Filling   55   459   150       3   Extractions   384   286   329       4   Others   360   842   380       Total   824   2203   912       Surgical   1   Major   19   7   7       2   Minor   58   130   54   3       3   Others   3   52   14   14       3   Others   3   52   14   14       3   Others   3   52   14   14       4   Others   3   52   14   14       5   Others   3   52   14   14       6   Others   3   52   14   14       7   Others   3   52   14   14       7   Others   3   52   14   14       7   Others   3   52   14   14       8   Others   3   52   14   14       8   Others   3   52   14   14       8   Others   3   52   14   14       7   Others   3   52   14   14       8   Others   3   52   14       8   Others   3   14       9   Others   3   14       9   Others   3   14       9	2				······	
1 Chest       137       499       410         2 Others       123       398       472         Total       260       897       882         Laboratory       3       388       7709       3532         2 Stool       25       323       427         3 Urine       401       5765       2563         4 Skin       3       3         5 Sputum       103       216       265         6 MP       799       1580         7 Others       479       135       5810         Total       1356       14950       14177         Dental       1       1950       150         3 Extractions       384       286       329         4 Others       360       842       380         Total       824       2203       912         Surgical       1       Major       19       7         2 Minor       58       130       54         3 Others       3       52       14		Total	15557	43667	35929	
1 Chest       137       499       410         2 Others       123       398       472         Total       260       897       882         Laboratory       3       388       7709       3532         2 Stool       25       323       427         3 Urine       401       5765       2563         4 Skin       3       3         5 Sputum       103       216       265         6 MP       799       1580         7 Others       479       135       5810         Total       1356       14950       14177         Dental       1       1950       150         3 Extractions       384       286       329         4 Others       360       842       380         Total       824       2203       912         Surgical       1       Major       19       7         2 Minor       58       130       54         3 Others       3       52       14		V Day				
2 Others	1	I -	137	400	410	
Total   260   897   882						
Laboratory   1 Blood   348   7709   3532   2 Stool   225   323   427   3 Urine   401   5765   2563   4 Skin   3   5 Sputum   103   216   265   6 MP   799   1580   7 Others   479   135   5810						
1 Blood       348       7709       3532         2 Stool       25       323       427         3 Urine       401       5765       2563         4 Skin       3       3         5 Sputum       103       216       265         6 MP       799       1580         7 Others       479       135       5810         Total       1356       14950       14177         Dental       25       616       53         2 Filling       55       459       150         3 Extractions       384       286       329         4 Others       360       842       380         Total       824       2203       912         Surgical       1       Major       19       7         2 Minor       58       130       54         3 Others       3       52       14		Total	200	657	002	
1 Blood       348       7709       3532         2 Stool       25       323       427         3 Urine       401       5765       2563         4 Skin       3       3         5 Sputum       103       216       265         6 MP       799       1580         7 Others       479       135       5810         Total       1356       14950       14177         Dental       25       616       53         2 Filling       55       459       150         3 Extractions       384       286       329         4 Others       360       842       380         Total       824       2203       912         Surgical       1       Major       19       7         2 Minor       58       130       54         3 Others       3       52       14		Laboratory				
2 Stool       25       323       427         3 Urine       401       5765       2563         4 Skin       3         5 Sputum       103       216       265         6 MP       799       1580         7 Others       479       135       5810         Total       1356       14950       14177         Dental         1 Prophylaxis       25       616       53         2 Filling       55       459       150         3 Extractions       384       286       329         4 Others       360       842       380         Total       824       2203       912         Surgical       1       Major       19       7         2 Minor       58       130       54         3 Others       3       52       14	1	1	348	7709	3532	
3 Urine       401       5765       2563         4 Skin       3         5 Sputum       103       216       265         6 MP       799       1580         7 Others       479       135       5810         Total       1356       14950       14177         Dental         1 Prophylaxis       25       616       53         2 Filling       55       459       150         3 Extractions       384       286       329         4 Others       360       842       380         Total       824       2203       912         Surgical         1 Major       19       7         2 Minor       58       130       54         3 Others       3       52       14			<del></del>			
4 Skin       3         5 Sputum       103       216       265         6 MP       799       1580         7 Others       479       135       5810         Total       1356       14950       14177         Dental         1 Prophylaxis       25       616       53         2 Filling       55       459       150         3 Extractions       384       286       329         4 Others       360       842       380         Total       824       2203       912         Surgical         1 Major       19       7         2 Minor       58       130       54         3 Others       3       52       14		<u> </u>				
5 Sputum       103       216       265         6 MP       799       1580         7 Others       479       135       5810         Total       1356       14950       14177         Dental         1 Prophylaxis       25       616       53         2 Filling       55       459       150         3 Extractions       384       286       329         4 Others       360       842       380         Total       824       2203       912         Surgical         1 Major       19       7         2 Minor       58       130       54         3 Others       3       52       14		L	101		2303	
6 MP       799       1580         7 Others       479       135       5810         Total       1356       14950       14177         Dental         1 Prophylaxis       25       616       53         2 Filling       55       459       150         3 Extractions       384       286       329         4 Others       360       842       380         Total       824       2203       912         Surgical         1 Major       19       7         2 Minor       58       130       54         3 Others       3       52       14			103		265	
7 Others         479         135         5810           Total         1356         14950         14177           Dental         25         616         53           2 Filling         55         459         150           3 Extractions         384         286         329           4 Others         360         842         380           Total         824         2203         912           Surgical         1         19         7           2 Minor         58         130         54           3 Others         3         52         14			100			
Total         1356         14950         14177           Dental         25         616         53           2 Filling         55         459         150           3 Extractions         384         286         329           4 Others         360         842         380           Total         824         2203         912           Surgical         1         Major         19         7           2 Minor         58         130         54           3 Others         3         52         14			479	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Dental       25       616       53         2 Filling       55       459       150         3 Extractions       384       286       329         4 Others       360       842       380         Total       824       2203       912         Surgical       19       7         2 Minor       58       130       54         3 Others       3       52       14					* · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
1 Prophylaxis       25       616       53         2 Filling       55       459       150         3 Extractions       384       286       329         4 Others       360       842       380         Total       824       2203       912         Surgical       19       7         2 Minor       58       130       54         3 Others       3       52       14						
1 Prophylaxis       25       616       53         2 Filling       55       459       150         3 Extractions       384       286       329         4 Others       360       842       380         Total       824       2203       912         Surgical       19       7         2 Minor       58       130       54         3 Others       3       52       14		Dental				
2 Filling       55       459       150         3 Extractions       384       286       329         4 Others       360       842       380         Total       824       2203       912         Surgical       19       7         2 Minor       58       130       54         3 Others       3       52       14	1		25	616	53	
3 Extractions       384       286       329         4 Others       360       842       380         Total       824       2203       912         Surgical       19       7         2 Minor       58       130       54         3 Others       3       52       14						
4 Others       360       842       380         Total       824       2203       912         Surgical       1       19       7         2 Minor       58       130       54         3 Others       3       52       14						
Total         824         2203         912           Surgical         1         19         7           2 Minor         58         130         54           3 Others         3         52         14	-					
Surgical     19       1 Major     19       2 Minor     58       3 Others     3       52     14						
1 Major       19       7         2 Minor       58       130       54         3 Others       3       52       14					/12	
1 Major       19       7         2 Minor       58       130       54         3 Others       3       52       14		Surgical			i	
2 Minor     58     130     54       3 Others     3     52     14	1	•		19	7	
3 Others 3 52 14			58		54	
		Total	61	201	75	

SI.	Department	Hospital		
No.	P.	Pemagatshel	Punakha	Samtse
	Gynaecological			
	Minor		6	
	Obstretric			
1	Total number of births	36	175	169
	Normal deliveries	36	162	136
3	Prolonged labour	1	10	11
	Breech	2	7	8
	Twins (sets)		3	2
	Still birth	2	3	2
7	Premature		3	1
	Caesarean section			16
9	Forceps delivery			12
	Vacuum delivery		3	1
	Antepartum Haemorrhage		2	4
	Post-partum Haemorrhage	3	9	7
	Retained Placenta	4	11	5
14	Pre-eclampsia	2	12	
	Ruptured uterus			1
	Sepsis		2	1
17	Severe Anaemia		4	20
18	Abortion		15	22
	Orthopaedic	1		
1	Major			12
	Minor		23	32
3	Others		10	6
	Total		33	50
<b> </b>				
	Eye			
1	1. 1 .			3
	Minor		30	402
	Others		1507	171
F	Total		1537	576

SI.	Department	Hospital		
No.	-	Gomtu	Sipsu	S/jongkhar
1	Sanctioned Beds	12	10	20
2	Available Beds	12	15	46
3	Admission	650	1019	843
4	Patient days	2924	3355	6907
5	Bed Occupancy	66.8	61.3	41.1
6	Average length of stay	4.5	3.3	8.2
	Out patients			
1	New	24555	9018	15570
2	Old	5848	2710	2837
	Total	30403	11728	18407
	X-Ray			
1	•	230		212
	B/meal	2		
	Others	270		206
	Total	502		418
		502		, 410
	Laboratory			
1	Blood	1620	2979	2820
2	Stool	91	395	46
3	Urine	325	1132	999
4	Skin			1
5	Sputum	74	453	329
6	MP		1241	2596
7	Others	37	435	1407
	Total	2147	6635	8198
	Dental			
1	Prophylaxis			4
	Filling			109
	Extractions	5		370
4	Others	51		287
	Total	56		770
	Surgical		<del></del>	
	Minor	12	33	48
	Others	49	5	40
	Total	61	38	48

Sl.	Department	Hospital		
No.	<b>r</b>	Gomtu	Sipsu	S/jongkhar
	Gynaecological			
	Minor		10	3
	Obstretric			
1	Total number of births	85	61	83
	Normal deliveries	85	56	75
3	Prolonged labour		1	5
	Breech		4	2
5	Twins (sets)		1	1
	Still birth		2	1
7	Premature		2	
8	Forceps delivery		1	
	Vacuum delivery			5
10	Antepartum Haemorrhage		1	2
	Post-partum Haemorrhage		1	
12	Retained Placenta	1	5	7
13	Pre-eclampsia			2
	Sepsis			1
15	Severe Anaemia		2	
16	Abortion	5	2	19
	Orthopaedic			
1	Minor	18	11	4
2	Others	45	7	
	Total	63	18	4
	ENT			
1	Minor	1	2	
2	Others	27		
	Total	28	2	
			:	
ļ	Eye			
1	Minor	4	_2	0.000
2	Others	47		2101
	Total	51	2	2104

Sl. Department Hospital				
No.		Deothang	Yebilepcha	Trashigang
1	Sanctioned Beds	50	40	75
2	Available Beds	51	48	38
3	Admission	1194	1292	1493
4	Patient days	8801	5206	10001
5	Bed Occupancy	47.3	29.7	72.1
6	Average length of stay	7.4	4.0	6.7
	Out patients			
	New	15203	9750	
2	Old	3104	807	
	Total	18307	10557	23370
	X-Ray			
1	Chest	798		66
2	B/meal	8		
3	Others	916		56
	Total	1722		122
	Laboratory			
1	Blood	4563		7647
2	Stool	67		340
3	Urine	1258		1838
	Skin			21
5	Sputum	290	- 1. 180.00	1160
6	Others	57		160
	Total	6235		11166
	Dental			
1	Prophylaxis			73
	Filling	309		644
3	Extractions	396		1453
4	Others	600		1037
	Total	1305		3207
	Surgical			
1	Major	38	2	
2	Minor	198	48	
3	Others	14	2	
	Total	250	52	37

SI.	Department	Hospital			
No.	-	Deothang	Yebilepcha	Trashigang	
Г	Gynaecological				
1	Major	20	17	5	
2	Minor	4	38	16	
3	Others	20	1	8	
	Total	44	56	29	
	Obstretric	·			
1	Total number of births	66	114	136	
2	Normal deliveries	52	87	103	
3	Prolonged labour		6	4	
4	Breech	5	8	2	
5	Twins (sets)	1	2	4	
6	Still birth	1	8	5	
7	Premature	3	3		
8	Caesarean section	13	19	15	
9	Forceps delivery			2	
10	Vacuum delivery		3	8	
11	Antepartum Haemorrhage		2	5	
12	Post-partum Haemorrhage		8	1	
13	Retained Placenta	1	5	13	
14	Pre-eclampsia		6	1	
-	Sepsis			2	
	Severe Anaemia			5	
17	Abortion	1	13	24	
1	Orthopaedic				
	Major Minor	4			
		34	2		
	Total	38	2		
	ENT				
1	Minor	2			

SI.	Department	Hospital		
No.	_	Riserboo	JDWNRH	Gidakom
1	Sanctioned Beds	30	200	60
2	Available Beds	40	182	60
3	Admission	733	8425	428
4	Patient days	5200	54579	17063
	Bed Occupancy	35.6	82.2	77.9
6	Average length of stay	7.1	6.5	39.9
	Out patients			
1	New	1152	137016	9872
2	Old	3634	78223	5176
	Total	3634	78223	5176
	X-Ray			
1	Chest	20	9408	78
	B/meal		110	. 0
	Others	10	9498	86
	Total	30	19016	164
	Laboratory			
	Blood	373		1660
2	Stool	55		153
	Urine	260		1430
	Skin	11		73
	Sputum	103		642
6	Others	2		172
	Total	804		4130
	Dental			
1	Prophylaxis	16	273	
2	Filling	105	5156	
	Extractions	151	7687	2
4	Others	126	11366	
	Total	398	24482	2
	Surgical			
	Major		432	
$\overline{}$	Minor	43	493	93
	Others		28	
	Total	43	953	93

Sl.	Department	Hospital		
No.	2 <b>- Fu</b>	Riserboo	JDWNRH	Gidakom
	Gynaecological			
1	Major		490	
	Minor		731	1
3	Others		183	
	Total		1404	1
	Obstretric			
1	Total number of births	22	1842	27
2	Normal deliveries	21	1356	27
3	Prolonged labour		49	3
	Breech		28	
	Twins (sets)		26	
	Still birth	1	5	
7	Premature		65	1
8	Caesarean section		345	
9	Forceps delivery		16	
	Vacuum delivery		61	
	Antepartum Haemorrhage	1	27	
	Post-partum Haemorrhage	2	21	1
	Inversion of uterus	1		
14	Retained Placenta	1	43	1
15	Pre-eclampsia		57	1
	Eclampsia		10	
	Ruptured uterus		4	
	Sepsis	1	13	
	Severe Anaemia	2	20	
20	Abortion	2	13	3
	Orthopaedic			
1	Major	1	204	
	Minor	1	340	
	Others		49	
	Total	2	593	3
	ENT			
1	Major		215	5
	Minor		141	
	Others		18	3
	Total		374	

Sl.	Department		Hospital	
No.		Riserboo	JDWNRH	Gidakom
	Eye			
1	Major		179	
2	Minor		113	
	Total		292	
	Ultra sound			
1	Pelvis		3194	
2	Abdomen		6881	
3	Foetus		3318	
4	Enchocardigraphy		4	
5	Endoscopy		1443	
6	Other		211	
	Total		15051	
	Urology			
1	Major		26	
2	Minor		51	
	Total		77	

Sl.	Department	Hospital		
No.		Trashiyangtse	Trongsa	Bajo
	Sanctioned Beds	20	10	10
2	Available Beds	25	18	10
	Admission	562	451	633
	Patient days	3382	3166	1929
	Bed Occupancy	37.1	48.2	52.8
	Average length of stay	6.0	7.0	3.0
	Out patients			
1	New	6716	11483	16668
2	Old National	4916	2605	
	Total	11632	14088	16668
	Laboratory			
1	Blood	560	1059	
	Stool	12	43	
	Urine	211	365	
	Skin	3		
	Sputum	59	74	
	MP	13		
7		5	282	
	Total	863	1823	
	Dental	į.		
,	Filling		97	44
	Extractions		467	54
	Others		1384	28
	Total		1948	126
				-
	Surgical			
	Minor	1	49	
	Gynaecological			
1	Minor	1		
	Obstretric	^- [		~1
		14	32	71
	Normal deliveries	12	27	67
	Prolonged labour		1	6

Sl.	Department		Hospital	
No.	•	Trashiyangtse	Trongsa	Bajo
4	Breech		2	12
5	Twins (sets)	1		1
	Still birth		1	2
7	Premature			3
8	Vacuum delivery	2	2	
9	Antepartum Haemorrhage		1	
10	Post-partum Haemorrhage	1	2	
	Inversion of uterus			1
12	Retained Placenta		2	6
13	Pre-eclampsia			. 3
14	Eclampsia			2
15	Ruptured uterus			2
	Sepsis			5
17	Severe Anaemia	2	4	9
18	Abortion			4
	Orthopaedic			
	Major	2		
2	Minor	1	5	
	Total	3	5	
	ENT			
1	Minor	1		
2	Others		1	
	Total	1	1	
	Eye	1.1		
	Major	11		
$\frac{2}{2}$	Minor	2		
	Total	13		

# List of Health facilities in each district (May 2002)

Districts	Hospitals	Basic Health Unit	Outreach Clinic
Bhutan	29	163	445
Bumthang	Bumthang Hospital	Chhumay Tang Ura	14
Chhukha	Tsimalakha Hospital Phuntsholing Hospital Gedu Hospital	Bongo, Balujora* Chongekha, Dungna Tala, Chapchha Getana, Chhukha Lokchina	42
Dagana		Dagana - I Dagapela Drujegang Akhochin Tshangkha Lajab Jurugang	9
Gasa		Gasa Lungnana Laya	3
Haa	IMTRAT Hospital	Bali - I Yangthang Sangbekha Dorithasa	15
Lhuntse	Lhuntse Hospital	Dungkhar, Menji Patpachhu, Tangmachhu Khoma, Autsho Gorsum/Ungar Ladrong, Tsenkhar Zangkhar	32

Districts	Hospitals	Basic Health Units	ORC
Mongar	Mongar Hospital	Drametse, Balam Gongdu/Dagsa Kengkhar, Bumpazor Lingmethang, Chaskhar Nagor/Silambi Gyalpozhing, Thangrong Tsakaling, Ngatshang Tsamang, Yadi Junmi/Belam Yangbari Serzhong/Muhung	44
Paro	Paro Hospital	Bitekha Dawakha Drugyal	24
Pemagatshel	Pemagatshel Hospital	Dungmin Yurung Chhimong Thrumchung	20
Punakha	Punakha Hospital	Kabisa Shelngana Samadingkha Tshochasa Talo/Mendegang	7
Samtse	Samtse Hospital Gomtu Hospital Sibsoo Hospital	Dorokha, Tedu Bara * Buka * Chargaray * Chengmari, Ghumauney Denchukha, Sengten Panbari * Nainital, Dumtey	2

Districts	Hospitals	Basic Health Units	ORC
Samdrup Jongkhar	Samdrup Jongkhar Hospital	Raitar - I	29
	Dewathang Hospital	Nganglam - I	
		Dalim *	
		Daifam, Dechheling	
		Martshala, Gomdar	
		Minjiwoong, Kulikata	
		Norbugang, Orong	
		Shingkharlauri	
		Samrang *	
Sarpang	Sarpang Hospital	Kalikhola - I	11
	Gaylegphug Hospital	Norbuling, Jigmeling	
		Dovangaon *	
		Jigme Chholing (Surey)	
		Chhuzangang (Taklai)	
		Gongdara *	
		Umling (Lalai)	
		Nichula *	
		Maogaon *	
		Phibsoo, Manas	
Thimphu	JDWNR Hospital	Dechhen Chholing - I	25
•	IBF Hospital	Thinleygang	
	Gidakom Hospital	Gaynekha	
	Lungtenphug Hospital	Lingzhi	
Trashi Yangtse	Yangtse Hospital	Khamdang, Tomiyangsa	23
Trasm rangese	Tungise Hospital	Yalang, Kheni	
		Jamkhar, Ramjar	
Tsirang	Damphu Hospital	Burichhu *	3
		Khorsani, Tsirangdara	
		Lamidara (Mendegang)	
		Danasey *	
		Patalay *	

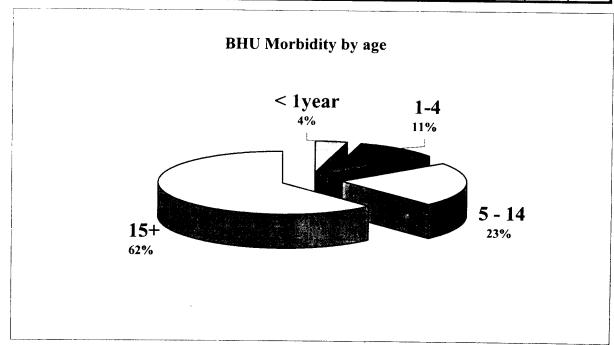
Districts	Hospital	BHU	ORC
Trashigang	Trashigang Hospital	Bartsham, Bikhar	62
	Riserboo Hospital	Phongmay, Bidung	
	Yonphula Hospital	Ozarong, Khaling	
		Rangjung, Radi	
		Yabrang, Merak	
		Sakten Yangnyer	
		Thungkhar, Kangpara	
		Chhangmi, Nanong	
		Thongrong, Pasaphu	ļ
		Thrimshing(Tsangpo)	
Trongsa	Trongsa Hospital	Langthel (Tongtophel)	16
		Kungarabten	
		Nabji	
		Bemji	
		Trashiling	
Wangdi Phodrang	Wangdi Hospital	Bajo - I	23
	(Tencholing)	Dangchhu	
		Kamichhu (Jala)	
		Phobjikha	
		Samtegang	
		Sephu	
		Teki Agona	
		Gaselo	
Zhemgang	Yebilabtsa Hospital	Panbang - I	41
	· · · · · · ·	Gomphu, Drogar	
		Zhemgang, Goshing	
		Khomshar, Lelegang	
		Shingkhar, Buli	
		Langdorbi, Edi	
		Kagtong, Pantang	
	t avaludas 1 Indiganaus H		

Note: Hospital list excludes 1 Indigenous Hospital.

<sup>\*</sup> Centres not functioning.

Annexure - III
Morbidity cases reported from BHUs - Bhutan, 2001

SI.	Diseases	0 - 1	1/12	1	- 4	5 -	- 14	1:	5 +	Total	%
No		M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F		
l	Diarrhoea/dysentery	2804	2985	7157	6810	10434	10273	17193	13779	71435	11.5
2	Cough and cold	4125	4022	7758	8533	14799	16807	39107			21.5
3	Pneumonia	1128	1001	1670	1566	963	944				1.6
	Helminthic infestation	40	47	2833	2431	4208	4299	5569	5573	25000	4.0
5	Skin infection	1503	1628	4141	4413	8783	8330	18458	14429	61685	10.0
6	Malaria	14	13	173	147	582	506	1692	1084	4211	0,6
7	Fever of unknown origin	518	538	1156	1284	2097	2161	6434	5512	19700	3.1
8	Conjunctivities	759	858	1702	1908	3215	3489	8674	10026	30631	4.9
9	Otitis media	613	589	1357	1377	2117	2020	2166	2138	12377	2.0
	Nutritional deficiency	147	165	639	771	1256	1501	4729	6705	15913	2.5
11	Peptic ulcer syndrome	2	2	52	141	1721	2197	15520	17370	37005	6.0
12	Diseases of teeth and gum	46	59	250	403	1945	2219	6451	6148	17521	2.8
13	Urinary tract infection/nephritis	12	14	137	152	417	553	2928	4632	8845	1.4
14	Injuries	58	58	781	782	3930	2346	12099	4692	24746	4.0
15	STD					4	18	628	283	933	0.1
16	Childhood diseases	33	35	373	441	1567	1567	348	350	4714	0.70
17	Diseases of female genital tract		9		30		178		2668	2885	0.4
18	Headache	26	27	533	787	4896	5994	20603	25463	58329	9.40
19	Others	858	762	2414	2540	5736	6181	29534	29462	77487	12.56
	Total	12686	12812	33126	34516	68670	71583	193715	189621	616729	100
	Percentage	2.06	2.08	5.37	5.60	11.13	11.61	31.41	30.75	100	



# Morbidity cases reported from BHUs - Bumthang Dzongkhag, 2001

Sl.	Diseases	0 - 1	1/12	1 -	- 4	5 -	14	15	+	Total	%
No		M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F		
1	Diarrhoea/dysentery	39	36	76	80	217		331	250	1201	9.68
2	Cough and cold	62	55	118	117	356	515	1024	1238	3485	28.09
3	Pneumonia	6	3	3	5	3	6	8	6	40	0.32
4	Helminthic infestation			11	10	39	28	55	85	228	1.84
5	Skin infection	10	15	42	50	169	186	293	254	1019	8.21
6	Malaria							1		1	0.01
7	Fever of unknown origin	1	4	3	3	8	9	73	31	132	1.06
	Conjunctivities	14	9	22	30	69	54	164	264	626	5.05
9	Otitis media	8	4	14	21	58	51	41	60	257	2.07
10	Nutritional deficiency	3	4	15	14	13	27	70	129	275	2.22
11	Peptic ulcer syndrome			1		95	57	397	466	1016	8.19
12	Diseases of teeth and gum		1	3	1	85	72	164	246	572	4.61
13	Urinary tract infection/nephritis			4	2	1	4	53	48	112	0.90
14	Injuries	1		11	6	90	28	193	85	414	3.34
	STD							1		1	0.01
16	Childhood diseases			1	1	6	4	1	1	14	0.11
17	Diseases of female genital tract						2		28	30	0.24
	Headache				2	102	162	454	778	1498	12.07
19	Others	14	9	38	37	82	112	572	621	1485	
	Total	158	140	362	379	1393	1489	3895	4590	12406	100
	Percentage	1.27	1.13	2.92	3.05	11.23	12.00	31.40	37.00	100	

### Morbidity cases reported from BHUs - Chhukha Dzongkhag, 2001

Sl.	Disease	0 - 1	1/12	1 .	- 4	5 -	14	15	+	Total	%
No.		M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F		
1	Diarrhoea/dysentery	499	546	931	946	1307	1385	3112	2256	10982	13.32
2	Cough and cold	545	600	1086	1117	1860	2018	5565	4079	16870	20.45
3	Pneumonia	192	161	304	280	194	191	202	129	1653	2.00
4	Helminthic infestation	22	25	524	523	824	784	955	742	4399	5.33
5	Skin infection	197	210	455	471	990	998	2219	1395	6935	8.41
6	Malaria					5	6	114	48	173	0.21
7	Fever of unknown origin	88	82	159	172	265	323	1071	665	2825	3.43
8	Conjunctivities	66	86	147	168	286	292	852	642	2539	3.08
9	Otitis media	75	94	177	178	249	253	339	305	1670	2.02
10	Nutritional deficiency	14	20	93	123	242	289	739	1088	2608	3.16
11	Peptic ulcer syndrome			4	35	349	363	2284	2034	5069	6.15
12	Diseases of teeth and gum	44	54	119	144	369	452	1796	1120	4098	4.97
	Urinary tract infection/nephritis		1	15	26	113	137	508	687	1487	1.80
14	Injuries	23	18	167	145	577	399	2400	751	4480	5.43
15	STD					2	3	146	51	202	0.24
16	Childhood diseases	6	13	78	123	181	156	49	30	636	0.77
17	Diseases of female genital tract						63		877	940	1.14
18	Headache	5	8	46	53	417	500	1803	2180	5012	6.08
19	Others	244	145	295	340	746	865	4300	2965	9900	12.00
	Total	2020	2063	4600	4844	8976	9477	28454	22044	82478	100
	Percentage	2.45	2.50	5.58	5.87	10.88	11.49	34.50	26.73	100	

### Morbidity cases reported from BHUs - Dagana Dzongkhag, 2001

Sl.	Disease	0 - 1	1/12	1 -	- 4	5 -	14	15	<del>,</del> +	Total	%
No.		M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F		
			Ī								
1	Diarrhoea/dysentery	115	96	319	285	509	588	738	563	3213	11.58
2	Cough and cold	188	155	291	442	604	781	1744	1585	5790	20.87
3	Pneumonia	36	45	67	60	59	44	53	56	420	1.51
4	Helminthic infestation			160	123	261	277	290	240	1351	4.87
5	Skin infection	72	80	157	188	350	454	700	656	2657	9.58
6	Malaria						3	12	3	18	0.06
7	Fever of unknown origin	25	21	28	30	90	79	326	334	933	3.36
8	Conjunctivities	45	10	56	46	74	127	388	376	1122	4.04
9	Otitis media	42	29	77	83	85	84	135	97	632	2.28
10	Nutritional deficiency	8	1	14	20	48	81	254	266	692	2.49
11	Peptic ulcer syndrome			2	7	95	226	582	599	1511	5.45
12	Diseases of teeth and gum			9	16	384	381	391	346	1527	5.50
13	Urinary tract infection/nephritis	1		4	3	19	31	113	95	266	0.96
14	Injuries	1		14	18	137	125	398	253	946	3.41
15	STD							14	3	17	0.06
16	Childhood diseases				1	15	14	17	17	64	0.23
17	Diseases of female genital tract						4		77	81	0.29
	Headache			7	22	198	495	1124	1198	3044	10.97
19	Others	19	23	114	129	311	406	1260	1202	3464	12.48
	Total	552	460	1319	1473	3239	4200	8539	7966	27748	100
	Percentage	1.99	1.66	4.75	5.31	11.67	15.14	30.77	28.71	100	

### Morbidity cases reported from BHUs - Gasa Dzongkhag, 2001

Si.	Disease	0 - 1	1/12	1 ·	- 4	5 -	14	15	<del>,</del> +	Total	%
No.		M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F		
	Diarrhoea/dysentery	2	4	9	8	48	22	113	59		
	Cough and cold	8	11	14	10	59	45	233	151	531	21.33
	Pneumonia	<u> </u>				1		1	1	3	0.12
	Helminthic infestation			5	3	13	10	28	14	73	2.93
5	Skin infection			4	3	16	20	51	34	128	5.14
	Malaria									0	0.00
7	Fever of unknown origin					1	1	3	8	13	0.52
8	Conjunctivities		1		3	11	8	35	70	128	5.14
9	Otitis media	1		3	5	16	9	9	12	55	2.21
10	Nutritional deficiency					5	4	43	48	100	4.02
11	Peptic ulcer syndrome					7	1	67	72	147	5.91
12	Diseases of teeth and gum			1		1	2	31	27	62	2.49
	Urinary tract infection/nephritis			1			1	7	8	17	0.68
14	Injuries			2	1	21	15	64	37	140	5.62
15	STD		İ					1		1	0.04
16	Childhood diseases	1				8	1	3	1	13	0.52
17	Diseases of female genital tract									0	0.00
	Headache			4		30	30	218	201	483	19.41
19	Others		2	4	1	21	24	166	112	330	13.26
	Total	11	18	47	34	258	193	1073	855	2489	100
	Percentage	0.44	0.72	1.89	1.37	10.37	7.75	43.11	34.35	100	

# Morbidity cases reported from BHUs - Haa Dzongkhag, 2001

Sl.	Disease	0 - 1	1/12	1 -	- 4	5 -	14	15	5 +	Total	%
No.		M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F		
1	Diarrhoea/dysentery	6	12	69	76	125	113	316	193	910	6.26
2	Cough and cold	32	41	192	213	348	537	1485	1155	4003	27.55
3	Pneumonia	1	5	12	10					28	0.19
	Helminthic infestation		2	14	42	59	80	205	126	528	3.63
5	Skin infection	22	31	82	131	158	183	456	485	1548	10.65
6	Malaria									0	0.00
7	Fever of unknown origin				4	9	18	16	26	73	0.50
8	Conjunctivities			12	28	33	61	128	112	374	2.57
9	Otitis media		1	10	15	18	10	5	11	70	0.48
10	Nutritional deficiency			2	6	22	31	166	191	418	2.88
11	Peptic ulcer syndrome					21	33	544	587	1185	8.15
12	Diseases of teeth and gum			3	11	26	40	50	73	203	1.40
13	Urinary tract infection/nephritis					1	1	64	31	97	0.67
14	Injuries		2	16	22	48	35	154	128	405	2.79
15	STD							2		2	0.01
16	Childhood diseases									0	0.00
17	Diseases of female genital tract						3		19	22	0.15
	Headache			5	22	71	95	768	902	1863	12.82
19	Others	21	36	84	139	203	237	1086	997	2803	19.29
	Total	82	130	501	719	1142	1477	5445	5036	14532	100
	Percentage	0.56	0.89	3.45	4.95	7.86	10.16	37.47	34.65	100	

### Morbidity cases reported from BHUs - Lhuntse Dzongkhag, 2001

Sl.	Disease	0 - 11	/12	1 -	- 4	5 -	14	15	+	Total	%
No.		M	F	M	F	M	F	М	F		·
			-								4
	Diarrhoea/dysentery	102	1,0	301	238	426	451	403	427	2458	17.86
	Cough and cold	1.35	125	184	214	517	588	1537	1437	4738	22.66
	Pneumonia	21	2.3	35	18	6	3	14	13	133	0.64
4	Helminthic infestation		1	89	85	155	204	242	271	1047	5.05
5	Skin infection	40	4	182	146	494	402	519	577	2530	12.21
6	Malaria									()	0.00
7	Fever of unknown origin		-4	2	4	13	9	28	36	9.7	1/47
8	Conjunctivities		[4]	88	46	167	149	392	644	1528	7.37
9	Otitis media		()	46	38	83	63	58	92	421	2.03
10	Nutritional deficiency	2		10	10	18	27	95	170	336	1 62
11	Peptic ulcer syndrome				1	25	38	379	477	920	4.44
	Diseases of teeth and gum			7	4	43	33	193	250	530	2.50
13	Urinary tract infection/nephritis	on Commence of the Control of the Co	1	5	5	7	18	114	197;	347	1.67
14	Injuries	:	4	25	19	218	126	405	2/12	1000	4.82
15	STD		1					31	1.5	46	0.22
16	Childhood diseases		5	13	15	104	130	7	1(1)	286	1.38
17	Diseases of female genital tract	pres to transportate and was			5		10		731	89	0.43
	Headache	The second		6	30	240	256	6361	974	2142	10.33
19	Others		16.	68	62	138	182	699	800)	2079	10.03
	Total	365	402	1061	940	2654	2689	5852	6764	20727	100
	Percentage	1.76	1.94	5.12	4.54	12.80	12.97	28.23	32.63	100	

Morbidity cases reported from BHUs - Monggar Dzongkhag, 2001

SI.	Disease	0 - 1	1/12	1	- 4	5 -	-14	15	, +	Total	%
No.		M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F		
	Diarrhoea/dysentery	249	233	698	595	1073	1027	1853	1235	6963	12.22
	Cough and cold	372	303	600	724	1123	1173	3886	3095	11276	19.78
	Pneumonia	138	93	186	137	77	79	206	174	1090	1.91
	Helminthic infestation	5	2	527	203	553	432	651	601	2974	5.22
5	Skin infection	115	125	393	438	727	669	2191	1396	6054	10.62
6	Malaria	1		5	2	22	13	65	42	150	0.26
7	Fever of unknown origin	9	1	24	29	36	25	190	56	370	0.65
8	Conjunctivities	73	73	176	206	360	404	1088	1084	3464	6.08
9	Otitis media	63	39	141	131	219	218	234	240	1285	2.25
10	Nutritional deficiency	15	20	47	60	181	156	557	475	1511	2.65
11	Peptic ulcer syndrome		1	9	10	95	128	1190	1198	2631	4.62
	Diseases of teeth and gum		1	8	35	115	136	504	437	1236	2.17
13	Urinary tract infection/nephritis	1	3	4	19	43	67	346	467	950	1.67
	Injuries	7	4	40	67	375	221	1355	428	2497	4.38
15	STD						2	85	65	152	0.27
16	Childhood diseases	5	2	21	29	87	86	19	26	275	0.48
17	Diseases of female genital tract		1		4		12		193	210	0.37
	Headache	4	3	20	36	387	393	2055	1932	4830	8.47
19	Others	66	77	281	294	713	740	3279	3628	9078	15.93
	Total	1123	981	3180	3019	6186	5981	19754	16772	56996	100
	Percentage	1.97	1.72	5.58	5.30	10.85	10.49	34.66	29.43	100	

# Morbidity cases reported from BHUs - Paro Dzongkhag, 2001

Sl.	Disease	0 - 1	1/12	1	- 4	5 -	- 14	15	5 +	Total	%
No.		M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F		
1	Diarrhoea/dysentery	42	53	122	112	1.60					
	Cough and cold	43 70	52	122	113	160		354	298		
	Pneumonia	1	70	193	192	510		1030	1109	3643	
		23	35	50	48	14	11	48	53	282	1.77
	Helminthic infestation		1	28	39	68	69	91	82	378	2.38
	Skin infection	19	9	56	90	182	164	343	289	1152	7.24
	Malaria							2	3	5	0.03
7	Fever of unknown origin	2	2	6	24	21	25	104	92	276	1.74
8	Conjunctivities	3	17	24	60	81	70	172	199	626	3.94
9	Otitis media	7	2	34	20	54	49	54	45	265	1.67
10	Nutritional deficiency	2	6	11	21	30	31	90	215	406	2.55
11	Peptic ulcer syndrome					66	78	626	753	1523	9.58
12	Diseases of teeth and gum	i		4	19	53	58	162	194	491	3.09
	Urinary tract infection/nephritis			1	3	13	16	84	157	274	1.72
	Injuries			15	16	77	68	299	134	609	
15	STD						- 00	16	134	17	3.83
	Childhood diseases	1		7	11	70	82	26	23		0.11
	Diseases of female genital tract	<del>                                     </del>			11		7	20		220	1.38
	Headache			5	16	129	154	((0	40	48	0.30
_	Others	17	20	69	83	154		668	993	1965	12.35
	Total		-				160	933	1014	2450	15.40
		188	214	625	756	1682	1645	5102	5694	15906	100
	Percentage	1.18	1.35	3.93	4.75	10.57	10.34	32.08	35.80	100	

Morbidity cases reported from BHUs - Pemagatshel Dzongkhag,  $2001\,$ 

Sl.	Disease	0 - 1	1/12	1	- 4	5 -	14	15	, +	Total	%
No.		M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F		
1	Diarrhoea/dysentery	29	24	82	75	147	115	137	145	754	
2	Cough and cold	55	46	87	95	246	243	358	456	1586	23.72
3	Pneumonia	12	5	6	12	8	2	14	14	73	1.09
4	Helminthic infestation			47	43	39	58	47	112	346	5.17
5	Skin infection	33	29	84	75	152	162	164	302	1001	14.97
6	Malaria							4		4	0.06
7	Fever of unknown origin	1		7	9	5	9	31	51	113	1.69
8	Conjunctivities	11	16	35	41	36	44	78	136	397	5.94
9	Otitis media	1	4	16	17	29	25	29	49	170	2.54
10	Nutritional deficiency	1	i	6	5	4	2	25	89	133	1.99
11	Peptic ulcer syndrome			1	1	28	31	110	185	356	5.32
12	Diseases of teeth and gum				2	15	13	53	79	162	2.42
13	Urinary tract infection/nephritis				1	4	7	23	77	112	1.67
14	Injuries			6	18	28	25	69	53	199	2.98
15	STD							15	10	25	0.37
16	Childhood diseases						2	2	1	5	0.07
17	Diseases of female genital tract						1		17	18	0.27
	Headache			2	18	77	68	111	237	513	7.67
19	Others	7	3	14	18	55	38	217	368	720	10.77
	Total	150	128	393	430	873	845	1487	2381	6687	100
	Percentage	2.24	1.91	5.88	6.43	13.06	12.64	22.24	35.61	100	

### Morbidity cases reported from BHUs - Punakha Dzongkhag, 2001

SI.	Disease	0 - 1	1/12	1 .	- 4	5 -	14	15	; +	Total	%
No.		M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F		
1	Diarrhoea/dysentery	64	60	227	225	424	452	553	514	2519	
	Cough and cold	98	94	248	228	662	840	1279	1449	4898	22.21
	Pneumonia	50	53	90	81	43	50	45	48	460	2.09
4	Helminthic infestation		1	80	78	155	131	207	238	890	4.04
5	Skin infection	50	36	124	172	572	522	723	623	2822	12.80
6	Malaria									0	0.00
7	Fever of unknown origin	8	9	23	27	42	34	288	158	589	2.67
8	Conjunctivities	8	11	33	36	108	125	244	415	980	4.44
9	Otitis media	20	11	33	34	80	66	62	65	371	1.68
10	Nutritional deficiency	1	4	12	10	42	52	237	413	771	3.50
11	Peptic ulcer syndrome				2	i <i>5</i>	38	524	604	1183	5.37
	Diseases of teeth and gum			3	3	43	71	162	178	460	2.09
13	Urinary tract infection/nephritis		1	4	1	8	8	82	129	2.33	1.06
14	Injuries	1	2	27	22	187	92	496	165	992	4.50
15	STD						3	23	7	331	0.15
16	Childhood diseases	1	1	16	14	189	232	18	23	494	2.24
17	Diseases of female genital tract				1		2		75	78	0.35
	Headache			3	11	104	138	737	1006	1999	9.07
19	Others	16	16	65	62	181	223	829	885	2277	10.33
	Total	317	299	988	1007	2855	3079	6509	6995	22049	100
	Percentage	1.44	1.36	4.48	4.57	12.95	13.96	29.52	31.72	100	

Morbidity cases reported from BHUs - Samdrupjongkhar Dzongkhag, 2001

SI.	Disease	0 - 1	1/12	1 ·	- 4	5 -	14	15	; +	Total	%
No.		M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F		
	Diarrhoea/dysentery	150	169	458	434	844	712	1215	865	4847	9.67
	Cough and cold	350	332	607	688	1423	1572	3293	2938	11203	22.36
	Pneumonia	125	101	177	172	91	92	106	118	982	1.96
4	Helminthic infestation		1	174	175	330	351	473	475	1979	3.95
5	Skin infection	132	135	322	334	713	476	1817	1057	4986	9.95
	Malaria	5	7	53	47	247	224	624	402	1609	3.21
7	Fever of unknown origin	25	30	110	113	219	196	748	550	1991	3.97
8	Conjunctivities	34	40	95	100	222	198	745	804	2238	4.47
9	Otitis media	38	31	93	108	194	179	216	182	1041	2.08
10	Nutritional deficiency	12	7	39	43	77	89	402	432	1101	2.20
	Peptic ulcer syndrome		1	3	7	112	92	1135	1339	2689	5.37
12	Diseases of teeth and gum			17	9	79	64	330	310	809	1.61
13	Urinary tract infection/nephritis	4	3	22	21	39	38	309	719	1155	2.31
14	Injuries	4	7	68	47	312	129	1038	299	1904	3.80
15	STD					2	1	33	8	44	0.09
16	Childhood diseases	4		8	12	101	95	12	9	241	0.48
17	Diseases of female genital tract		1		2		4		149	156	0.31
	Headache			35	35	553	570	1503	1581	4277	8.54
19	Others	59	36	136	147	383	353	2908	2832	6854	13.68
	Total	942	901	2417	2494	5941	5435	16907	15069	50106	100
	Percentage	1.88	1.80	4.82	4.98	11.86	10.85	33.74	30.07	100	100

# Morbidity cases reported from BHUs - Samtse Dzongkhag, 2001

Sl.	Disease	0 - 1	1/12	1	- 4	5 -	14	15	5 +	Total	%
No.		M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F		
	Diarrhoea/dysentery	106	110	351	301	557	499	588	573	3085	8.46
	Cough and cold	216	189	538	518	1081	1094	2287	2624	8547	23.45
	Pneumonia	34	28	55	48	29	31	59	80	364	1.00
4	Helminthic infestation	2	4	253	222	342	321	288	382	1814	4.98
5	Skin infection	84	104	279	301	712	524	934	845	3783	10.38
6	Malaria			1	1	7	8	15	6	38	0.10
7	Fever of unknown origin	32	30	124	132	364	286	929	983	2880	7.90
8	Conjunctivities	23	31	52	63:	114	144	199	275	901	2.47
9	Otitis media	24	9	51	67	107	118	96	127	599	1.64
10	Nutritional deficiency	4		28	12	38	45	179	496	802	2.20
	Peptic ulcer syndrome			3	8	85	105	691	1164	2056	5.64
12	Diseases of teeth and gum		1	8	13	58	60	187	210	537	1.47
	Urinary tract infection/nephritis	2	1	8	6	13	18	75	187	310	
	Injuries	3	3	40	37	258	137	537	280	1295	0.85
15	STD	T				230	137	4	200	1293	3.55
16	Childhood diseases	2	2	21	32	163	133	50	58	/	0.02
17	Diseases of female genital tract	<del>                                     </del>			1	105	12	301		461	1.26
	Headache	<del>                                     </del>	i	37	81	448	576	1770	275	288	0.79
	Others	12	31	95	110	329	302	1778	2170	5091	13.97
	Total	544	544					1224	1484	3587	9.84
	Percentage	1.49	1.49	1944	1953	4705	4413	10120	12222	36445	100
	1 Creciliage	1.49	1.49	5.33	5.36	12.91	12.11	27.77	33.54	100	

Morbidity cases reported from BHUs - Sarpang Dzongkhag, 2001

Sl.	Disease	0 - 1	1/12	1 -	- 4	5 -	14	15	; +	Total	%
No.		M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F		
1	Diarrhoea/dysentery	234	220	375	456	656	698	1109	861	4609	10.66
2	Cough and cold	235	297	474	487	706	845	1464	1437	5945	13.76
3	Pneumonia	80	92	183	152	73	66	91	80	817	1.89
4	Helminthic infestation	3	5	126	95	163	142	152	160	846	1.96
5	Skin infection	143	172	386	409	524	534	1116	808	4092	9.47
6	Malaria	8	6	109	96	273	231	768	524	2015	4.66
7	Fever of unknown origin	155	168	330	350	513	573	987	833	3909	9.04
8	Conjunctivities	50	56	130	120	218	215	362	383	1534	3.55
9	Otitis media	36	44	138	128	184	205	155	160	1050	2.43
10	Nutritional deficiency	4	8	48	40	84	96	203	362	845	1.96
11	Peptic ulcer syndrome			2	4	139	164	849	902	2060	4.77
12	Diseases of teeth and gum			9	41	126	150	341	277	944	2.18
13	Urinary tract infection/nephritis	2		13	13	58	64	296	461	907	2.10
14	Injuries	5	4	63	56	311	158	941	311	1849	4.28
	STD							47	28	75	0.17
16	Childhood diseases	1	1	18	30	117	98	23	36	324	0.75
17	Diseases of female genital tract						16		108	124	0.29
	Headache	2	2	34	56	570	630	1850	2035	5179	11.98
19	Others	104	105	255	206	475	464	2287	2200	6096	14.10
	Total	1062	1180	2693	2739	5190	5349	13041	11966	43220	100
	Percentage	2.46	2.73	6.23	6.34	12.01	12.38	30.17	27.69	100	

### Morbidity cases reported from BHUs - Shemgang Dzongkhag, 2001

Sl.	Disease	0 - 1	1/12	1 -	- 4	5 -	14	15	; +	Total	%
No.		M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F		
1	Diarrhoea/dysentery	114	123	452	388	715	633	904	626	3955	11.47
2	Cough and cold	175	169	389	489	925	1047	2364	2401	7959	23.09
3	Pneumonia	52	25	59	62	22	32	33	49	334	0.97
4	Helminthic infestation	1		78	97	195	231	410	477	1489	4.32
5	Skin infection	75	73	243	230	421	416	1328	889	3675	10.66
6	Malaria			3	1	20	16	52	22	114	0.33
7	Fever of unknown origin	22	20	67	78	128	104	340	253	1012	2.94
8	Conjunctivities	38	43	64	86	169	177	446	617	1640	4.76
9	Otitis media	49	36	69	89	99	107	106	81	636	1.84
10	Nutritional deficiency	6	4	25	57	52	43	257	254	698	2.02
11	Peptic ulcer syndrome	1		9	10	152	162	992	1101	2427	7.04
12	Diseases of teeth and gum			18	12	100	120	467	479	1196	3.47
	Urinary tract infection/nephritis	1		8	4	7	10	156	221	407	1.18
14	Injuries	1	1	34	54	245	115	768	328	1546	4.48
15	STD						4	31	14	49	0.14
16	Childhood diseases	2	1	7	8	44	50	24	16	152	0.44
17	Diseases of female genital tract				2		5		145	152	0.44
	Headache	1	1	18	21	294	344	828	1101	2608	7.57
19	Others	22	19	138	141	424	382	1809	1488	4423	12.83
	Total	560	515	1681	1829	4012	3998	11315	10562	34472	100
	Percentage	1.62	1.49	4.88	5.31	11.64	11.60	32.82	30.64	100	

Morbidity cases reported from BHUs - Thimphu Dzongkhag, 2001

Sl.	Disease	0 - 1	1/12	1 -	- 4	5 -	14	15	; +	Total	%
No.		M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F		
	Diarrhoea/dysentery	190	162	454	438	338	469	870	502	3423	11.30
	Cough and cold	306	255	626	775	1028	1098	2435	2058	8581	28.34
3	Pneumonia	80	43	96	94	59	61	96	83	612	2.02
4	Helminthic infestation	1	1	98	68	93	88	110	96	555	1.83
5	Skin infection	52	78	194	203	393	451	1072	637	3080	10.17
6	Malaria									0	0.00
7	Fever of unknown origin	13	17	38	52	27	31	80	65	323	1.07
8	Conjunctivities	33	26	76	68	124	148	432	390	1297	4.28
9	Otitis media	33	38	69	50	82	66	91	85	514	1.70
10	Nutritional deficiency	3	3	21	28	37	53	267	287	699	2.31
11	Peptic ulcer syndrome			1	1	23	68	894	759	1746	
	Diseases of teeth and gum			7	16	93	122	285	245	768	2.54
	Urinary tract infection/nephritis			9	10	15	24	204	254	516	
14	Injuries			50	45	212	136	885	224	1552	5.12
15	STD							7	5	12	0.04
16	Childhood diseases	1	3	87	71	215	197	35	25	634	2.09
17	Diseases of female genital tract		1						154	154	0.51
	Headache	5		4	8	97	140	622	858	1734	5.73
19	Others	51	56	180	180	308	337	1783	1188	4083	13.48
7.	Total	768	682	2010	2107	3144	3489	10168	7915	30283	100
	Percentage	2.54	2.25	6.64	6.96	10.38	11.52	33.58	26.14	100	

# Morbidity cases reported from BHUs - Trashigang Dzongkhag, 2001

SI.	Disease	0 - 1	1/12	1 -	- 4	5 -	14	15	5 +	Total	%
No.		M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F		
,	Diambaaa	226	444	020	0.0						
	Diarrhoea/dysentery	326	444	938	919	1288	1152	1831	1896	8794	13.31
	Cough and cold	444	457	858	868	1283	1648	3854	4617	14029	21.23
	Pneumonia	111	127	132	131	60	49	122	159	891	1.35
	Helminthic infestation	4	4	317	292	447	552	630	725	2971	4.50
5	Skin infection	176	186	515	537	1025	964	1948	1910	7261	10.99
6	Malaria			2		6	2	21	17	48	0.07
7	Fever of anknown origin	32	30	82	79	126	154	503	573	1579	2.39
C:	Conjunctivities	99	145	316	338	548	604	1439	1769	5258	7.96
Į.	Otitis med:n	60	58	144	166	239	258	270	263	1458	2.21
10	Nutritional deficiency	7	15	47	63	98	96	404	457	1187	1.80
i 1	Peptic ulcer syndrome			7	43	194	275	1500	1841	3860	5.84
	Diseases of teeth and gum		1	16	47	142	185	547	711	1649	2.50
13	Urinary treet infection/nephritis			15	14	39	44	198	401	711	1.08
14	Injuries	3	8	64	70	319	199	658	348	1669	2.53
15	STD						2	52	23	77	0.12
16	Childhood diseases	5	1	28	18	79	63	15	16	225	0.34
17	Diseases of female genital tract		5		8		19		152	184	0.28
18	Headache			79	129	385	533	1890	2432	5448	8.24
19	Others	61	84	324	301	630	680	2796	3910	8786	13.29
	Total	1328	1565	3884	4023	6908	7479	18678	22220	66085	100
	Percentage	2.01	2.37	5.88	6.09	10.45	11.32	28.26	33.62	100	

# Morbidity cases reported from BHUs - Trashiyangtse Dzongkhag, 2001

SI.	Disease	0 - 1	1/12	1 -	. 4	5 -	14	15	+	Total	%
No.		M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F		
1	Diarrhoea/dysentery	99	151	331	319	475	448	648	615	3086	16.10
	Cough and cold	137	107	182	209	427	496	1342	1353	4253	22.18
	Pneumonia	24	32	22	31	11	8	16	21	165	0.86
4	Helminthic infestation			42	48	100	98	137	118	543	2.83
5	Skin infection	54	57	160	147	370	348	606	640	2382	12.43
6	Malaria							2	2	4	0.02
7	Fever of unknown origin	5	3	12	13	31	31	94	77	266	1.39
	Conjunctivities	28	55	78	85	131	136	336	447	1296	6.76
_	Otitis media	24	47	52	43	89	67	88	79	489	2.55
10	Nutritional deficiency	4	5	20	20	20	18	102	146	335	1.75
11	Peptic ulcer syndrome				3	42	45	358	447	895	4.67
	Diseases of teeth and gum			4	2	33	43	196	251	529	2.76
	Urinary tract infection/nephritis			4	1	6	16	64	106	197	1.03
	Injuries	1	1	16	15	199	59	334	109	734	3.83
	STD							8	1	9	0.05
16	Childhood diseases			4	9	4	9	6	5	37	0.19
	Diseases of female genital tract						3		57	60	0.31
	Headache	1		4	9	145	173	349	598	1279	6.67
19	Others	25	28	70	72	186	202	993	1036	2612	13.62
	Total	402	486	1001	1026	2269	2200	5679	6108	19171	100
	Percentage	2.10	2.54	5.22	5.35	11.84	11.48	29.62	31.86	100	

### Morbidity cases reported from BHUs - Trongsa Dzongkhag, 2001

Sl. Disease	0 - 1	1/12	1	- 4	5 -	14	15	<b>i</b> +	Total	%
No.	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F		
1 Diarrhoea/dysentery	94	82	251	223	259	302	369	394	1974	10.68
2 Cough and cold	160	123	193	181	386	422	1021	1443	3929	21.25
3 Pneumonia	29	18	22	26	9	9	18	24	155	0.84
4 Helminthic infestation	1		81	92	112	138	145	166	735	3.98
5 Skin infection	28	20	89	99	197	219	410	455	1517	8.20
6 Malaria					1		5	8	14	0.08
7 Fever of unknown origin	56	74	73	93	93	113	214	222	938	5.07
8 Conjunctivities	32	26	56	54	95	93	334	432	1122	6.07
9 Otitis media	22	25	42	40	61	51	68	68	377	2.04
10 Nutritional deficiency	12	10	24	41	37	47	81	171	423	2.29
11 Peptic ulcer syndrome			7	6	39	78	542	796	1468	7.94
12 Diseases of teeth and gum			3	13	44	53	184	249	546	2.95
13 Urinary tract infection/nephritis			2	I	6	13	55	130	207	1.12
14 Injuries	4	1	33	20	80	67	264	99	568	3.07
15 STD						1	44	12	57	0.31
16 Childhood diseases	3	3	10	9	107	112	14	32	290	1.57
17 Diseases of female genital tract		1				3		49	53	0.29
18 Headache	6	9	46	54	139	152	611	1047	2064	11.16
19 Others	65	11	53	62	88	142	693	939	2053	11.10
Total	512	403	985	1014	1753	2015	5072	6736	18490	100
Percentage	2.77	2.18	5.33	5.48	9.48	10.90	27.43	36.43	100	

Morbidity cases reported from BHUs - Tsirang Dzongkhag, 2001

SI.	Disease	0 - 1	1/12	1 -	- 4	5 -	14	15	i +	Total	%
No.		M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F		
			Î								
1	Diarrhoea/dysentery	36	39	77	63	96	130	178	168	787	9.47
2	Cough and cold	45	54	105	99	139	244	380	515	1581	19.03
	Pneumonia	14	17	18	27	18	22	39	40	195	2.35
4	Helminthic infestation	1		52	31	62	79	39	58	322	3.88
5	Skin infection	19	23	64	60	129	129	293	234	951	11.45
6	Malaria						2	4	5	11	0.13
7	Fever of unknown origin	25	26	43	51	55	89	209	322	820	9.87
8	Conjunctivities	10	6	5	11	16	17	46	57	168	2.02
	Otitis media	6	3	11	14	34	24	22	39	153	1.84
10	Nutritional deficiency		1	3	1	4	4	35	89	137	1.65
11	Peptic ulcer syndrome	1		3	2	13	34	133	171	357	4.30
12	Diseases of teeth and gum	1	1	2	1	9	11	41	87	153	1.84
13	Urinary tract infection/nephritis	1	1	3	3	2	2	32	55		1.19
14	Injuries		1	8	7	38	30	111	61	256	3.08
	STD						1		1	2	0.02
16	Childhood diseases		1	4	4	17	20	8	7	61	0.73
17	Diseases of female genital tract				6		10		38	54	0.65
	Headache	1	2	11	10	82	88	473	750	1417	17.05
19	Others	8	6	24	25	62	51	246	363	785	9.45
	Total	168	181	433	415	776	987	2289	3060		100
	Percentage	2.02	2.18	5.21	4.99	9.34	11.88	27.55	36.83	100	

#### Morbidity cases reported from BHUs - Wangdue Dzongkhag, 2001

SI.	Disease	0 - 1	1/12	1 -	- 4	5 -	14	15	+	Total	%
No.		M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F		,
					·						
1	Diarrhoea/dysentery	307	312	636	628	770	771	1571	1339	6334	13.16
	Cough and cold	492	538	773	867	1116	1132	2526	2649	10093	20.97
3	Pneumonia	100	95	153	172	186	188	411	370	1675	3.48
4	Helminthic infestation			127	162	198	226	414	405	1532	3.18
5	Skin infection	176	181	310	329	489	509	1175	943	4112	8.54
6	Malaria					1	1	3	2	7	0.01
7	Fever of unknown origin	18	17	25	21	51	52	200	177	561	1.17
8	Conjunctivities	174	183	237	319	353	423	794	910	3393	7.05
9	Otitis media	82	95	137	130	137	117	88	78	864	1.80
10	Nutritional deficiency	48	53	174	197	204	310	523	927	2436	5.06
11	Peptic ulcer syndrome				1	126	181	1723	1875	3906	8.12
12	Diseases of teeth and gum	1		9	14	127	153	367	379	1049	2.18
13	Urinary tract infection/nephritis	T	3	15	19	. 23	34	145	202	441	0.92
14	Injuries	3	2	82	97	198	182	730	397	1691	3.51
15	STD						1	68	36	105	0.22
16	Childhood diseases	1	1	50	54	60	- 83	19	14	282	0.59
17	Diseases of female genital tract						2		142	144	0.30
18	Headache	1	1	167	174	428	497	2125	2490	5883	12.22
19	Others	32	39	107	131	247	281	1454	1331	3622	7.53
	Total	1434	1520	3002	3315	4714	5143	14336	14666	48130	100
	Percentage	2.98	3.16	6.24	6.89	9.79	10.69	29.79	30.47	100	

Annexure IV Hospital morbidity.report for Bhutan - 2001

SI.	Diseases	0 - 1	1/12	1	- 4	5 -	- 14	15	- 49	50	) +	Total	%
No		M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	М	F	1	, ,
1	Bacterial and amoebic												
	intestinal infections	810	913	1537	1768	2022	2002	4111	3027	1379	1224	18793	3.77
2	Viral and other intestinal infections	1615	1607	3483	3038	3969	3782	5556	3997	1591	1218	29856	5.99
3	Tuberculosis	8	2	9	18	45	142	436	403	358	335	1756	0.35
4	Children's diseases	22	58	264	297	816	752	309	249	52	35	2854	0.57
5	Tonsilitis	101	117	292	403	1020	1210	2072	2082	625	585	8507	1.71
6	Scabies	130	219	474	550	716	805	1224	814	525	416	5873	1.18
7	Hepatitis	14	9	29	24	57	69	193	143	31	23	592	0.12
_8	Malaria	12	11	70	64	251	188	743	403	119	50	1911	0.38
9	Gonorrhoea					7	9	716	468	131	85	1416	0.28
10	Intestinal worms	28	101	1037	1081	1568	1498	1757	1433	787	607	9897	1.98
11	Other infections	26	43	263	280	551	578	817	654	269	252	3733	0.75
12	Neoplasms			1		1	2	54	54	123	114	349	0.07
	Endocrine, metabolic and												
	nutritional diseases	107	184	608	640	827	819	1241	1297	740	618	7081	1.42
14	Anaemia	87	134	209	225	687	794	1189	2367	778	813	7283	1.46
15	Mental disorder	2	1		5	6	9	93	93	22	-28		0.05
$\neg$	Diseases of the eve	353	483	889	1002	1881	2104	4733	4330	1800	1406		3.81
_	Diseases of the ear	386	375	936	951	1739	1822	2596	2148	895	667	12515	2.51
	Diseases of the nervous system	36	34	76	124	275	334	1127	894	339	222	3461	0.69
	Diseases of the circulatory system	6	8	27	23	250	390	2959	3375	2971	2736	12745	2.56
$\neg \neg$	ARI	3496	3512	5834	5745	8020	9196	16487	13978	4563	3578	74409	14.92
	Other diseases of the	1 2770	3312	3034	3743	0020	7170	10407	13776	4303	3378	/440/	14.72
	respiratory system	1579	1588	2796	2880	3337	3665	6587	5790	3243	2964	34429	6.90
22	Diseases of the teeth and gum	42	60	421	499	2525	2749	7797	7554	3107	2273	27027	5.42
	Peptic ulcer and gastritis	78	92	295	409	1709	2218	10229	11187	4008			
	Other diseases of the	/8	92	293	409	1709	2210	10229	11187	4008	3567	33792	6.78
27	digestive system	147	179	338	374	867	997	2266	25.41	1401	1201	10403	2.12
25	Diseases of the urmary system	19	1/9	110	130	428	564	2366		1491	1303	10603	2.13
	Diseases of male genital organs	5	,13	22	130	94	304	2234	3874	895	1033	9302	1.87
	Diseases of breast			- 22	3	94	1.0	555	504	250		926	0.19
	Diseases of female genital organs				5		16		586		71	676	0.14
$\neg$	Pregnancy, chilbirth and the	<del> </del>			3		97		3568		598	4268	0.86
-	puerperium								2042			2046	
30	Diseases of the skin	1538	1608	2627	3407	((10	(10)	14122	2842	2//0	2400	2846	0.57
	Diseases of the Skin	1336	1008	3627	3687	6618	6196	14123	9926	3668	2600	53591	10.75
- 1	musculo-skeletal system	13	30	86	100	402	770	0446	(15.1	3605	2002		
	Acute abdomen	5	7	117	109	692	779	8446	6351	3607	3003	23116	4.64
	Fever of unknown origin	276	279	590	215	380 828	488	932	1139	407	237	3927	0.79
	Headache	51			477		920	3468	2203	661	350	10052	2.02
	Other symtoms and signs	474	61 498	213	317	2160	2626	7026	7699	2825	2324	25302	5.07
	Injuries	134	230	859 819	1026 830	2371	1567 1802	4143	3501	1756	1635	16927	3.39
			<del></del>					7153	3243	1923	1113	19624	3.94
	Total Percentage	11600 2.33	12458 2.50	26331	27205	48185	51189	123472	114213	45939	38087	498679	100
	i ci centage	4.33	2.50	5.28	5.46	9.66	10.26	24.76	22.90	9.21	7.64	100	

# Hospital morbidity report for Bumthang Hospital - 2001

	Discourse	0 - 11	/12	1 -	4	5 - 1	4	15 -	49	50 +		Total	%
	Diseases	M	F	м	F	М	F	М	F	М	F		
No													
1	Bacterial and amoebic	4	8	21	22	40	28	59	42	14	13	251	2.32
_	intestinal infections	32	43	101	79	173	137	165	114	36	37	917	8.47
	Viral and other intestinal infections	32	- 43					2				2	0.02
	Tuberculosis					5	2					7	0.06
	Children's diseases					15	8	72	65	20	16	196	1.81
_	Tonsilitis	2		4	5	5	4	10	5	1		36	0.33
	Scabies				<del>  </del>							0	0.00
	Hepatitis				1		1	1				3	0.03
_	Malaria							36	15	1		52	0.48
_	Gonorrhoea		1	37	20	62	60	51	32	13	15	291	2.69
10	Intestinal worms	-		- 3/		- 02		6	2			8	0.07
11	Other infections					+		<del>-                                    </del>				0	0.00
	Neoplasms						-+						
13	Endocrine, metabolic and		1	أر		4.5	7	19	. 12	3	5	63	0.58
	nutritional diseases	1		1		15	5	12	58	14	14	111	1.02
14	Anaemia	1		1	2	- 4	<del></del>	12	1			1	0.01
15	Mental disorder	<b>├</b> ──┼			<del></del>			149	139	51	 52	572	5.28
16	Diseases of the eye	8	11	12	24	62	64	82	53	28	17	451	4.16
17	Diseases of the ear	18	17	39	41	77	79			4	2	25	0.23
18	Diseases of the nervous system				1	10	2	5	1′		39	165	1.52
19	Diseases of the circulatory system						1	44	37	44		1956	18.06
20	ARI	78	86	111	129	254	253	434	435	95	81	1936	10.00
21	Other diseases of the				Ì	ŀ	Į.	1				040	7.70
	respiratory system	34	40	61	53	114	100	180	172	49		843	7.78
22	Diseases of the teeth and gum			14	11	67	56	176	135	38	<del></del>	528	4.88
23	Peptic ulcer and gastritis					41	47	400	391	119	117	1115	10.30
24	Other diseases of the									]		ļ'i	
	digestive system	1	1	3	3	5	7	18	14	12	<del></del>		0.7
25	Diseases of the urinary system	1		2	5	6	5	28	70	<del></del>			1.25
	Diseases of male genital organs			_1		6		18		3	ļ	28	0.26
2	Diseases of breast								26		<u> </u>	26	0.24
_	Diseases of female genital organs				2		2		106		ļ	110	1.02
_	Pregnancy, chilbirth and the					ļ			5			5	0.0
L	puerperium	36	40	67	69	195	164	417	251	73	63	1375	12.70
_	Diseases of the skin	1 30	70	- 07									
3	Diseases of the musculo-skeletal system					3	5	103					2.50
3	Acute abdomen			1	ļ	1	2	5		+	+		
3	Fever of unknown origin			ļ		11	15	86		<del> </del>			
	Headache				1	26	37	158		1			3.6
_	5 Other symtoms and signs		1			5	6	10	<del></del>				
_	6 Injuries	4		18	16	93	48	205	89	49	<del></del>	+	<del></del>
Г	Total	219	248	494	485	1295	1145	2951					1
	Percentage	2.02		4.56	4.48	11.96	10.57	27.25	23.34	7.28	6.25	100	<u> </u>

# Hospital morbidity report for Damphu hospital - 2001

C.	Diseases	0 - 11	/12	1 -	4	5 -	14	15 -	49	50	+	Total	%
oı. No	Diseases	м	F	М	F	M	F	М	F	М	F		
	Bacterial and amoebic												
ĺ .	intestinal infections	28	36	45	69	75	87	114	113	86	56	709	4.37
2	Viral and other intestinal infections	40	53	76	110	109	132	115	123	90	67	915	5.64
	Tuberculosis											0	0.00
4	Children's diseases		2	1	5	21	14	10	11	3		67	0.41
5		19	39	39	64	88	76	77	86	65	56	609	3.75
_	Scabies	4	4	. 11	14	27	34	32	25	28	17	196	1.21
	Hepatitis							1	2			3	0.02
	Malaria			1	2	1	13	17	13	16		63	0.39
9	Gonorrhoea							4	3	2		9	0.06
10	Intestinal worms	3	8	14	17	26	30	32	28	15	15	188	1.16
11	Other infections		10	16	19	20	31	41	34	15	10	196	1.21
12	Neoplasms						1					1	0.01
13	Endocrine, metabolic and			l							l		
	nutritional diseases	2		3	3	4	10	7	13	8	5	55	0.34
14	Anaemia	1	1	2	5	10	15	27	55	21	15	152	0.94
15	Mental disorder											0	0.00
16	Diseases of the eye	42	51	95	93	115	135	125	133	93	52	934	5.76
17	Diseases of the ear	21	30	50	75	72	106	86	66	57	37	600	3.70
18	Diseases of the nervous system	2		7	22	29	44	53	50	24	19	250	1.54
19	Diseases of the circulatory system						10	20	32	27	22	111	0.68
20	ARI	110	118	193	201	269	404	397	294	200	134	2320	14.30
21	Other diseases of the										404	4045	10.44
L_	respiratory system	66	.88	121	143	170	210	237	259	190	161	1645	10.14
22	Diseases of the teeth and gum	5	11	26	46	82	91	110	103	80	66	620	3.82
-	Peptic ulcer and gastritis	3	12	39	63	97	142	203	217	139	106	1021	6.29
24	Other diseases of the				25		50	70	C4	20	26	240	2.10
<u> </u>	digestive system	4	11	6	25	36	52 26	70	61 68	39 22	36 32	340 209	2.10 1.29
	Diseases of the urinary system			1	6	9	26	45 9	00	7	32	19	
	Diseases of male genital organs	-		1		- 2		9	16		1	18	0.12
-	Diseases of breast						13		84		17	115	0.11
-	Diseases of female genital organs				1		13		04		17	113	0.71
29	Pregnancy, chilbirth and the					l						o	0.00
H	puerperium		0.7	445	101	228	272	288	321	210	158	1959	12.08
	Diseases of the skin	59	87	145	191	226	212		321	210	130	1935	12.00
3	Diseases of the	ا	40	20	10	73	97	165	182	133	124	873	5.38
H	musculo-skeletal system	5	18	28	48	73 3	4	9	11	5	5	37	0.23
_	Acute abdomen			4	12	18	21	17	41	56	24	193	
_	Fever of unknown origin	28	40	62	81	89	139	156	199	133	106	1033	
_	Headache	5	40	13	19	31	37	74	88	41	37	349	
-	Other symtoms and signs	1	3	13	19	43	49	102	84	64		412	
3	6 Injuries	448	626	1012	1353	1747	2296	2643	2815	_		16221	
<b> </b> -	Total Percentage	2.76	3.86	6.24	8.34		14.15	16.29	17.35			100	1 :

### Hospital morbidity report for Tshimalakha Hospital - 2001

SI.	Diseases	0 - 1	1/12	1 -	- 4	5 -	-14	15 -	49	50	+	Total	%
No		М	F	м	F	М	F	М	F	М	F		
1	Bacterial and amoebic												
	intestinal infections	6	13	21	30	26	49	58	69	73	5	350	2.50
2	Viral and other intestinal infections	94	81	77	76	78	126	150	170	118	12	982	7.02
3	Tuberculosis											0	0.00
4	Children's diseases			3	7	ି 12	12	8	3	5		50	0.36
5	Tonsilitis		. 1	1	3	. 2	25	28	59	44	2	165	1.18
6	Scabies	8	11	17	17	16	40	61	50	44		264	1.89
7	Hepatitis									3		3	0.02
8	Malaria											0	0.00
9	Gonorrhoea								6	13		19	0.14
10	Intestinal worms		10	37	45	52	77	87	109	89	3	509	3.64
11	Other infections									3		3	0.02
12	Neoplasms											0	0.00
13	Endocrine, metabolic and												
	nutritional diseases				1	1	4	12	19	20		57	0.41
14	Anaemia			2	4	11	30	37	121	70	10	285	2.04
15	Mental disorder					1		1	2			4	0.03
16	Diseases of the eye	6	14	27	56	71	111	135	179	185	34	818	5.85
17	Diseases of the ear			7	4	8	22	18	18	24	1	102	0.73
18	Diseases of the nervous system			4	3	6	27	21	58	77	6	202	1.44
19	Diseases of the circulatory system			1		2	6	6	83	106	13	217	1.55
20	ARI	126	101	110	136	142	257	295	428	428	46	2069	14.79
21	Other diseases of the												
	respiratory system	5	4	5	2	15	33	39	69	73	11	256	1.83
22	Diseases of the teeth and gum			2	12	35	95	165	224	280	27	840	6.01
23	Peptic ulcer and gastritis	11	1	1	3	6	74	102	303	271	27	787	5.63
24	Other diseases of the												
	digestive system				1		23	27	105	96	9	261	1.87
25	Diseases of the urinary system				1	1	5	11	54	47		119	0.85
26	Diseases of male genital organs					1						1	0.01
27	Diseases of breast	1					2		9		2	13	0.09
28	Diseases of female genital organs								84			84	0.60
29	Pregnancy, chilbirth and the												
	puerperium											0	0.00
30	Diseases of the skin	37	31	38	59	68	140	180	285	351	24	1213	8.67
31	Diseases of the	1 1	Ī		1								
	musculo-skeletal system	1			1	2	34	59	272	309	46	723	5.17
	Acute abdomen			1	4	16	56	159	171	132	11	550	3.93
33	Fever of unknown origin	152	126	116	110	98	172	190	259	239	16	1478	10.57
34	Headache				6	36	162	228	302	376	24	1134	8.11
35	Other symtoms and signs	2		1	7	2	11	10	34	29		96	0.69
36	Injuries		1	4	3	9	24	59	79	147	6	332	2.37
	Total	436	393	475	591	717	1617	2146	3624	3652	335	13986	100
	Percentage	3.12	2.81	3.40	4.23	5.13	11.56	15.34	25.91	26.11	2.40	100	

### Hospital morbidity report for Phuntsholing Hospital - 2001

SI.	Diseases	0 - 1	1/12	1	- 4	5	- 14	15	- 49	50	) +	Total	%
No		M	F	М	F	М	F	M	F	М	F	1	
1	Bacterial and amoebic				2								
L	intestinal infections	12	25	32	42	39	28	87	52	11	13	341	1.41
2	Viral and other intestinal infections	58	63	176	179	188	150	298	275	33	42	1462	6.03
3	Tuberculosis											0	0.00
4	Children's diseases		3	8	20	28	15	4	6			84	0.35
5	Tonsilitis			5	6	21	22	25	32		1	112	0.46
6	Scabies	1	1	5	4	17	8	25	20	4	1	86	0.35
7	Hepatitis											0	0.00
8	Malaria			1	1	7	2	16	6	3		36	0.15
9	Gonorrhoea							11	3	2		16	0.07
10	Intestinal worms		1	38	48	62	54	53	42	9	5	312	1.29
11	Other infections	3	3	14	16	16	23	47	34	1	3	160	0.66
12	Neoplasms											0	0.00
13	Endocrine, metabolic and												
l	nutritional diseases		3	16	13	29	31	67	135	12	6	312	1.29
14	Anaemia							5	17	1	1	24	0.10
15	Mental disorder								2			2	0.01
_	Diseases of the eye	17	19	20	28	85	84	198	186	32	19	688	2.84
_	Diseases of the ear	25	27	54	54	113	80	130	111	9	7	610	2.51
_	Diseases of the nervous system		2	1	5	20	12	66	52	9	13	180	0.74
	Diseases of the circulatory system					5	7	80	97	49	36	274	1.13
	ARI	226	273	496	436	580	546	1148	1041	113	113	4972	20.49
21	Other diseases of the											+372	20.40
	respiratory system	52	51	129	159	195	190	531	563	87	79	2036	8.39
22	Diseases of the teeth and gum	11	9	60	- 68	315	313	712	915	152	96	2651	10.93
	Peptic ulcer and gastritis			2		5	5	133	214	40	31	430	1.77
	Other diseases of the									10		700	1.1.1
	digestive system	2	3	12	14	29	46	284	376	47	42	855	3.52
25	Diseases of the urinary system		3	6	5	2	9	62	143	14	11	255	1.05
	Diseases of male genital organs			1				41		3		45	0.19
	Diseases of breast				1		6		74		1	82	0.13
	Diseases of female genital organs						14		390		7	411	1.69
	Pregnancy, chilbirth and the			1				-				411	1.03
	puerperium						[		2			2	0.01
30	Diseases of the skin	75	94	269	267	417	346	895	659	107	41	3170	13.06
_	Diseases of the						- 0.0		- 000	107		3170	13.00
	musculo-skeletal system	i I	1	6	8	77	79	589	601	121	105	1587	6.54
	Acute abdomen	1	2	11	26	61	94	253	431	26	22	927	3.82
	Fever of unknown origin		<del></del>	4		1	1	12	10	20		28	0.12
	Headache		2	23	13	89	105	383	648	54	49	1366	
	Other symtoms and signs			11	3	5	4	45	56	18	12	154	5.63
	Injuries	2		40	27	96	54	240	82	45	8	594	0.63 2.45
	Total	485	585	1440	1443	2502	2328	6440	7275	1002	764		100
	Percentage	2.00	2.41	5.93	5.95	10.31	9.59	26.54	29.98	4.13	3.15	24264 100	100

# Hospital morbidity report for IMTRAT MI ROOM (Phuntsholing) - 2001

. T		0 - 11	/12	1 -	4	5 - 1	14	15 -	49	50	+	Total	%
	Diseases	M	F	м	F	м	F	м	F	М	F		
No	Bacterial and amoebic												
ווו	intestinal infections	182	174	191	221	243	204	197	163	136	152	1863	6.87
2	Viral and other intestinal infections	214	215	225	213	212	161	174	205	164	186	1969	7.26
	Tuberculosis					24	111	231	227	267	266	1126	4.15
-	Children's diseases	11	20	34	50	45	35	27	18	19	18	277	1.02
_	Tonsilitis	73	70	74	69	94	95	109	102	93	113	892	3.29
	Scabies	65	82	104	107	114	133	138	133	136	152	1164	4.29
_	Hepatitis								2	2	2	6	0.02
-	Malaria					4	5	11	9	8	5	42	0.15
_	Gonorrhoea						4	54	70	82	82	292	1.08
-	Intestinal worms	14	28	53	88	100	118	129	113	114	110	867	3.20
1	Other infections					8	20	26	27	27	30	138	0.51
	Neoplasms											0	0.00
	Endocrine, metabolic and												
'ĭ	nutritional diseases	61	89	96	107	126	124	122	157	162	146	1190	4.39
14	Anaemia	53	71	74	80	97	116	130	152	158	183	1114	4.11
_	Mental disorder											0	0.00
	Diseases of the eye	19	90	31	44	36	51	62	67	66	61	527	1.94
-	Diseases of the ear	15	36	47	59	62	68	117	142	159	163		3.20
18	Diseases of the nervous system	3	8	6	12	14	13	13	21	25	28		0.53
-	Diseases of the circulatory system					1	43	129	130	189	178	670	2.47
20	ARI	67	73	86	116	131	151	161	159	139	143	1226	4.52
_	Other diseases of the												
	respiratory system	109	106	121	125	156	180	208	223	229	209		6.14
22	Diseases of the teeth and gum					16	35	42	45	47	45		0.85
23	Peptic ulcer and gastritis	35	51	48	61	86	154	230	266	300	331	1562	5.76
_	Other diseases of the						İ		,				
	digestive system	48	65	80	107	120	148	170	191	223	<del></del>		5.05
25	Diseases of the urinary system			4	11	48	55	63	88	98	+	+	1.66
26	Diseases of male genital organs							15		18		33	0.12
27	Diseases of breast										ļ	0	0.00
28	Diseases of female genital organs						4		6		1 6	16	0.06
29	Pregnancy, chilbirth and the										-		
	puerperium											0	0.00
30	Diseases of the skin	30	71	115	125	143	160	204	240	262	258	1608	5.93
3.	Diseases of the								ĺ			_	
	musculo-skeletal system					10	20	115	179	· · · · · · · · ·			
32	Acute abdomen	-	2	2		2	2	12	13			60	
33	Fever of unknown origin	<u> </u>			4	5	10	16	18			<del></del>	0.32
34	Headache	1	4	27		149	168	190		212	+		4.61
3	Other symtoms and signs	85	89			197	222	230	224	227			
36	Injuries	96	160			197	207	227	234	<del></del>	<del></del>		
	Total	1181	1504	+		2440	2817	3552		1		<del></del>	
	Percentage	4.35	5.54	6.30	7.38	8.99	10.38	13.09	14.10	14.83	15.0	1 100	

#### Hospital morbidity report for Gelephu Hospital - 2001

SI.	Diseases	0 - 11	1/12	1 -	- 4	5 -	14	15 -	49	50	+	Total	%
No		М	F	М	F	М	F	М	F	М	F		
1	Bacterial and amoebic												
	intestinal infections	12	17	77	118	200	224	310	202	62	58	1280	3.68
2	Viral and other intestinal infections	59	58	221	300	443	418	434	271	149	125	2478	7.13
3	Tuberculosis											0	0.00
4	Children's diseases			3	2	7	3	4	2			21	0.06
5	Tonsilitis	6	5	61	56	122	150	206	177	73	62	918	2.64
6	Scabies			37	46	74	36	76	37	7	12	325	0.93
7	Hepatitis					10	20	30	40	7	10	117	0.34
	Malaria			18	10	53	45	206	122	35	15	504	1.45
9	Gonorrhoea				1			10	5			15	0.04
10	Intestinal worms	1	30	107	174	224	185	250	153	112	84	1320	3.80
	Other infections			1		1	1	6	5			14	0.04
12	Neoplasms											0	0.00
	Endocrine, metabolic and		İ	1									
	nutritional diseases			1				10	2	2		15	0.04
14	Anaemia						7	54	90	7	11	169	0.49
	Mental disorder											0	0.00
	Diseases of the eye	3	26	54	95	219	303	531	411	170	114	1926	5.54
	Diseases of the ear	11	2	56	82	216	275	381	250	126	60	1459	4.20
_	Diseases of the nervous system				·	1		1				2	0.01
	Diseases of the circulatory system		i				3	69	57	36	28	193	0.56
	ARI	33	69	261	391	633	1004	1248	964	463	333	5399	15.53
	Other diseases of the												
	respiratory system		40	125	180	289	315	297	302	280	271	2099	6.04
22	Diseases of the teeth and gum	1	1	14	12	133	158	333	274	81	61	1068	3.07
	Peptic ulcer and gastritis	1	1	7	13	97	224	891	896	398	335	2863	8.23
•	Other diseases of the												
	digestive system		i									0	0.00
25	Diseases of the urinary system				2	9	10	97	164	13	15	310	0.89
26	Diseases of male genital organs											0	0.00
	Diseases of breast								18			18	0.05
28	Diseases of female genital organs								49			49	0.14
29	Pregnancy, chilbirth and the							1					
1	puerperium											0	0.00
30	Diseases of the skin	6	24	140	329	521	731	1375	1042	418	287	4873	14.01
31	Diseases of the												
	musculo-skeletal system			5		1	20	177	99	31	5	338	0.97
1	Acute abdomen											0	0.00
33	Fever of unknown origin	5	5	7	5	18	55	181	118	8	5	407	1.17
_	Headache			1	27	197	310	595	503	354	332	2319	6.67
	Other symtoms and signs	4	50	322	388	504	602	751	743	430	361	4155	11.95
	Injuries			5	4	13	9	51	29	3	2	116	
	Total	142	328	1523	2234	3985	5108	8574	7025	3265	2586	34770	
	Percentage	0.41	0.94	4.38	6.43	11.46	14.69	24.66	20.20	9.39	7.44	100	

### Hospital morbidity report for Sarpang Hospital - 2001

SI.	Diseases	0 - 1	1/12	1 -	- 4	5 -	14	15 -	49	50	+	Total	%
No		М	F	М	F	М	F	М	F	M	F		
1	Bacterial and amoebic												
	intestinal infections	20	15	37	45	54	73	196	201	37	42	720	4.00
2	Viral and other intestinal infections	26	40	79	71	81	88	163	68	18	11	645	3.59
3	Tuberculosis											0	0.00
4	Children's diseases			1		4	1	6	3			15	0.08
5	Tonsilitis				1	34	35	89	83	15	14	271	1.51
6	Scabies			1	1	5	3	15	3	1		29	0.16
7	Hepatitis											0	0.00
8	Malaria	9	7	27	25	104	61	166	95	20	8	522	2.90
9	Gonorrhoea											0	0.00
10	Intestinal worms	1		50	36	46	28	42	37	6	7	253	1.41
11	Other infections							2	7			9	0.05
12	Neoplasms											0	0.00
13	Endocrine, metabolic and												
	nutritional diseases			1		3	5	12	12	5	5	43	0.24
14	Anaemia			1		5	3	7	14.	3	3	36	0.20
15	Mental disorder											0	0.00
16	Diseases of the eye	15	20	36	37	70	61	113	114	46	30	542	3.01
17	Diseases of the ear	26	20	65	51	116	130	115	80	18	14	635	3.53
18	Diseases of the nervous system	2	5	8	27	19	52	147	118	24	20	422	2.35
19	Diseases of the circulatory system					1	2	39	40	21	29	132	0.73
20	ARI	223	224	480	410	631	749	902	977	151	107	4854	26.99
21	Other diseases of the												
	respiratory system	20	26	23	30	23	14	10	7	14	14	181	1.01
22	Diseases of the teeth and gum			21	22	64	58	120	116	55	23	479	2.66
23	Peptic ulcer and gastritis					35	37	207	268	99	77	723	4.02
24	Other diseases of the		ļ					ĺ	-				
	digestive system											0	0.00
25	Diseases of the urinary system				2	13	19	89	260	11	35	429	2.39
26	Diseases of male genital organs							8				8	0.04
27	Diseases of breast								23			23	0.13
	Diseases of female genital organs								65			65	0.36
29	Pregnancy, chilbirth and the				ļ	Ì							
	puerperium								49			49	0.27
30	Diseases of the skin	69	56	212	180	243	328	508	515	86	76	2273	12.64
31	Diseases of the		[	Ì	I			İ		-		1	
	musculo-skeletal system					6	5	59	31	14	17	132	0.73
	Acute abdomen			1	13	68	86	89	82	15	11	365	2.03
	Fever of unknown origin	23	24	114	76	150	144	528	521	92	83	1755	9.76
	Headache				5	189	204	646	616	102	81	1843	10.25
	Other symtoms and signs						2	16	12	6	3	39	0.22
36	Injuries	1	1	20	14	96	61	180	76	25	17	491	2.73
	Total	435	438	1177	1046	2060	2249	4474	4493	884	727	17983	100
	Percentage	2.42	2.44	6.55	5.82	11.46	12.51	24.88	24.98	4.92	4.04	100	

### Hospital morbidity report for Haa IMTRAT Hospital - 2001

SI.	Diseases	0 - 1	1/12	1 -	- 4	5 -	14	15 -	49	50	) +	Total	%
No		М	F	M	F	М	F	М	F	М	F		, '-
1	Bacterial and amoebic												
İ	intestinal infections	16	15	45	50	56	67	87	86	60	46	528	2.00
2	Viral and other intestinal infections	50	49	63	62	68	70	60	49	50	42	563	2.14
3	Tuberculosis							17	20	15	11	63	0.24
4	Children's diseases	3	2			6	2	7	4	3		27	0.10
5	Tonsilitis			24	44	36	52	49	47	43	52	347	1.32
6	Scabies	6	6	30	33	58	52	65	59	45	34	388	1.47
7	Hepatitis							1				1	0.00
8	Malaria							6		2		8	0.03
9	Gonorrhoea					2		25	10	12	2	51	0.19
10	Intestinal worms			20	24	41	34	44	30	38	29	260	0.99
11	Other infections	2	1	36	37	53	53	45	44	56	56	383	1.45
12	Neoplasms											0	0.00
13	Endocrine, metabolic and												
	nutritional diseases	16	22	29	28	32	26	28	38	34	30	283	1.07
14	Anaemia			10	12	51	66	63	101	52	53	408	1.55
15	Mental disorder								4	1	3	8	0.03
16	Diseases of the eye			82	71	74	57	77	82	88	84	615	2.34
17	Diseases of the ear			18	21	46	41	46	50	46	45	313	1.19
18	Diseases of the nervous system					14	29	26	31	25	27	152	0.58
19	Diseases of the circulatory system					3		297	317	318	328	1263	4.80
20	ARI	228	261	263	240	278	344	385	333	271	271	2874	10.91
21	Other diseases of the												
	respiratory system	205	190	251	346	529	599	707	614	631	689	4761	18.08
22	Diseases of the teeth and gum	<u> </u>		10	12	314	301	482	461	482	492	2554	9.70
23	Peptic ulcer and gastritis			5	9	86	100	188	258	244	239	1129	4.29
24	Other diseases of the		-										
	digestive system					137	154	290	323	292	321	1517	5.76
25	Diseases of the urinary system					30	40	168	217	183	231	869	3.30
26	Diseases of male genital organs					. 8		139		128		275	1.04
27	Diseases of breast						2		52		40	94	0.36
28	Diseases of female genital organs								189		180	369	1.40
29	Pregnancy, chilbirth and the						ŀ						
	puerperium	ļ <u> </u>							109			109	0.41
	Diseases of the skin	89	106	160	174	140	139	200	199	187	195	1589	6.03
31	Diseases of the						İ						
	musculo-skeletal system	<u> </u>				52	57	534	552	613	604	2412	9.16
	Acute abdomen							19	18	22	22	81	0.31
	Fever of unknown origin							4	8	6	12	30	0.11
	Headache	<u> </u>				43	41	91	91	113	122	501	1.90
	Other symtoms and signs	2	2	3	11	26	30	110	132	112	105	533	2.02
36	Injuries	<del>                                     </del>		1	10	134	137	199	181	175	141	978	3.71
	Total	617	654	1050	1184	2317	2493	4459	4709		4506	26336	100
	Percentage	2.34	2.48	3.99	4.50	8.80	9.47	16.93	17.88	16.51	17.11	100	

## Hospital morbidity report for Lhuntse Hospital - 2001

SI.	Diseases	0 - 11	/12	1 -	4	5 -	14	15 -	49	50	+	Total	%
No	D1304303	M	F	M	F	М	F	М	F	М	F		
-	Bacterial and amoebic												
	intestinal infections	18	20	48	45	63	63	135	85	31	11	519	4.40
2	Viral and other intestinal infections	27	20	54	26	55	39	53	24	9	2	309	2.62
	Tuberculosis											0	0.00
4	Children's diseases		1	2	5	28	18	8	2			64	0.54
5	Tonsilitis			1	1	17	19	47	34	1	6	126	1.07
6	Scabies	2	4	13	30	43	62	63	22	1		240	2.03
	Hepatitis	1		2	3	2	7	10	16	2	1	44	0.37
	Malaria							1				1	0.01
9	Gonorrhoea							11	5			16	0.14
10	Intestinal worms	1	1	17	20	29	25	59	34	7		193	1.64
11	Other infections			2	1		2	12	13	1		31	0.26
12	Neoplasms											0	0.00
13	Endocrine, metabolic and				ŀ			į					
	nutritional diseases			1		1	1	4	5	7		19	0.16
14	Anaemia			1	1		2	5	10	4	3	26	0.22
15	Mental disorder							3	1	1	1	6	0.05
16	Diseases of the eye	1		9	12	44	61	175	161	59	20	542	4.59
17	Diseases of the ear	11	11	21	15	27	28	42	37	8	1	201	1.70
18	Diseases of the nervous system			2	6	4	7	40	26	2		87	0.74
19	Diseases of the circulatory system			2	1	1	7	133	113	86	35	378	3.20
_	ARI	191	174	196	182	245	217	400	285	129	72	2091	17.72
21	Other diseases of the				]		:	İ					
_	respiratory system	13	8	30	23	10	12	47	26	39	8	216	
	Diseases of the teeth and gum			3	8	36	39	139	91	41	37	394	3.34
23	Peptic ulcer and gastritis					191	270	562	618	283	142	2066	17.51
24	Other diseases of the												
┕	digestive system	3	2	11	9	9	17	46	35	5	1	138	
	Diseases of the urinary system			2		4	2	26	36	2	1	73	0.62
26	Diseases of male genital organs					3		5		1		9	
_	Diseases of breast								5			5	
	Diseases of female genital organs						1		20			21	0.18
29	Pregnancy, chilbirth and the	1						•					
L	puerperium								4			. 4	0.03
-	Diseases of the skin	95	90	96	97	136	186	297	261	139	64	1461	12.38
31	Diseases of the												
<u> </u>	musculo-skeletal system					4		206	240	156	74	690	
-	Acute abdomen					4	6	14	11	3		38	
	Fever of unknown origin	1		6	2	18		51	34			143	
_	Headache	1				102	138	269	397	183	110	1199	<del> </del>
_	Other symtoms and signs			2		6		24	12	9	2	58	
36	Injuries			2	7	26		175	103			389	
-	Total	364	331	523	494	1108		3062	2766			11797	
ᆫ	Percentage	3.09	2.81	4.43	4.19	9.39	11.16	25.96	23.45	10.53	5.01	100	

### Hospital morbidity report for Monggar Hospital - 2001

SI.	Diseases	0 - 1	1/12	1	- 4	5 -	14	15	- 49	50	) +	Total	%
No		М	F	М	F	М	F	М	F	М	F		
1	Bacterial and amoebic												
1	intestinal infections	2	3	16	14	6	10	89	25	15	6	186	1.02
2	Viral and other intestinal infections	39	29	75	92	110	74	268	81	31	13	812	4.45
_	Tuberculosis			3	5	7	7	36	38	22	16	134	0.73
_	Children's diseases			2	1	13	21					37	0.20
5	Tonsilitis			2	2	9	37	165	176	16	23	430	2.36
_	Scabies	3	3	2	7	7	9	40	23	8	3	105	0.58
7	Hepatitis				1			2	1			4	0.02
8	Malaria					1		1	1	1		4	0.02
9	Gonorrhoea							44	10	1		55	0.30
10	Intestinal worms		1	15	22	33	13	20	19	2	1	126	0.69
_	Other infections		2	1	3		4	2				12	0.07
-	Neoplasms											0	0.00
	Endocrine, metabolic and												
	nutritional diseases	1	2	9	12	5	11	34	19	17	10	120	0.66
14	Anaemia	2	1	4	6	10	21	103	148	32	20	347	1.90
15	Mental disorder							1	-			1	0.01
16	Diseases of the eye	11	12	27	18	66	52	288	217	70	51	812	4.45
	Diseases of the ear	24	14	28	29	56	46	137	81	15	10	440	2.41
	Diseases of the nervous system	1	1	2	2	9	4	77	19	1	1	117	0.64
_	Diseases of the circulatory system	1		4	3	18	18	175	232	172	138	761	4.17
	ARI	116	106	176	198	232	237	787	344	36	30	2262	12.40
_	Other diseases of the												
	respiratory system	12	10	16	33	23	26	94	100	52	65	431	2.36
22	Diseases of the teeth and gum			21	26	204	213	1094	975	181	155	2869	15.73
	Peptic ulcer and gastritis			2	9	31	26	647	540	90	100	1445	7.92
	Other diseases of the												
	digestive system		4	10	11	9	11	43	42	11	5	146	0.80
25	Diseases of the urinary system	3	1	4	6	15	14	199	210	14	16	482	2.64
26	Diseases of male genital organs	3						4		2		9	0.05
27	Diseases of breast								4			4	0.02
28	Diseases of female genital organs					·			232			232	1.27
	Pregnancy, chilbirth and the												
	puerperium								40			40	0.22
30	Diseases of the skin	41	34	99	102	159	209	661	388	96	62	1851	10.15
31	Diseases of the												
	musculo-skeletal system	] [			1	20	17	664	381	109	104	1296	7.11
32	Acute abdomen					1		1	1			3	0.02
33	Fever of unknown origin			1	4	4	4	11	5	1	3	33	0.18
34	Headache			1	1	34	49	367	321	54	41	868	4.76
35	Other symtoms and signs			6	9	38	22	269	171	60	34	609	3.34
	Injuries	2	1	24	15	94	61	597	235	85	41	1155	6.33
	Total	261	224	550	632	1214	1216	6920	5079	1194	948	18238	100
	Percentage	1.43	1.23	3.02	3.47	6.66	6.67	37.94	27.85	6.55		100	

### Hospital morbidity report for Paro Hospital - 2001

SI.	Diseases	0 - 1	1/12	1	- 4	5	- 14	15	- 49	50	0 +	Total	%
No		М	F	М	F	М	F	М	F	М	F		
1	Bacterial and amoebic												
	intestinal infections	13	13	33	30	28	24	101	90	41	34	407	1.91
2	Viral and other intestinal infections	66	53	212	149	180	185	260	261	76	63	1505	7.07
3	Tuberculosis											0	0.00
4	Children's diseases			7	6	17	13	3	7	1		54	0.25
5	Tonsilitis			9	14	34	41	36	52	11	6	203	0.95
6	Scabies			9	9	9	11	27	21	4	6	96	0.45
7	Hepatitis											0	0.00
8	Malaria							1				1	0.00
9	Gonorrhoea							15	1	1		17	0.08
10	Intestinal worms			49	52	75	72	58	71	34	32	443	2.08
11	Other infections				-	1	1	1				3	0.01
12	Neoplasms											0	0.00
13	Endocrine, metabolic and												
L	nutritional diseases	l				2	2	2	4	1	4	15	0.07
14	Anaemia				2	4	9	26	86	4	15	146	0.69
15	Mental disorder											0	0.00
16	Diseases of the eye	18	10	37	44	106	119	252	280	83	85	1034	4.86
17	Diseases of the ear	5	6	12	19	43	50	31	34	7	7	214	1.01
18	Diseases of the nervous system						2	1				3	0.01
19	Diseases of the circulatory system	1	1	2	1	1	1	32	33	18	22	112	0.53
20	ARI	154	150	341	311	480	517	1279	1275	216	194	4917	23.11
21	Other diseases of the												
	respiratory system	9	8	8	5			3	1	4	3	41	0.19
22	Diseases of the teeth and gum			17	21	215	222	594	648	185	151	2053	9.65
	Peptic ulcer and gastritis			23	25	130	124	848	1146	265	292	2853	13.41
24	Other diseases of the												
	digestive system											0	0.00
	Diseases of the urinary system			3	5	15	12	95	101	27	16	274	1.29
	Diseases of male genital organs	ļļ				1		2		1		4	0.02
_	Diseases of breast								6			6	0.03
	Diseases of female genital organs								144		1	145	0.68
29	Pregnancy, chilbirth and the												
-	puerperium											0	0.00
	Diseases of the skin	36	35	89	93	832	180	438	435	110	90	2338	10.99
31	Diseases of the		ļ					ļ					
	musculo-skeletal system			1		41	37	434	343	160	152	1168	5.49
	Acute abdomen					3	2	5	4	2	3	19	0.09
	Fever of unknown origin											0	0.00
	Headache	ļļ.		7	8	37	39	360	372	150	131	1104	5.19
	Other symtoms and signs	23	32	50	60	146	157	324	392	139	143	1466	6.89
	Injuries			28	26	72	48	<b>2</b> 18	150	58	33	633	2.98
	Total	325	308	937	880	2472	1868	5446	5957	1598	1483	21274	100
	Percentage	1.53	1.45	4.40	4.14	11.62	8.78	25.60	28.00	7.51	6.97	100	

## Hospital morbidity report for MI Room (Paro) - 2001

SI.	Diseases	0 - 1	1/12	1 -	4	5 -	14	15 -	49	50	+	Total	%
No		М	F	М	F	М	F	М	F	М	F		
1	Bacterial and amoebic												
	intestinal infections	-	38	54	63	96	100	108	113	92	89	753	4.82
2	Viral and other intestinal infections	9	37	48	56	76	86	98	108	71	70	659	4.21
3	Tuberculosis							4	2			6	0.04
4	Children's diseases			31	38	41	48	14	11	3	2	188	1.20
5	Tonsilitis			10	14	78	88	115	101	74	76	556	3.56
6	Scabies	5	25	48	60	69	72	82	90	73	72	596	3.81
7	Hepatitis											0	0.00
8	Malaria											0	0.00
9	Gonorrhoea							23	5			28	0.18
10	Intestinal worms					39	48	117	129	88	92	513	3.28
11	Other infections			1	2	21	31	44	50	34	32	215	1.38
12	Neoplasms											0	0.00
13	Endocrine, metabolic and												
	nutritional diseases			48	56	78	82	55	53	61	62	495	3.17
14	Anaemia		4	17	21	29	31	37	44	41	41	265	1.69
15	Mental disorder											0	0.00
16	Diseases of the eye			42	54	66	83	106	115	72	70	608	3.89
17	Diseases of the ear					44	50	75	82	75	77	403	2.58
18	Diseases of the nervous system			2	2	4	6	8	7	2	3	34	0.22
19	Diseases of the circulatory system					45	57	126	137	167	178	710	4.54
20	ARI	171	181	199	226	232	248	242	238	203	203	2143	13.71
21	Other diseases of the												
	respiratory system	80	82	158	183	161	169	189	195	245	228	1690	10.81
22	Diseases of the teeth and gum	4	4	7	7	48	63	76	83	114	117	523	3.34
23	Peptic ulcer and gastritis					62	68	175	196	221	221	943	6.03
24	Other diseases of the						İ						
	digestive system					63	72	121	144	161	164	725	4.64
25	Diseases of the urinary system					33	37	101	124	86	98	479	3.06
26	Diseases of male genital organs					1		18		9		28	0.18
27	Diseases of breast								1			1	0.01
28	Diseases of female genital organs						6		45		16	67	0.43
29	Pregnancy, chilbirth and the	]		ł									
	puerperium											0	0.00
30	Diseases of the skin			1	3	52	62	89	86	102	114	509	3.26
31	Diseases of the												
	musculo-skeletal system					14	26	232	232	267	268	1039	6.64
32	Acute abdomen											0	
33	Fever of unknown origin											0	0.00
34	Headache					52	70	112	122	123	127	606	3.88
35	Other symtoms and signs					14	17	26	30	33	33	153	0.98
36	Injuries		1	37	39	93	100	125	123	96	87	701	4.48
	Total	269	372	703	824	1511	1720	2518	2666	2513	2540	15636	100
	Percentage	1.72	2.38	4.50	5.27	9.66	11.00	16.10	17.05	16.07	16.24	100	1

## Hospital morbidity report for Pemagatshel Hospital - 2001

SI.	Diseases	0 - 1	1/12	1 -	- 4	5 -	- 14	15 -	49	50	+	Total	%
No		М	F	М	F	М	F	М	F	М	F		
. 1	Bacterial and amoebic												
	intestinal infections	13	8	38	25	26	49	114	74	19	19	385	3.39
2	Viral and other intestinal infections	27	27	118	62	172	153	187	129	16	21	912	8.03
3	Tuberculosis											0	0.00
4	Children's diseases		2	7	4	30	39	4	1			87	0.77
	Tonsilitis					4	7	24	19		1	55	0.48
6	Scabies				1		2	27	3	2		35	0.31
7	Hepatitis				1		1	3	4		1	10	0.09
8	Malaria				1			11	2			14	0.12
9	Gonorrhoea					5	4	12	12			33	0.29
10	Intestinal worms			19	3	34	30	22	22	2	2	134	1.18
11	Other infections	4	2	17	12	48	50	42	44	1	6	226	1.99
12	Neoplasms										0	0	0.00
13	Endocrine, metabolic and												
	nutritional diseases	1		1		6	6	50	47	8	8	127	1.12
14	Anaemia					1	3	15	55	6	19	99	0.87
15	Mental disorder											0	0.00
16	Diseases of the eye	5	3	9	3	13	18	37	48	5	23	164	1.44
17	Diseases of the ear	17	12	78	33	88	83	116	108	14	8	557	4.90
18	Diseases of the nervous system	1			1	7	4	17	18	1	1	50	0.44
19	Diseases of the circulatory system							43	71	36	30	180	1.58
20	ARI	88	66	123	73	133	199	462	433	49	45	1671	14.71
21	Other diseases of the												
	respiratory system	89	59	117	67	87	127	369	259	63	76	1313	11.56
22	Diseases of the teeth and gum	1	2	5		7	14	32	53	20	12	146	1.29
23	Peptic ulcer and gastritis			1	1	14	17	284	389	39	51	796	7.01
24	Other diseases of the												ł
	digestive system	1	1	6	2	5	12	47	55	43	12	184	1.62
	Diseases of the urinary system	3	1	9	14	17	22	120	299	26	40	551	4.85
26	Diseases of male genital organs	1		3		6		25		4		39	0.34
_	Diseases of breast								15			15	0.13
28	Diseases of female genital organs								45			45	0.40
29	Pregnancy, chilbirth and the	[					•						
	puerperium								11			11	0.10
-	Diseases of the skin	55	36	106	72	186	217	634	429	63	57	1855	16.33
31	Diseases of the												
	musculo-skeletal system	1		2	1	23	30	273	203	60	55	648	5.70
	Acute abdomen				1	1	4	1	2		2	11	0.10
	Fever of unknown origin			2	3			8	14	1	1	29	0.26
	Headache		.	1	3	31	48	115	130	10	9	347	3.05
	Other symtoms and signs		1	2	1	26	25	86	81	8	14	244	2.15
36	Injuries	1	2	10	11	33	28	204	62	27	9	387	3.41
	Total	308	222	674	395	1003	1192	3384	3137	523	522	11360	100
	Percentage	2.71	1.95	5.93	3.48	8.83	10.49	29.79	27.61	4.60	4.60	100	

## Hospital morbidity report for Punakha Hospital - 2001

SI.	Diseases	0 - 1	1/12	1	- 4	5	- 14	15	- 49	50	) +	Total	%
No		M	F	М	F	М	F	М	F	М	F		
1	Bacterial and amoebic												
	intestinal infections	61	57	130	121	136	118	397	284	76	66	1446	4.78
2	Viral and other intestinal infections	106	113	262	223	282	318	521	419	111	91	2446	8.08
3	Tuberculosis							2	1	2	1	6	0.02
4	Children's diseases	1	2	19	16	88	102	18	29		2	277	0.92
5	Tonsilitis			5	2	15	28	60	65	7	5	187	0.62
6	Scables	2	2	7	7	28	24	37	17	9	2	135	0.45
7	Hepatitis	4	2	9	5	13	5	16	8			62	0.20
8	Malaria							5	2		2	9	0.03
9	Gonorrhoea						1	34	15	3		53	0.18
10	Intestinal worms		1	25	25	43	53	60	48	9	10	274	0.91
11	Other infections			1	2	13	10	22	14	2	1	65	0.21
12	Neoplasms							1	1			2	0.01
13	Endocrine, metabolic and												
	nutritional diseases	2		16	14	14	9	33	41	8	6	143	0.47
14	Anaemia			4	3	10	12	35	126	13	20	223	0.74
15	Mental disorder							14	14	2	1	31	0.10
16	Diseases of the eye	22	28	44	53	104	136	468	480	139	126	1600	5.29
17	Diseases of the ear	30	36	52	55	90	86	160	133	19	9	670	2.21
18	Diseases of the nervous system			6	7	27	19	116	95	33	32	335	1.11
19	Diseases of the circulatory system	1	1	5	3	2	2	110	111	91	79	405	1.34
20	ARI	150	184	370	349	478	517	1556	1329	253	213	5399	17.84
21	Other diseases of the		İ		ĺ								
	respiratory system	157	165	229	276	319	379	677	667	183	158	3210	10.60
22	Diseases of the teeth and gum		2	18	18	129	126	456	416	117	73	1355	4.48
23	Peptic ulcer and gastritis			3	8	72	99	931	1019	240	240	2612	8.63
24	Other diseases of the		İ										
	digestive system	1	7	5	10	26	42	151	107	64	25	438	1.45
	Diseases of the urinary system	2	1	10	7	15	18	140	286	27	29	535	1.77
	Diseases of male genital organs					2		15		3		20	0.07
	Diseases of breast								20			20	0.07
	Diseases of female genital organs								206		3	209	0.69
29	Pregnancy, chilbirth and the		ĺ										
	puerperium								101			101	0.33
	Diseases of the skin	85	104	235	199	495	402	1120	897	214	134	3885	12.83
	Diseases of the		1		1								
	musculo-skeletal system			4	6	54	34	579	444	178	113	1412	4.66
$\overline{}$	Acute abdomen			1	2	5	6	21	19	5	1	60	0.20
$\neg$	Fever of unknown origin	2		2	2	5	6	33	18	3	4	75	0.25
	Headache		1	6	8	90	101	280	374	92	81	1033	3.41
	Other symtoms and signs	1		1	3	11	13	58	43	18	13	161	0.53
	Injuries	3	4	41	36	162	84	589	279	123	55	1376	4.55
	Total	630	710	1510	1460	2728	2750	8715	8128	2044	1595	30270	100
	Percentage	2.08	2.35	4.99	4.82	9.01	9.08	28.79	26.85	6.75	5.27	100	

#### Hospital morbidity report for Samtse Hospital - 2001

SI.	Diseases	0 - 1	1/12	1.	. 4	5 -	14	15 -	49	50	+	Total	%
No	D13643C3	м	F	м	F	м	F	М	F	М	F	İ	
	Bacterial and amoebic												
ľ	intestinal infections	14	14	31	26	46	49	145	227	38	25	615	3.49
2	Viral and other intestinal infections	93	91	158	148	171	155	193	167	65	28	1269	7.19
-	Tuberculosis										1	0	0.00
ŀ →	Children's diseases			6	8	20	16	14	9	3		,76	0.43
$\vdash$	Tonsilitis			3	7	27	59	78	82	4	3	263	1.49
_	Scabies				2	5	4	16	10	2	2	<del>4</del> 1	0.23
7	Hepatitis	1		1	2	3	2	11	2			22	0.12
	Malaria			2	1	7	5	11	8	1	4	39	0.22
9	Gonorrhoea						3					3	0.02
10	Intestinal worms	2	1	28	32	60	48	49	34	4	7	265	1.50
11	Other infections				2	3	2	8	2		1	18	0.10
12	Neoplasms											0	0.00
	Endocrine, metabolic and										. 44		
	nutritional diseases	4	3	8	8	13	10	50	38	14	5	153	0.87
14	Anaemia	1				3	7	32	308	3	4	358	2.03
15	Mental disorder							2				2	0.01
16	Diseases of the eye	22	18	31	35	94	85	217	253	48	43	846	4.80
17	Diseases of the ear	21	11	48	40	74	76	129	108	15	9	531	3.01
18	Diseases of the nervous system					7	6	25	25	12		75	0.43
19	Diseases of the circulatory system			2	3	2	12	126	239	115	220	719	4.08
20	ARI	133	104	246	220	275	305	558	546	94	77	2558	14.50
21	Other diseases of the												
	respiratory system	59	59	137	120	166	210	511	446	107	108	1923	10.90
22	Diseases of the teeth and gum			13	14	69	77	143	211	45	29	601	3.41
23	Peptic ulcer and gastritis	1	6	23	16	71	73	410	478	101	89	1268	7.19
24	Other diseases of the					·							
	digestive system	2	1	2	5	3		12	6	1		32	0.18
25	Diseases of the urinary system		2	11	7	22	15	133	306	11	25	532	3.02
26	Diseases of male genital organs					4		20		1		25	0.14
27	Diseases of breast				1				20			21	0.12
28	Diseases of female genital organs						2		120		2	124	0.70
29	Pregnancy, chilbirth and the							Ī	-				
	puerperium								1			1	0.01
30	Diseases of the skin	109	80	212	226	389	338	728	508	101	51	2742	15.55
31	Diseases of the												1
	musculo-skeletal system			6	2	41	39	400	272	96	78	934	5.30
32	Acute abdomen	3		7	8	19	25	51	74	16	9	212	1.20
33	Fever of unknown origin	<u> </u>				1				1		2	0.01
34	Headache			1	5	29	53	180	278	20	27	593	3.36
35	Other symtoms and signs			8	12	18	14	53	24	8	7	144	0.82
36	Injuries	1	1	37	21	122	63	256	79	39	13	632	3.58
	Total	466	391	1021	971	1764	1753	4561	4881	965	866	17639	100
	Percentage	2.64	2.22	5.79	5.50	10.00	9.94	25.86	27.67	5.47	4.91	100	

### Hospital morbidity report for Gomtu Hospital - 2001

SI.	Diseases	0 - 11	/12	1 -	4	5 - 1	14	15 -	49	50	+	Total	%
No	Diseases	M	F	м	F	М	F	М	F	М	F		
1	Bacterial and amoebic												
	intestinal infections	1	1	4	3	9	4	100	20	4	4	150	0.62
2	Viral and other intestinal infections	93	88	305	229	342	309	853	349	47	40	2655	10.93
	Tuberculosis						1	9	6			16	0.07
_	Children's diseases	2	3	52	35	139	119	83	53	2	3	491	2.02
_	Tonsilitis		1	12	10	74	66	258	150	19	8	598	2.46
	Scabies			4	9	22	22	83	42	17	1	200	0.82
_	Hepatitis			4	2	1	3	2	2		1	15	0.06
	Malaria			10	9	36	25	114	61	10	7	272	1.12
_	Gonorrhoea							1	1			2	0.01
_	Intestinal worms	3	1	89	71	119	100	105	57	2	2	549	2.26
$\vdash$	Other infections	<b>-</b> 1		14	2	32	24	67	21	16	6	182	0.75
_	Neoplasms			- '								0	0.00
	Endocrine, metabolic and												
'`	Inutritional diseases		]			1	-	j	2			2	0.01
14	Anaemia	1	1	20	13	38	39	157	269	23	28	589	2.43
<u> </u>	Mental disorder	1										0	0.00
	Diseases of the eye	28	19	44	46	99	94	359	185	30	25	929	3.83
_	Diseases of the ear	11	8	20	15	28	31	57	33	3	8	214	0.88
<u> </u>	Diseases of the nervous system	<del>                                     </del>	<u>*</u>			1	2	3	8		2	16	0.07
_	Diseases of the circulatory system	1				····	2	37	21	12	13	85	0.35
	ARI	126	104	271	229	279	274	686	358	101	45	2473	10.18
_	Other diseases of the	120	- 101										
[ _ '	respiratory system	38	34	139	84	130	143	725	331	103	50	1777	7.32
22	Diseases of the teeth and gum	"	1	6	11	39	38	361	210.	7	11		2.82
_	Peptic ulcer and gastritis			9	11	47	65	672	399	53	45		5.36
_	Other diseases of the			-									
-	digestive system		1	4		2	1	22	18	3		51	0.21
21	Diseases of the urinary system	1		3	5	15	19	70	143	6			
	Diseases of male genital organs					2		8		1		11	0.05
-	Diseases of breast								14			14	0.06
_	Diseases of female genital organs						1		93			94	0.39
$\overline{}$	Pregnancy, chilbirth and the												-
-`	puerperium								92			92	0.38
30	Diseases of the skin	77	60	272	228	402	380	1038	426	85	46	<del> </del>	12.41
	Diseases of the		- 50					1000		"	1	1	
Ĭ	musculo-skeletal system	1		8	4	37	19	852	249	72	40	1282	5.28
3:	Acute abdomen		1	1	4	2	6	20	13	1	1	48	T
$\overline{}$	Fever of unknown origin	39	73	173	138	302	281	1204	533		<del> </del>	1 .	<del></del>
_	Headache	3	1	18	10	130	81	633		<del>1</del>	T		
$\overline{}$	Other symtoms and signs		·	1		3	1	8				30	
_	Injuries	3	5		32	247	127	1150			1		
Ë	Total	427	402	1544	1200	2577	2277				<del>†</del>		
$\vdash$	Percentage	1.76					9.38						

## Hospital morbidity report for Sipsu Hospital - 2001

SI.	Diseases	0 - 1	1/12	1	- 4	5	- 14	15	- 49	5.	0 +	Total	%
No		M	F	М	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	1 Otal	/*
1	Bacterial and amoebic						† <del></del>						<u> </u>
L	intestinal infections	14	12	28	33	36	34	51	53	36	43	340	3.90
2	Viral and other intestinal infections	41	34	60	54		<del>+</del>	58		<del></del>	22	440	+
	Tuberculosis	5	2	2	2			7	6	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		46	<del> </del>
4	Children's diseases		1	2	7		<del></del>	14	6	+	5	62	
	Tonsilitis	<u> </u>		6	8			36		30	28	207	2.37
6	Scabies			1	2		<del> </del>	21	<del></del>		14	115	
7	Hepatitis					1				<u> </u>	<u>'</u>	1	0.01
_	Malaria		1	1		5	<del> </del>	14	13	3	1	42	
9	Gonorrhoea			· ·			<del>                                     </del>		,,,	<del>                                     </del>	<u> </u>	0	
10	Intestinal worms			25	21	42	32	30	32	20	16	218	-
11	Other infections			19	21	24	<del> </del>	19	25	20	15	169	
	Neoplasms					<del></del> -			25	20	13	0	
	Endocrine, metabolic and												0.00
	nutritional diseases		1	2	2	3	4	10	13	3	1	39	0.45
14	Anaemia			5			30	38	43	41	47	236	
15	Mental disorder				3	3		4	14	6	6	43	
16	Diseases of the eye	25	26	31	34	48	-	50	59	34	33	380	4.36
	Diseases of the ear	15	16	25	37	35		47	46	30	25	319	3.66
	Diseases of the nervous system	3	1	4	3	10		16	18	7	7	77	
	Diseases of the circulatory system					10	3	20	32	22	17	94	0.88
1	ARI	49	47	76	84	93	136	145	170	70	57	927	1.08
21	Other diseases of the		1,7		- 04	30	130	143	170	70	57	921	10.62
	respiratory system	56	59	63	63	72	58	121	116	90	60	707	0.70
22	Diseases of the teeth and gum	- 55	1	2	6	8	15	39	37	20	69 18	767	8.79
	Peptic ulcer and gastritis			14	31	70	58	160	194	95	81	146	1.67
	Other diseases of the						30	100	154	95	01	703	8.06
	digestive system	1	2	3	1	3	1	8	9:	اء	7	201	0.44
25	Diseases of the urinary system			1	7	8	30	14	58	3 19	7 35	38	0.44
	Diseases of male genital organs						- 50	3		19	33	172 3	1.97
	Diseases of breast							<u>_</u>	3			3	0.03
	Diseases of female genital organs						9		62		12	83	0.03 0.95
	Pregnancy, chilbirth and the								- 02		- 12	- 03	0.95
	puerperium		İ						27		1	22	0.04
30	Diseases of the skin	88	79	149	120	130	151	260	202	120	114	27	0.31
31	Diseases of the					- 100	- , , , ,	200	202	120	114	1413	16.19
	musculo-skeletal system	.	- 1	5	9	23	26	51	52	40	45	254	2 20
32	Acute abdomen			2	2	5	2	2	3	3	45	251	2.88
	Fever of unknown origin	2	3	7	3	7	11	31	17	8	3 7	22	0.25
	Headache		1	6	9	37	50	110	144	65	$\overline{}$	96	1.10
35	Other symtoms and signs			3	2	16	15	83	84	30	51	472	5.41
	Injuries	5	6	37	29	74	71	105	81	62	28 43	261 513	2.99
	Total	304	291	579	598	876	982	1567	1733	940	855		5.88
	Percentage	3.48	3.34	6.64	6.85	10.04	11.26	17.96	19.86	10.77	9.80	8725 100	100

### Hospital morbidity report for Samdrupjongkhar Hospital - 2001

SI.	Diseases	0 - 1	1/12	1 -	- 4	5 -	- 14	15 -	- 49	50	) +	Total	%
No		М	F	М	F	М	F	M	F	М	F		
1	Bacterial and amoebic												
	intestinal infections	16	24	61	77	53	51	85	72	11	9	459	3.67
2	Viral and other intestinal infections	43	34	128	110	99	124	69	93	8	9	717	5.74
3	Tuberculosis				2		1	3	1		2	9	0.07
4	Children's diseases		1	2	5	12	5	` 2	3	1		31	0.25
5	Tonsilitis	1		10	6	35	59	46	91	7	2	257	2.06
6	Scabies			1	2	3	4	14	4		2	30	0.24
7	Hepatitis					1	1	4	7	1		14	0.11
8	Malaria			2		7	5	20		2		44	0.35
9	Gonorrhoea							13	6			19	0.15
10	Intestinal worms		1	14	13	9	11	7	11		1	67	0.54
11	Other infections	9	9	31	39	49	74	107	100	1	7	426	3.41
12	Neoplasms											0	0.00
13	Endocrine, metabolic and												
L	nutritional diseases	1	1				1	8	4	6	3	24	0.19
14	Anaemia			5	4	5	9	12	72	8	9	124	0.99
15	Mental disorder						2	4				6	0.05
16	Diseases of the eye	11	17	18	24	43	67	166	136	29	26	537	4.30
17	Diseases of the ear	16	11	29	30	50	70	108	64	10	2	390	3.12
18	Diseases of the nervous system		2	4	2	11	16	62	87	8	11	203	1.63
19	Diseases of the circulatory system			1	1	1	10	78	92	83	51	317	2.54
20	ARI	132	106	280	229	333	416	587	548	61	35	2727	21.83
21	Other diseases of the												
L	respiratory system	49	44	60	74	21	26	51	64	30	26	445	3.56
22	Diseases of the teeth and gum	9	9	31	21	79	83	189	236	41	26	724	5.80
23	Peptic ulcer and gastritis		<u> </u>	7	3	41	54	270	357	36	50	818	6.55
24	Other diseases of the		I										
	digestive system	10	1	32	29	55	59	53	75	20	10	344	2.75
25	Diseases of the urinary system	1		4	3	4	5	68	121	4	8	218	1.75
26	Diseases of male genital organs					2		27		1		30	0.24
27	Diseases of breast								36			36	0.29
28	Diseases of female genital organs						1		168			169	1.35
29	Pregnancy, chilbirth and the	1 [	Ī		[								
	puerperium								4			4	0.03
30	Diseases of the skin	47	41	132	148	160	198	405	287	42	46	1506	12.06
31	Diseases of the												
	musculo-skeletal system			3	3	27	32	338	245	56	51	755	6.04
32	Acute abdomen			1								1	0.01
33	Fever of unknown origin	2	1	5	6	5	5	5	1		2	32	0.26
34	Headache	2		4	6	48	58	137	221	12	20	508	4.07
35	Other symtoms and signs	1	2	6	7	18	14	36	22	3	4	113	0.90
36	Injuries	2	1	24	16	79	40	145	58	15	6	386	3.09
	Total	352	305	895	860	1250	1501	3119	3294	496	418	12490	100
	Percentage	2.82	2.44	7.17	6.89	10.01	12.02	24.97	26.37	3.971	3.35	100	

## Hospital morbidity report for Deothang Hospital - 2001

SI.	Diseases	0 - 1	1/12	1 -	4	5 -	14	15 -	49	50	+	Total	%
No	Discuscia	м	F	м	F	М	F	М	F	М	F		
_	Bacterial and amoebic												
	intestinal infections	16	9	35	23	36	18	204	43	8	10	402	2.51
2	Viral and other intestinal infections	20	23	69	55	55	32	170	53	9	3	489	3.06
	Tuberculosis			1	2	3	4	22	13	4	3	52	0.32
4	Children's diseases		1	1		9	13	7	6			37	0.23
5	Tonsilitis			6	3	10	16	102	60	3	3	203	1.27
6	Scabies	1	1	7	3	7	1	35	17	7	2	81	0.51
7	Hepatitis				1		2	5	2			10	0.06
8	Malaria		2	3	6	13	13	41	31	8	7	124	0.77
9	Gonorrhoea							31	5			36	0.22
10	Intestinal worms			20	13	20	13	75	11			152	0.95
11	Other infections							4				4	0.02
12	Neoplasms											0	0.00
13	Endocrine, metabolic and												
	nutritional diseases	1	3	12	2	5	2	48	15	1	2	91	0.57
14	Anaemia	1		1	3			16	21	4	. 5	51	0.32
15	Mental disorder							5	2	1		8	0.05
16	Diseases of the eye	7	8	9	8	17	15	192	50	6	6	318	1.99
17	Diseases of the ear	16	12	37	25	50	46	190	65	7	4	452	2.82
18	Diseases of the nervous system			3		2	3	182	18	6	6	220	1.37
	Diseases of the circulatory system			1	1	. 3		276	145	79	116	621	3.88
20	ARI	119	80	172	148	131	148	704	388	39	54	1983	12.39
21	Other diseases of the												
	respiratory system	55	21	48	48	37	37	268	119	50	44	727	4.54
-	Diseases of the teeth and gum			11	14	125	147	669	354	40	42	1402	8.76
	Peptic ulcer and gastritis	1		7		20	8	560	357	21	44	1018	6.36
24	Other diseases of the								_				
	digestive system	1					1	17	9		2	29	
	Diseases of the urinary system	2		2	7	5	8	121	120	9	3	277	1.73
	Diseases of male genital organs	1		4		7		20		1		33	
	Diseases of breast					-			34			34	0.21
	Diseases of female genital organs								34		1	35	0.22
29	Pregnancy, chilbirth and the								4.4			4.4	0.07
	puerperium		0.7	420	. 04	446	420	4000	229	20	24	44 1984	0.27
_	Diseases of the skin	59	37	129	91	146	128	1092	238	30	34	1984	12.40
31	Diseases of the					40	_	407	65	42	16	598	3.74
22	musculo-skeletal system					12 11	5	487	48	13			
	Acute abdomen	34	16	48	9	78	6	60		46	5 34	145	
_	Fever of unknown origin	34	16	48	41		66 13	691 194	250 138	9		1304 385	8.15 2.41
	Other symtoms and signs			34	29	93	52	1171	484	51	74	2000	
_	Other symtoms and signs Injuries	6	6 2	19	<u>29</u> 8	46	23	438	98		<i>74</i> 5	652	
30		+	221	685	541	959	820	8097	3337	466		16001	100
├-	Total Percentage	340 2.12	1.38	4.28	3.38	5.99		50.60	20.85		3.34	10001	

## Hospital morbidity report for Zhemgang Hospital - 2001

SI.	Diseases	0 - 11	/12	1 -	4	5 -	14	15 -	49	50	+	Total	%
No	D1304303	М	F	М	F	М	F	М	F	M	F		
_	Bacterial and amoebic												
ľ	intestinal infections	2	2	25	13	20	26	133	55	12	6	294	3.02
2	Viral and other intestinal infections	18	16	43	34	45	46	121	52	. 5	6	386	3 96
-	Tuberculosis							6	7	2	2	17	0.17
_	Children's diseases			7	7	56	41	10	9			130	1.33
	Tonsilitis					13	19	21	26	4	1	84	0.86
-	Scabies		1	6			5	72	8	2	2	96	0.98
_	Hepatitis					1	3	13	5	3	2	27	0.28
	Malaria		1		1	1	2	25	10	3	1	44	0.45
-	Gonórrhoea							15	3			18	0.18
	Intestinal worms			14	8	6	10	39	10	1	1	89	0.91
	Other infections			7	6	14	13	26	11	1	2	80	0.82
	Neoplasms											o	0.00
	Endocrine, metabolic and												
	Inutritional diseases		4	18	27	4	8	83	40	7	4	195	2.00
14	Anaemia					2		6	14	1		23	0.24
	Mental disorder							3	16		1	20	0.21
_	Diseases of the eye	2	2	13	15	7	7	46	29	11	11	143	1.47
	Diseases of the ear	8	7	22	26	24	37	59	37	6	4	230	2.36
18	Diseases of the nervous system			1		1		3	5	3		13	0.13
	Diseases of the circulatory system					1	3	81	97	33	50	265	2.72
	ARI	39	50	93	77	132	144	451	205	27	16	1234	12.66
21	Other diseases of the												
	respiratory system	20	26	55	47	54	66	162	107	41	29	607	6.23
22	Diseases of the teeth and gum			1	2	8	6	57	49	5	6	134	1.37
	Peptic ulcer and gastritis					13	14	295	329	42	33	726	7.45
-	Other diseases of the												
	digestive system					2	1	14	19	3	6	45	0.46
25	Diseases of the urinary system			3	5	9	7	70	111	8	8	221	2.27
	Diseases of male genital organs			1		3		17		1		22	0.23
	Diseases of breast				1				18			19	0.19
28	Diseases of female genital organs								396			396	4.06
	Pregnancy, chilbirth and the				,								
	puerperium								146			146	1.50
30	Diseases of the skin	17	37	98	94	123	149	663	262	40	22	1505	15.44
31	Diseases of the												
	musculo-skeletal system				1	2	6	186	116	23	20	354	3.63
32	Acute abdomen						1	5	4			10	0.10
	Fever of unknown origin	4	12	32	23	44	42	218	141	31	9	556	5.70
	Headache		1	1	1	19	26	204	180	18	11	461	4.73
	Other symtoms and signs		1	8	9	38	37	153	108	17	6	377	3.87
-	Injuries		3	22	11	55	61	426	128	51	26	783	8.03
Г	Total	110	163	470	408	697	780	3683	2753	401	285	9750	100
Г	Percentage	1.13	1.67	4.82	4.18	7.15	8.00	37.77	28.24	4.113	2.92	100	

#### Hospital morbidity report for Trashigang Hospital - 2001

SI.	Diseases	0 - 1	1/12	1 -	- 4	5 -	14	15 -	- 49	50	) +	Total	%
No		М	F	М	F	М	F	М	F	М	F		
. 1	Bacterial and amoebic												
-	intestinal infections	17	14	45	52	71	44	226	181	27	14	691	5.40
2	Viral and other intestinal infections	27	18	73	39	82	45	105	98	14	9	510	3.98
3	Tuberculosis								1	1		2	0.02
4	Children's diseases			2	2	4	14	1	3			26	0.20
5	Tonsilitis	1		9	9	40	51	87	125	3	3	328	2.56
. 6	Scabies	1	2	6	6	12	14	33	17	7	4	102	0.80
7	Hepatitis			2	1	3		5	2			13	0.10
8	Malaria	3		4	3	4	3	31	15	1		64	0.50
9	Gonorrhoea							39	18	2	1	60	0.47
10	Intestinal worms	1	2	33	23	38	40	63	61	14	14	289	2.26
11	Other infections				1		1	1	1			4	0.03
12	Neoplasms											0	0.00
13	Endocrine, metabolic and												
	nutritional diseases	3	1	7	1	7	11	41	36	9	5	121	0.94
14	Anaemia			1	1	5	6	22	60	3	10	108	0.84
15	Mental disorder							1	3			4	0.03
16	Diseases of the eye	6	18	26	19	85	81	303	310	80	53	981	7.66
17	Diseases of the ear	15	10	13	25	45	39	79	59	7	8	300	2.34
18	Diseases of the nervous system			1	1		3	8	6	1	1	21	0.16
19	Diseases of the circulatory system						1	33	42	23	17	116	0.91
20	ARI	63	57	128	106	109	113	444	384	60	27	1491	11.64
∙21	Other diseases of the												
L	respiratory system	24	25	29	27	31	37	141	136	31	20	501	3.91
	Diseases of the teeth and gum			14	6	102	91	498	565	144	59	1479	11.55
23	Peptic ulcer and gastritis	1	1	7	11	57	63	440	544	72	64	1260	9.84
24	Other diseases of the												
_	digestive system	1	3	. 6	3	7	10	76	112	11	7	236	1.84
	Diseases of the urinary system	1	1	7	6	4	8	79	151	12	13	282	2.20
	Diseases of male genital organs			1		1		9		2		13	0.10
	Diseases of breast								15			15	0.12
	Diseases of female genital organs						1		59		1	61	0.48
29	Pregnancy, chilbirth and the												1
	puerperium								13			13	0.10
	Diseases of the skin	35	24	97	65	139	141	515	344	75	40	1475	11.52
	Diseases of the								i				
	musculo-skeletal system		1		2	15	8	374	210	48	40	698	5.45
_	Acute abdomen			1		3	4	6	5			19	0.15
	Fever of unknown origin			3				3	3		•	9	0.07
	Headache	17	12	27	22	99	92	411	418	37	37	1172	9.15
	Other symtoms and signs	1		1		4	3	25	14	2	2	53	0.41
36	Injuries		3	20	15	36	15	131	43	21	4	288	2.25
ļ. —	Total	217	192	563	447	1003	939	4230	4054	707	453	12805	100
Ц.	Percentage	1.69	1.50	4.40	3.49	7.83	7.33	33.03	31.66	5.52	3.54	100	

#### Hospital morbidity report for Riserboo Hospital - 2001

SI.	Diseases	0 - 11	1/12	1 -	- 4	5 -	14	15 -	49	50	+	Total	%
No	5.004.003	M	F	м	F	м	F	м	F	м	F		,,
-	Bacterial and amoebic												
	intestinal infections	16	6	28	36	19	32	80	33	17	7	274	4.07
2	Viral and other intestinal infections	25	15	41	32	89	75	57	36	13	11	394	5.86
	Tuberculosis											0	0.00
	Children's diseases		1	1	1	11	9	1	6			30	0.45
	Tonsilitis			1	2	15	18	22	29	3	1	91	1.35
6	Scabies	1	1	1	4	16	4	6	2	6		41	0.61
7	Hepatitis		ĺ	1		3		6	4	2	1	17	0.25
8	Malaria						1	2				3	0.04
9	Gonorrhoea					·		1				1	0.01
10	Intestinal worms			20	17	32	36	22	35	3	4	169	2.51
11	Other infections							1				1	0.01
12	Neoplasms											0	0.00
13	Endocrine, metabolic and				ĺ								
<u> </u>	nutritional diseases		1	6	7	8	11	15	27	5	2	82	1.22
14	Anaemia		1	1		2	1	4	11			20	0.30
15	Mental disorder											0	0.00
16	Diseases of the eye	16	18	26	17	52	50	88	68	27	24	386	5.74
17	Diseases of the ear	. 12	8	17	12	30	32	23	43	2	3	182	2.71
	Diseases of the nervous system	13	9	12	18	46	39	118	166	44	14	479	7.12
19	Diseases of the circulatory system				4	3	4	51	132	58	59	311	4.62
20	ARI	40	27	42	43	57	76	121	167	28	20	621	9.23
21	Other diseases of the		ļ								İ		
	respiratory system	19	22	48	44	52	64	123	148	77	70	667	9.92
22	Diseases of the teeth and gum			3	3	42	41	176	191	28	12	496	7.37
23	Peptic ulcer and gastritis			3	4	16	21	112	246	28	38	468	6.96
24	Other diseases of the												
	digestive system					1		2	1	3	12	19	0.28
	Diseases of the urinary system			1	3	5	8	33	72	2	10	134	1.99
	Diseases of male genital organs					1		25		3		29	0.43
	Diseases of breast						2		12			14	0.21
	Diseases of female genital organs						3		47		4	54	0.80
29	Pregnancy, chilbirth and the										}		
	puerperium											0	0.00
	Diseases of the skin	23	23	52	53	71	95	172	127	26	18	660	9.81
	Diseases of the		İ										
	musculo-skeletal system	2	4	3	1	21	28	196	198	74	63	590	8.77
	Acute abdomen			1		1		4	3		1	10	0.15
	Fever of unknown origin			1		2	1	2	4		1	11	0.16
	Headache	<del>  </del>		1		38	46	97	139	15	18	354	5.26
	Other symtoms and signs	<b> </b>	<del> </del>					1	3	4	3	11	0.16
36	Injuries	<del>                                     </del>	1	3	7	10	8	34	27	11	6	107	1.59
ļ <u></u>	Total	167	137	313	308	643	705	1595	1977	479	402	6726	100
	Percentage	2.48	2.04	4.65	4.58	9.56	10.48	23.71	29.39	7.12	5.98	100	

### Hospital morbidity report for Yongphula RBA Hospital - 2001

SI.	Diseases	0 - 1	1/12	1 -	- 4	5 -	14	15 -	49	50	) +	Total	%
No		М	F	М	F	М	F	М	F	М	F		
1	Bacterial and amoebic												
	intestinal infections	109	116	95	225	149	124	136	111	95	80	1240	7.67
2	Viral and other intestinal infections	113	107	135	129	116	106	99	122	129	43	1099	6.80
3	Tuberculosis			Ī			6	24	8		1	39	0.24
4	Children's diseases			1		8	7	1		1		18	0.11
5	Tonsilitis			11	65	42	71	75	58	53	60	435	2.69
6	Scabies	25	40	67	67	33	75	84	55	50	48	544	3.36
7	Hepatitis											0	0.00
8	Malaria							4	2			6	0.04
9	Gonorrhoea					·						0	0.00
10	Intestinal worms		14	89	105	91	93	85	82	57	48	664	4.11
11	Other infections				8	27	35	42	34	26	16	188	1.16
12	Neoplasms								·			0	0.00
	Endocrine, metabolic and												
	nutritional diseases	7	46	93	77	97	60	78	75	31	19	583	3.60
14	Anaemia	16	47	50	56	49	47	48	36	24	23	396	2.45
15	Mental disorder							2	5			7	0.04
16	Diseases of the eye	20	32	28	37	50	41	41	55	46	45	395	2.44
17	Diseases of the ear			36	59	82	78	89	105	66	38	553	3.42
18	Diseases of the nervous system					1	3	12				16	0.10
19	Diseases of the circulatory system			2	1	17	41	88	115	101	73	438	2.71
20	ARI	173	164	139	150	159	118	123	107	93	91	1317	8.14
21	Other diseases of the												
	respiratory system	148	120	170	176	160	153	146	116	79	46	1314	8.12
22	Diseases of the teeth and gum	7	18	31	29	77	150	116	117	84	76	705	4.36
23	Peptic ulcer and gastritis	30	21	55	70	72	76	59	43	45	32	503	3.11
24	Other diseases of the		ļ										
	digestive system	57	66	97	92	89	96	117	106	90	79	889	5.50
25	Diseases of the urinary system					18	28	37	42	27	29	181	1.12
26	Diseases of male genital organs					9		41		27		77	0.48
27	Diseases of breast								33			33	0.20
28	Diseases of female genital organs						27		113		37	177	1.09
29	Pregnancy, chilbirth and the												
	puerperium								3			3	0.02
30	Diseases of the skin	76	107	136	140	156	150	170	170	135	105	1345	8.32
31	Diseases of the												
	musculo-skeletal system					2	32	159	155	184	185	717	4.43
	Acute abdomen					24	20	13	19	8		84	0.52
	Fever of unknown origin		6	36	24	32	32	28	40	26	25	249	1.54
	Headache					150	183	223	206	142	94	998	6.17
	Other symtoms and signs	37	36	55	69	68	81	86	111	72	67	682	4.22
36	Injuries		3	34	30	37	38	37	53	23	23	278	1.72
	Total	818	943	1360	1609	1815	1971	2263	2297	1714	1383	16173	100
	Percentage	5.06	5.83	8.41	9.95	11.22	12.19	13.99	14.20	10.60	8.55	100	

## Hospital morbidity report for JDWNR Hospital, Thimphu - 2001 (Only Inpatient)

SI.	Diseases	0 - 1	1/12	1	- 4	5	- 14	15	- 49	5	0 +	Total	<b>%</b>
No		М	F	М	F	М	F	М	F	М	F	1 .0	"
1	Bacterial and amoebic						1				· · · ·		
	intestinal infections	1		9	10	11	8	20	9	7	5	80	1.0
2	Viral and other intestinal infections	34	24	40	35	7	4	3	9			<del>†</del>	<del> </del>
3	Tuberculosis	3		3	7	8	8	47	46	24	18	164	<del>                                     </del>
4	Children's diseases			1		2		1				4	
5	Tonsilitis				1	3	8	13	48	1	1	75	
6	Scabies											0	T
7	Hepatitis	7	6	6	6	5	3	18	11	6	4	72	<u> </u>
8	Malaria			1	4	3		14	2	3		27	0.34
9	Gonorrhoea											0	1
10	Intestinal worms											0	<del> </del>
11	Other infections	3	6		2	4		4	2	1	1	23	0.29
12	Neoplasms			1		1	1	53	53	123	114	346	4.34
13	Endocrine, metabolic and										<u> </u>		
	nutritional diseases	2	4	18	20	3	2	15	20	25	29	138	1.73
14	Anaemia	11	8	7	5	5	6	21	50	17	22	152	1.9
15	Mental disorder	2	1		2	2		28	10	4	5	54	0.68
16	Diseases of the eye			1		3	1	14	13	72	57	161	2.02
17	Diseases of the ear	1				2	2	10	5			20	0.25
18	Diseases of the nervous system	10	6	9	7	14	10	59	28	23	23	189	2.37
19	Diseases of the circulatory system	3	6	6	3	8	13	100	104	100	70	413	5.18
20	ARI	6	7	2	3	1	1	1	1	1		23	0.29
21	Other diseases of the												
	respiratory system	148	121	93	71	43	31	94	76	55	50	782	9.80
22	Diseases of the teeth and gum						1					1	0.01
23	Peptic ulcer and gastritis	3		2	1	3		41	24	21	19	114	1.43
24	Other diseases of the												
_	digestive system	6	1	29	8	38	17	306	294	116	86	901	11.29
	Diseases of the urinary system	4	4	15	6	16	17	59	84	23	23	251	3.15
26	Diseases of male genital organs			6		11		22		12		51	0.64
	Diseases of breast								17			17	0.21
	Diseases of female genital organs				2		1		230		24	257	3.22
29	Pregnancy, chilbirth and the												
$\perp$	puerperium								1997		4	2001	25.08
30	Diseases of the skin	8	9	11	6	21	7	43	31	21	7	164	2.06
31	Diseases of the												
	musculo-skeletal system	4	5	11	11	73	34	193	65	54	28	478	5.99
32	Acute abdomen			1		3	5	19	9	2	3	42	0.53
33	Fever of unknown origin	3		6	5	4	2	2	2		1	25	0.31
$\overline{}$	Headache							1	1		1	3	0.04
$\overline{}$	Other symtoms and signs	171	127	26	19	12	7	15	16	8	5	406	5.09
_	njuries	4	2	15	9	26	14	123	163	21	6	383	4.80
	Total	434	337	319	243	332	203	1339	3420	743	609	7979	100
ا	Percentage	5.44	4.22	4.00	3.05	4.16	2.54	16.78	42.86	9.31	7.63	100	

# Hospital morbidity report for Gidakom Hospital - 2001

SI.	Diseases	0 - 1	1/12	1 -	4	5 -	14	15 -	49	50	+	Total	%
No	Diseases	M	F	м	F	м	F	М	F	М	F		
	Bacterial and amoebic												
1	intestinal infections	10	7	46	35	24	30	130	68	23	20	393	3.95
-	Viral and other intestinal infections	41	25	95	104	94	82	186	123	39	21	810	8.14
_	Tuberculosis							3	2			5	0.05
-	Children's diseases	1		8	8	17	17	6	10			67	0.67
$\vdash$	Tonsilitis			1	3	19	14	42	30	5	6	120	1.21
Н	Scabies			5	6	7	9	10	9			46	0.46
-	Hepatitis		1					2	2	1		6	0.06
	Malaria							4				4	0.04
$\vdash$	Gonorrhoea		t					15	10	3		28	0.28
_	Intestinal worms	2		9	6	6	10	15	14	3	1	66	0.66
	Other infections		1	3	3	5	8	9	9	3	2	43	0.43
-	Neoplasms											0	0.00
-	Endocrine, metabolic and												
-	nutritional diseases	4		4	9	12	8	31	44	10	4	126	1.27
14	Anaemia					1	2	5	27	10	11	56	0.56
15	Mental disorder							1			1	2	0.02
-	Diseases of the eye	14	7	26	21	46	39	92	109	27	28	409	4.11
17	Diseases of the ear	7	5	19	23	33	17	23	39	6	4	176	1.77
18	Diseases of the nervous system			1			1	7	3	1		13	0.13
19	Diseases of the circulatory system			1	2	5	1	22	22	18	16	87	0.87
	ARI	79	61	193	200	232	260	514	419	67	56	2081	20.91
21	Other diseases of the												
	respiratory system	19	20	55	44	41	28	123	103	42	29	504	5.07
22	Diseases of the teeth and gum			11	10	27	25	60	95	23	7	258	2.59
23	Peptic ulcer and gastritis			1	2	7	8	92	157	29	23	319	3.21
24	Other diseases of the												1
	digestive system	4	4	20	24	43	36	115	151	29	13	439	4.41
25	Diseases of the urinary system	1	1	5	6	4	9	33	78	6	9	152	1.53
26	Diseases of male genital organs			2		2		6				_10	0.10
27	Diseases of breast								15			15	0.15
28	Diseases of female genital organs								47		1	48	0.48
29	Pregnancy, chilbirth and the							ļ				<b>!</b>	1
	puerperium								85			85	0.85
30	Diseases of the skin	17	18	97	76	174	121	389	266	87	60	1305	13.12
31	Diseases of the												
	musculo-skeletal system		1	3	4	19	21	306	259	144	129	886	8.90
32	Acute abdomen											0	0.00
33	Fever of unknown origin	7	8	18	13	12	8	38	19	3	3	129	1.30
34	Headache			3	8	39	54	114	238	20	36	512	5.15
35	Other symtoms and signs		1	7	3	8	10	16	95	19	2	161	1.62
36	Injuries	2	4	32	21	47	33	278	91	60	21	589	5.92
	Total	208	164	665	631	924		2687	2639	678	503		100
<u> </u>	Percentage	2.09	1.65	6.68	6,34	9.29	8.55	27.01	26.52	6.81	5.06	100	

#### Hospital morbidity report for IBFH Thimphu - 2001

SI.	Diseases	0 - 11	/12	1 -	4	5 -	14	15 -	49	50	+	Total	%
No		М	F	М	F	М	F	М	F	M	F		
1	Bacterial and amoebic												
	intestinal infections	155	- 157	134	175	144	154	154	158	192	257	1680	4.33
2	Viral and other intestinal infections	92	90	100	103	132	150	132	140	89	79	1107	2.85
3	Tuberculosis							20	24	8	10	62	0.16
4	Children's diseases		8	24	23	24	26	21	11	3	3	143	0.37
5	Tonsilitis		Ī			67	47	79	99			292	0.75
6	Scabies		28	63	82	93	117	91	87	28	32	621	1.60
7	Hepatitis						10	16	6			32	0.08
	Malaria					2	3	5	1	3		14	0.04
9	Gonorrhoea							260	236	5		501	1.29
10	Intestinal worms			180	157	157	161	115	105	103	78	1056	2.72
11	Other infections			41	58	79	79	66	59	45	47	474	1.22
12	Neoplasms											0	0.00
13	Endocrine, metabolic and												
l	nutritional diseases			201	230	318	336	308	325	251	244	2213	5.70
14	Anaemia					305	314	236	225	191	216	1487	3.83
15	Mental disorder							19	15	5	8	47	0.12
16	Diseases of the eye			52	51	75	64	62	51	45	40	440	1.13
17	Diseases of the ear	16	26	51	55	73	73	98	120	102	81	695	1.79
18	Diseases of the nervous system				4	8	7	15	3		5	42	0.11
19	Diseases of the circulatory system					120	130	588	666	818	729	3051	7.86
	ARI	355	412	348	475	764	698	745	684	708	744	5933	15.29
21	Other diseases of the												
1	respiratory system	39	104	389	343	344	323	321	372	325	320	2880	7.42
22	Diseases of the teeth and gum			59	92	145	151	521	483	652	449	2552	6.58
23	Peptic ulcer and gastritis			11	23	140	201	354	354	370	319	1772	4.57
24	Other diseases of the												
	digestive system		l		17	146	156	240	190	197	206	1152	2.97
25	Diseases of the urinary system					73	91	131	157	125	163	740	1.91
26	Diseases of male genital organs					19		34		12		65	0.17
27	Diseases of breast								35		26	61	0.16
28	Diseases of female genital organs						6		377		277	660	1.70
29	Pregnancy, chilbirth and the												
L	puerperium		İ									0	0.00
30	Diseases of the skin	124	139	147	168	165	178	168	182	156	137	1564	4.03
31	Diseases of the												
	musculo-skeletal system							185	190	220	221	816	2.10
32	Acute abdomen	1	2	81	144	147	157	160	194	148	129	1163	3.00
33	Fever of unknown origin							48	35			83	0.21
34	Headache					209	173	264	289	233	291	1459	3.76
35	Other symtoms and signs	135	142	180	222	158	156	361	383	382	411	2530	6.52
36	Injuries			21	146	256	189	236	213	200	150	1411	3.64
	Total	917	1108	2082	2568	4163	4150	6053	6469	5616	5672	38798	100
	Percentage	2.36	2.86	5.37	6.62	10.73	10.70	15.60	16.67	14.47	14.62	100	

## Hospital morbidity report for Trongsa Hospital - 2001

SI.	Diseases	0 - 11	/12	1 -	. 4	5 -	14	15 -	49	50	+	Total	%
No		М	F	М	F	М	F	М	F	М	F		
1	Bacterial and amoebic					200							
	intestinal infections	7	21	33	26	63	64	162	74	11	11	472	3.81
2	Viral and other intestinal infections	16	30	60	58	213	171	169	90	22	15	844	6.82
3	Tuberculosis											0	0.00
4	Children's diseases	1	2	14	8	77	78	10	18			208	1.68
_5	Tonsilitis	1		2	3	23	22	39	58	5	3	156	1.26
6	Scabies			1		1	1		2			5	0.04
7	Hepatitis						1	6	1			8	0.06
8	Malaria					1		7	1			9	0.07
9	Gonorrhoea							27	6			33	0.27
10	Intestinal worms			3		11	1	7	6	1	3	32	0.26
11	Other infections	5	9	50	36	120	74	137	88	11	16	546	4.41
12	Neoplasms											0	0.00
13	Endocrine, metabolic and												
	nutritional diseases		1	3	1	7	8	53	48	12	5	138	1.11
14	Anaemia			3		4	2	20	85	11	9	134	1.08
15	Mental disorder							2				2	0.02
16	Diseases of the eye	10	17	14	22	43	53	183	182	39	64	627	5.07
17	Diseases of the ear	7	. 8	23	6	71	39	57	77	12	8	308	2.49
18	Diseases of the nervous system					3	4	5	4	1		17	0.14
19						2	4	41	28	34	41	150	1.21
20	ARI	82	58	160	109	373	390	784	567	69	69	2661	21.50
21	Other diseases of the												
_	respiratory system	16	13	31	19	7	17	45	51	13	23	235	1.90
	Diseases of the teeth and gum			5	5	78	65	225	266	37	50	731	5.91
	Peptic ulcer and gastritis	1		1	3	38	40	378	392	75	91	1019	8.23
24	Other diseases of the				-								
_	digestive system	5	5	10	10	27	16	60	50	7	5	195	1.58
	Diseases of the urinary system	<b> </b>	1	8	1	10	9	70	134	11	5	249	2.01
	Diseases of male genital organs							4				4	0.03
	Diseases of breast	-							31		1	32	0.26
	Diseases of female genital organs								46			46	0.37
29	Pregnancy, chilbirth and the												
<u></u>	puerperium								1			1	0.01
	Diseases of the skin	29	23	59	48	288	180	441	267	78	35	1448	11.70
31	Diseases of the												
-	musculo-skeletal system	<del>  </del>		1	2	22	16	266	206	42	59	614	4.96
-	Acute abdomen											0	0.00
	Fever of unknown origin	2	4	5	6	11	20	60	40	5	11	164	1.33
	Headache Other symtems and sizes		<del>- ,</del>	4	2	87	67	205	257	36	42	700	5.66
_	Other symtoms and signs Injuries	1	1	2	3	10	7	22	26	4	6	81	0.65
۳		<del>+</del>	400	19	13	78	46	245	73	18	15	508	4.10
$\vdash$	Total	183	193	511	381	1668	1395	3730	3175	554	587	12377	100
_	Percentage	1.48	1.56	4.13	3.08	13.48	11.27	30.14	25.65	4.48	4.74	100	

## Hospital morbidity report for Tashi Yangtse Hospital - 2001

SI.	Diseases	0 - 1	1/12	1	- 4	5	- 14	15	- 49	5	0 +	Total	%
No		M	F	M	F	М	F	М	F	М	F		
1	Bacterial and amoebic												
	intestinal infections	10	23	54	46	121	92	223	146	33	29	777	9.45
2	Viral and other intestinal infections	11	27	217	33	87	75	104	47	15	6	622	<del> </del>
3	Tuberculosis					1	2	1				4	0.05
4	Children's diseases	1	4	6	16	56	54	5	16	1	2	161	1.96
5	Tonsilitis		1			8	10	16	18		1	54	0.66
6	Scabies			2	1	9	4	11	4	2		33	
7	Hepatitis			1	1	10	6	38	25	3	1	85	1.03
8	Malaria							2				2	0.02
9	Gonorrhoea							8	4			12	<del>                                     </del>
10	Intestinal worms		1	13	16	55	60	63	50		4	275	
11	Other infections					2	4	4	5	1		17	
12	Neoplasms											0	<del> </del>
13	Endocrine, metabolic and								**	-	· · · · · ·		
	nutritional diseases			1		2	3	12	8			26	0.32
14	Anaemia						1	1	16	2	1	21	
15	Mental disorder							1		2		5	<del></del>
16	Diseases of the eye	10	3	9	13	18	48	102	107	46		398	
17	Diseases of the ear	7	5	15	9	32		38	37	8		189	2.30
18	Diseases of the nervous system	1		1		6		10	13	4		39	<del></del> -
19	Diseases of the circulatory system					2		32	33	22	32	121	1.47
	ARI	45	53	91	106	130	234	440	360	158	69	1686	20.51
21	Other diseases of the										- 55		20.01
	respiratory system	15	14	29	30	49	49	106	83	25	30	430	5.23
22	Diseases of the teeth and gum	4	2	8	7	29	28	120	115	25	17	355	4.32
23	Peptic ulcer and gastritis			2	6	24	33	184	153	17	26	445	5.41
24	Other diseases of the							,,,,		<u></u>			0.41
	digestive system			2	1	4	6	24	16	2	13	68	0.83
25	Diseases of the urinary system			2		1	4	10	45	1	3	66	0.80
	Diseases of male genital organs					2		6	. ,,		<u> </u>	8	0.10
	Diseases of breast								9			9	0.11
28	Diseases of female genital organs								9.	-	-	9	0.11
	Pregnancy, chilbirth and the												0.11
	puerperium		1	}	ĺ				30		ĺ	30	0.37
30	Diseases of the skin	28	17	83	78	164	173	343	214	36	32	1168	14.21
	Diseases of the									- 55			1-7.2
	musculo-skeletal system					5	1	95	35	19	17	172	2.09
32	Acute abdomen			1				4	3			8	0.10
33	Fever of unknown origin		1			2				2		5	0.06
34	Headache			2		24	38	139	140	24	22	389	4.73
35	Other symtoms and signs	1	1	3	2	10	19	79	84	19	22	240	2.92
36	Injuries		1	10	5	25	20	150	46	22	11	290	3.53
	Total	133	153	552	370	878	1001	2371	1871	502	388	8219	100
	Percentage	1.6182	1.86	6.72	4.50	10.68	12.18	28.85	22.76	6.108	4.72	100	

## Hospital morbidity report for Bajo BHU Gr - I, 2001

SI.	Diseases	0 - 11	/12	1 -	- 4	5 -	14	15 -	49	50	+	Total	%
No		М	F	М	F	М	F	М	F	М	F		
1	Bacterial and amoebic										İ		1
	intestinal infections	35	65	121	93	132	148	210	178	112	94	1188	7.13
2	Viral and other intestinal infections	101	104	172	177	166	218	291	271	137	141	1778	10.67
3	Tuberculosis							2	1			3	0.02
4	Children's diseases	2	5	19	23	25	18	20	2	1		115	0.69
5	Tonsilitis				10	47	37	56	69	26	32	277	1.66
6	Scabies	4	8	22	25	25	32	50	26	21	10	223	1.34
7	Hepatitis	1		3	1	4	5	4	1	1		20	0.12
8	Malaria					2		7	1			10	0.06
9	Gonorrhoea							24	19	4		47	0.28
10	Intestinal worms			19	25	56	56	58	58	28	23	323	1.94
11	Other infections			9	10	10	13	26	23	4		95	0.57
12	Neoplasms											0	0.00
13	Endocrine, metabolic and												
	nutritional diseases	2	3	13	21	32	37	34	45	18	8	213	1.28
14	Anaemia				2	9	10	15	53	14	20	123	0.74
15	Mental disorder							2	4			6	0.04
16	Diseases of the eye	15	14	36	28	70	84	102	111	101	88	649	3.89
17	Diseases of the ear	31	37	54	51	52	62	53	65	16	12	433	2.60
18	Diseases of the nervous system			2	1	1	7	11	14	2	1	39	0.23
_	Diseases of the circulatory system					7	9	83	117	93	77	386	2.32
20	ARI	94	116	188	168	234	240	488	539	241	233	2541	15.24
21	Other diseases of the												
	respiratory system	23	29	56	65	39	69	62	65	36	38	482	2.89
22	Diseases of the teeth and gum			8	16	32	47	92	86	83	85	449	2.69
23	Peptic ulcer and gastritis	2		22	36	137	117	401	439	255	304	1713	10.28
24	Other diseases of the												
	digestive system	1	1		2	8	13	33	32	13	10	113	0.68
25	Diseases of the urinary system			7	10	17	32	62	132	51	75	386	2.32
26	Diseases of male genital organs			2		1		14		10		27	0.16
27	Diseases of breast						3		25			28	0.17
28	Diseases of female genital organs						6		102		9	117	0.70
29	Pregnancy, chilbirth and the												
L	puerperium								78			78	0.47
30	Diseases of the skin	88	106	181	186	275	271	390	394	218	230	2339	14.03
31	Diseases of the												
L	musculo-skeletal system				5	13	41	169	202	142	130	702	4.21
32	Acute abdomen											0	0.00
33	Fever of unknown origin							1				1	0.01
34	Headache			16	35	69	81	164	220	150	152	887	5.32
-35	Other symtoms and signs		2	2	3	1		1	8	2	2	21	0.13
36	Injuries	5	25	43	53	72	94	228	130	131	75	856	5.14
	Total	404	515	995	1046	1536	1750	3153	3510	1910	1849	16668	100
[	Percentage	2.4238	3.09	5.97	6.28	9.22	10.50	18.92	21.06	11.46	11.09	100	

#### **ABBREVIATIONS**

ARI - Acute Respiratory Infection ANM - Auxilliary Nurse Midwife

AN - Assistant Nurse ANC - Antenatal Clinic

AIDS - Acquired Immuno Deficiency Syndrome ABER - Annual Blood smear Examination Rate

API - Annual Parasite Incidence APH - Ante-partum Haemorrhage

ASCUS- Atypical squamous cells of undetermined significance AGUS - Aptical grandular cells of undetermined significance

AEFI - Adverse Events Following Immunization

AFP - Acute Flaccid Paralysis ACO - Assistant Clinical Officer

BHU - Basic Health Units
BSC - Blood Slide Collection
BCG - Bacili Callmal Gurrina
BHW - Basic Health Worker
BV - Bacterial Vaginalis

CPR - Contraceptive Prevalence Rate

CBR - Community Based Rehabilitation programme

CDD - Control of Diarrhoeal Diseases

COPD - Corpulmonary Disease DMO - District Medical Officer

DHSO - District Health Supervisory Officer
DPT - Diphtheria, Pertussis and Tetanus
DMPA - Depomedroxyprogesterone acetate
DOTS - Direct Observation Treatment Services
ECCD - Early Child Care & Development

ENT - Ear. Nose and Throat

EPI - Expanded Programme on Immunization

EmOC - Emergency Obstretric Care

FYP - Five Year Plan

GNM - General Nurse Midwife GDMO- General Duty Medical Officer

HA - Health Assistant

HIU Health Information Unit

HMIS - Health Management Information System

HFA - Health For All

HIV - Human Immuno Virus

HPV - Human Papilloma Virus infection

HERM- Health Equipment Repair and Maintenance

HSIL - High grade squamous intraepithelial lesion CH-II, CNIII ca-in-situ

IDD - Iodine Deficiency Diseases

IECH - Information, Education and Communication for Health

IMCI - Integrated Management of Childhood Illness

IMR - Infant Mortality Rate

ITMS - Indigenous Traditional Medicine Services

IUD - Intrauterine Device

ITBN - Insecticide Treated Bed Net

IRS - Indoor Residual Spray

JDW NRH - Jigme Dorji Wangchuck National Referral Hospital LSIL - Low grade squamous intraepithelial/koilocytosis CIN-I

MCH - Maternal and Child Health

MDT - Multi Drug Therapy

MOHE - Ministry of Health and Education

MMR - Matrenal Mortality Ratio MTP - Medium Term Plan

NMEP - National Malaria Eradication Programme
 NMCP - National Malaria Control Programme
 NIFH - National Institute of Family Health

NID - National Immunization Days

NTCP - National Tuberculosis Control Programme

OCP - Oral Contraceptive
ORC - Outreach Clinics

ORT - Oral Rehydration Therapy
OPD - Outpatient Department
OPV - Oral Polio Vaccine
PHD - Public Health Division
PHC - Primary Health Care

PNC - Post-natal Clinic

PPH - Postpartum Haemorrhage
PUS - Peptic Ulcer Syndrome
PUO - Pyrexia of Unknown Origin
PTT - Physiotherapy Technician
PPH - Post-partum Haemorrhage
PPD - Policy and Planning Division

RIHS - Royal Institute of Health Sciences
RHU - Reproductive Health Unit

RHU - Reproductive Health Unit RDT - Rapid Diagnostic Test

RBM - Roll Back Malaria initiative
SNID - Sub-national Immunization Days
STD - Sexually Transmitted Diseases

STP - Short Term Plan

STI - Sexually Transmitted Infection

SPR - Slide Positivity Rate
TT - Tetanus Toxoid

TPF - Total Plasmodium Falciparum

TV - Trichomonas Vaginalis VHW - Village Health Worker

VCT - Voluntary counseling & testing

VO - Vasectomy Operation